

UST Removal Time: A Look Inside Aging Tanks

Strategies for Inspecting, Managing,
Upgrading, and Replacing UST's



Brad Hoffman

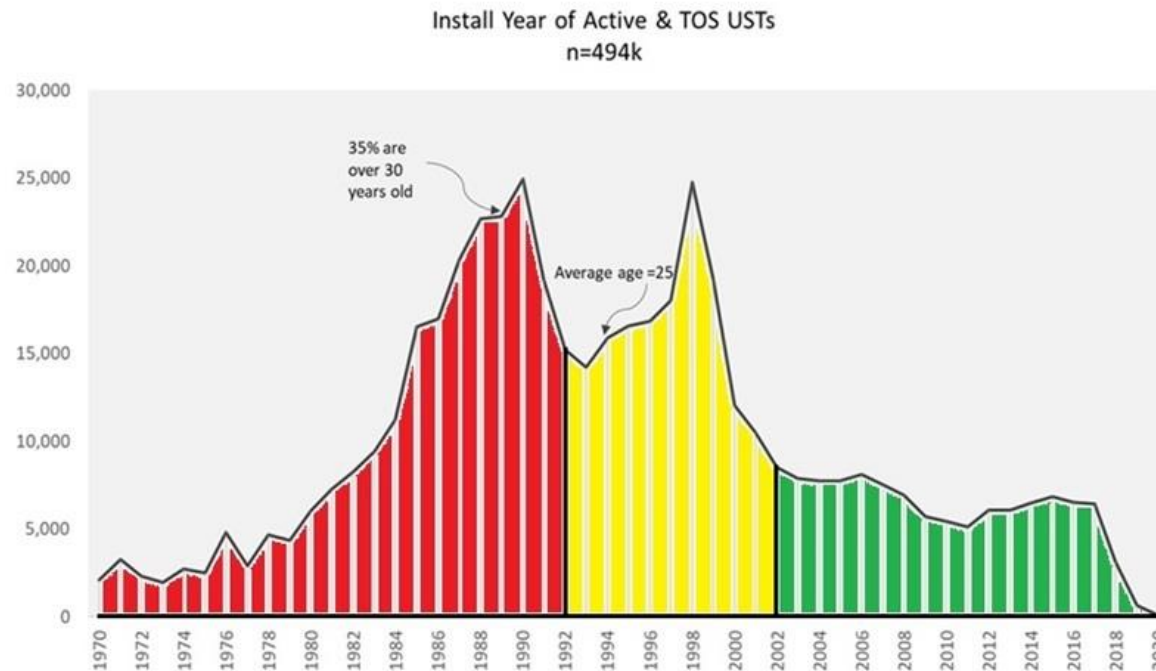
Pittsburgh, PA
September 14, 2022

**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Overview

- About 3/4 of UST's will be over 30 years old this decade
 - Not just the tanks, but related piping & equipment
- Risk Management – more than just compliance
- Internal Video Inