



*Moderated by Beth Malcolm and James Plummer
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COMMISSIONER PANEL STATE REVOLVING FUNDS

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CT Commissioner
CT DEEP

Steve McCurdy
MA Commissioner
Woodard & Curran

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Drinking Water and
Groundwater Bureau
Administrator
NH DES

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NYS Environmental
Facilities Corporation



STATE REVOLVING FUNDS

Flexibility for States to determine loan structures and terms, and project prioritization criteria



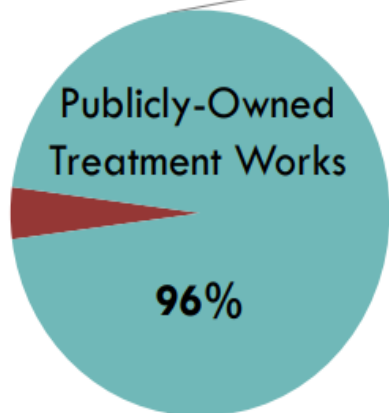
CLEAN WATER SRF (EST. 1987)

- 11 Eligible Project Categories:
 - Constructing Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW)
 - Nonpoint Source
 - National Estuary Program Projects
 - Decentralized Systems
 - Stormwater
 - Reducing the Demand for POTW Capacity through Water Conservation, Efficiency, and Reuse
 - Watershed Pilot Projects
 - Energy Efficiency
 - Reusing or Recycling Wastewater, Stormwater, or Subsurface Drainage Water
 - Security Measures at POTWs
 - Technical Assistance

Overview of CWSRF Eligibilities, EPA 2016

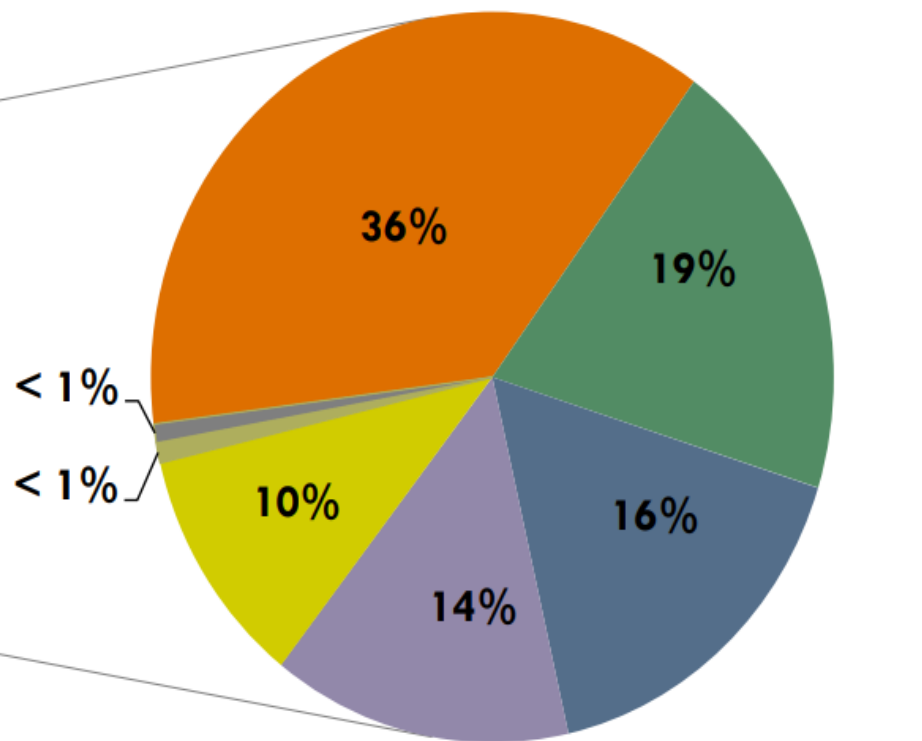


Nonpoint &
Estuary 4%



Total: \$105.4 Billion
NPS & Estuary: \$4.3 Billion

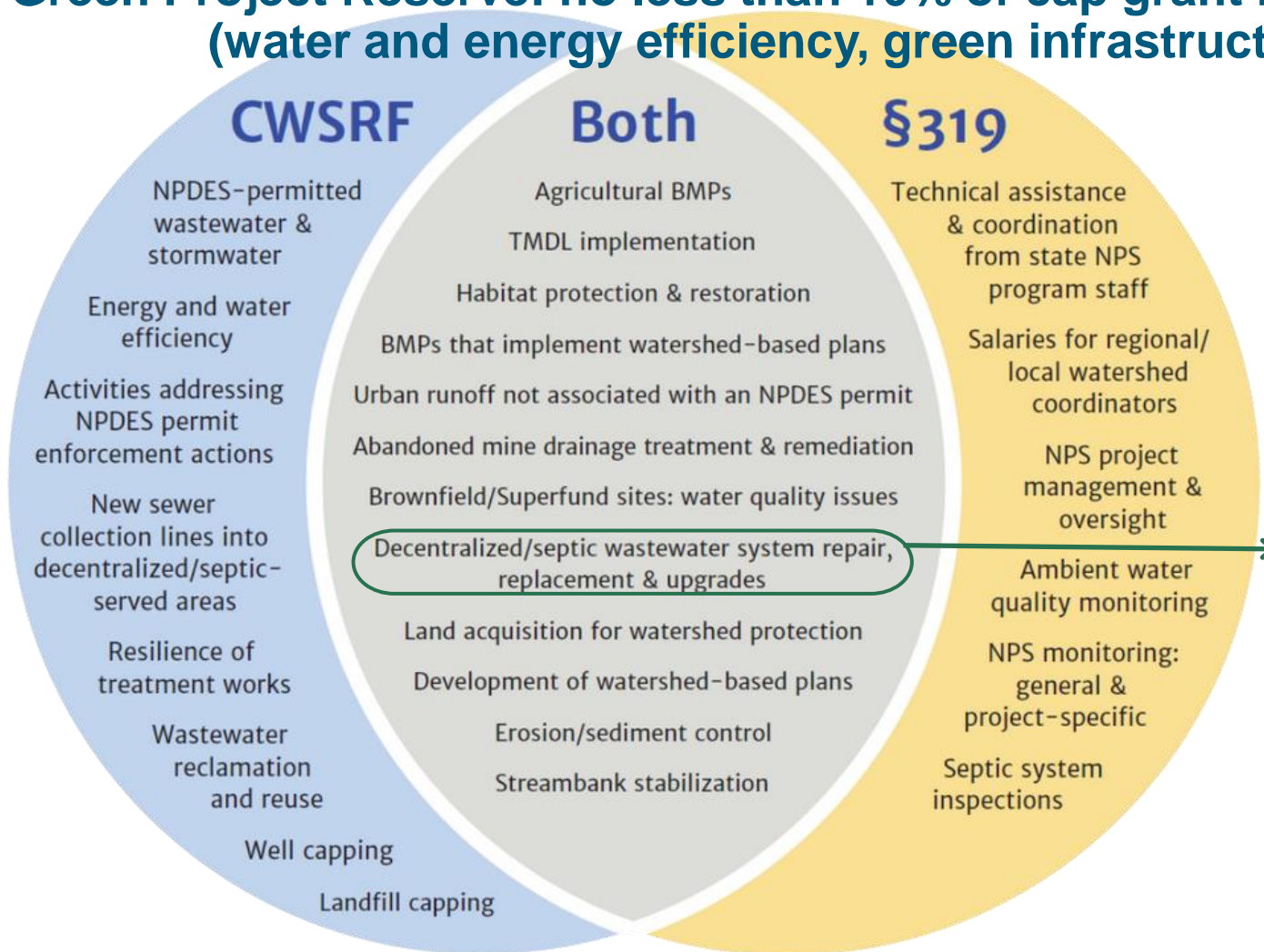
POTW
\$101.1 Billion



- Secondary Treatment (\$37.5 Billion)
- Advanced Treatment (\$20.1 Billion)
- New Sewers (\$16.7 Billion)
- Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) Correction (\$14.3 Billion)
- Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) Correction (\$10.8 Billion)
- Stormwater (\$0.9 Billion)
- Recycled Water (\$0.8 Billion)

CWSRF NONTRADITIONAL ELIGIBILITIES

Green Project Reserve: no less than 10% of cap grant for green projects (water and energy efficiency, green infrastructure, etc.)



EPA Guide



DRINKING WATER SRF (EST. 1996)

- Entities:
 - Publicly- or privately-owned community water systems
 - Non-profit non-community water systems (e.g., school)
 - New community systems to replace failing systems
- Projects:
 - Treatment
 - Transmission/Distribution
 - Source
 - Storage
 - Consolidation
 - Creation of new systems



DWSRF SET-ASIDES

States can **set-aside** ~30% of cap. grant

- 2% for technical assistance to small systems (<10K)
- 10% for state program management
 - Operator certification program implementation
 - Capacity development strategizing
 - Source water technical assistance
 - Administer Public Water Supply Supervision (PWSS)
- 15% for local assistance
 - Land acquisition/easements for source water protection
 - Source area delineation
 - Establishment of wellhead protection programs

DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY OPPORTUNITIES

- Additional subsidization:
 - Principal forgiveness
 - Negative interest loans
 - Grants
- Eligibility:
 - Addresses affordability issues
 - Addresses water or energy efficiency goals
 - Mitigates stormwater runoff
 - Encourages sustainable project planning, design, and construction

CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING (CDS)

What is it?

How does it affect SRFs?

CDS = EARMARKS

- “Community Project Funding” (for-profit entities are ineligible)
- Revived in FY22 following 11-year moratorium
- Pre-moratorium: separate appropriation
- Now: drawn directly from SRF capitalization grant pool

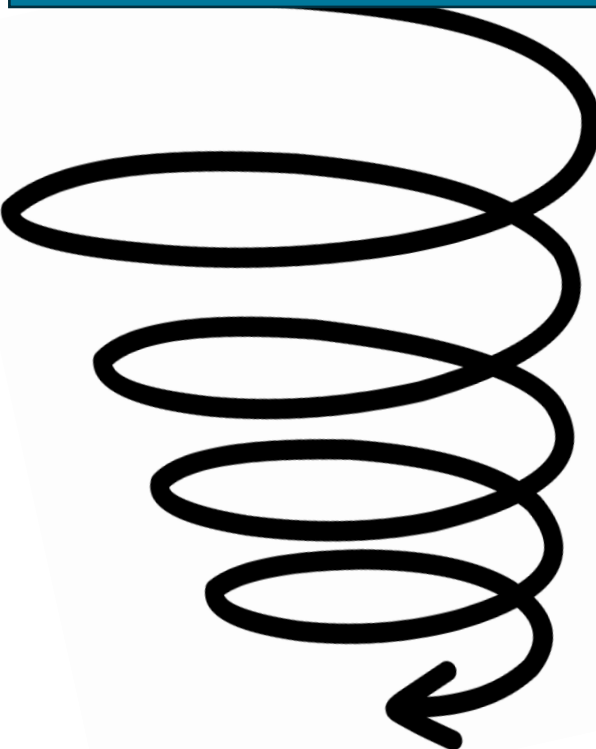
Earmarks defined by the Clerk of the House of Representatives as “a provision or report language included primarily at the request of a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, or Senator providing, authorizing or recommending a specific amount of discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority, or other expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to a specific State, locality or Congressional district, other than through a statutory or administrative formula-driven or competitive award process.”

In three years...

SRFs

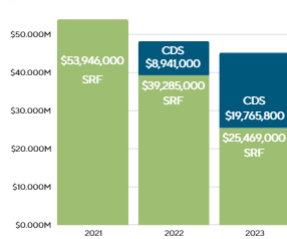
\$3.73B

CDS

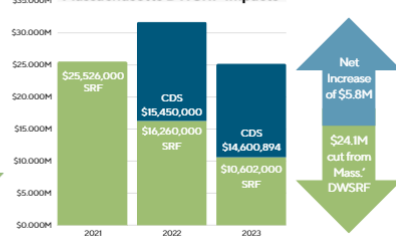


**36 States have experienced
a net loss of federal funding
for clean water and/or
drinking water projects**

Massachusetts CWSRF Impacts



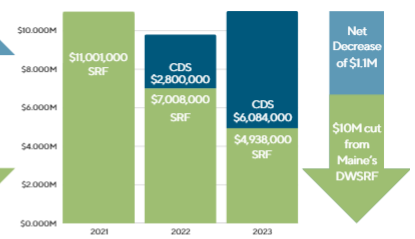
Massachusetts DWSRF Impacts



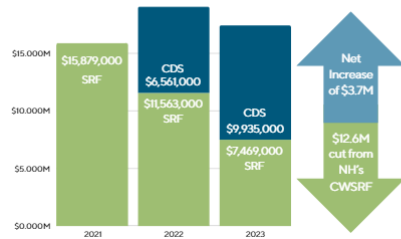
Maine CWSRF Impacts



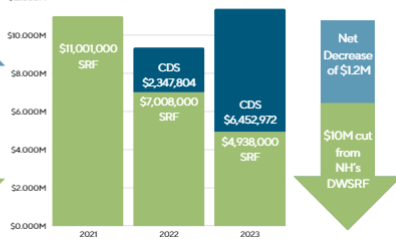
Maine DWSRF Impacts



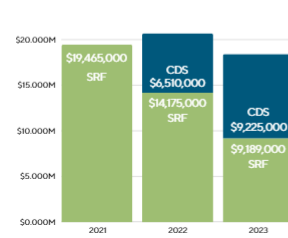
New Hampshire CWSRF Impacts



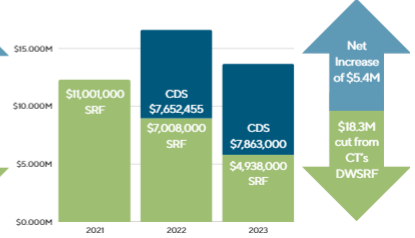
New Hampshire DWSRF Impacts



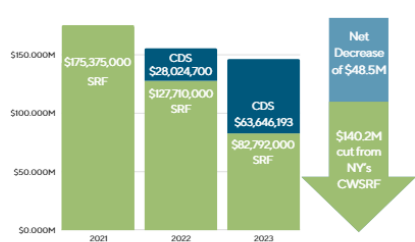
Connecticut CWSRF Impacts



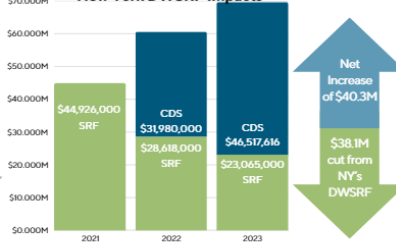
Connecticut DWSRF Impacts



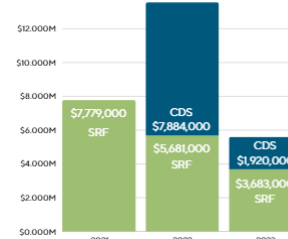
New York CWSRF Impacts



New York DWSRF Impacts



Vermont CWSRF Impacts



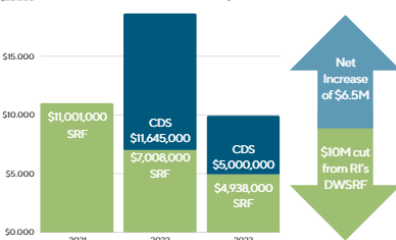
Vermont DWSRF Impacts



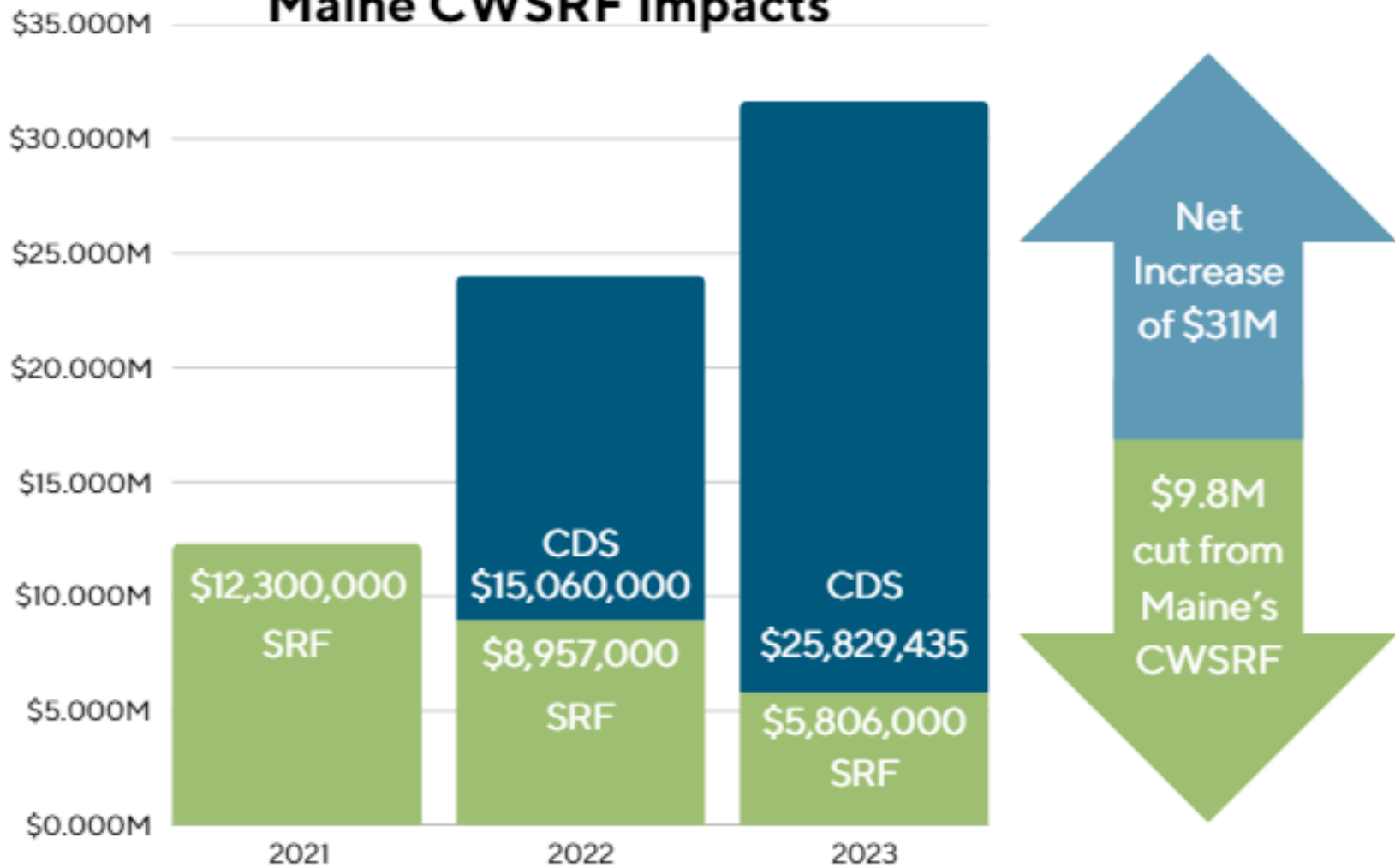
Rhode Island CWSRF Impacts



Rhode Island DWSRF Impacts



Maine CWSRF Impacts



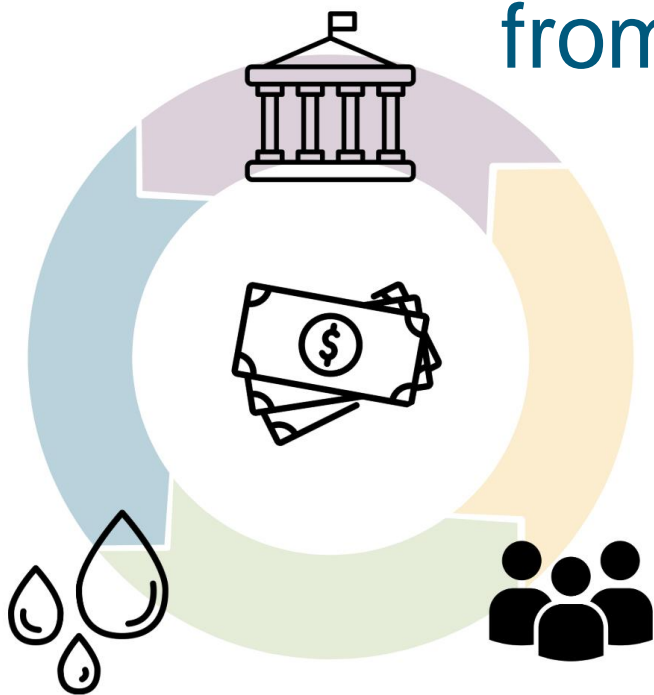
NEIWPCC ACTIONS

- Annual participation in the Water Policy Fly-In
- Involvement in Government Affairs Committees
- Letters to educate Congressional delegation
- Pledged with Save the SRFs
- Encourage dialogue between member states



How is Congressionally Directed Spending (CDS) impacting your state?

Do you have concerns about impacts from other federal actions?



What are your SRF project priorities?

What innovative funding mechanisms are being implemented in your state?





Any questions or ideas for each other?
Anything you'd like to circle back to?

What questions do NEIWPC staff have for our panelists?





MILESTONES

2025 All Staff Meeting



35 YEARS

Susan Sullivan

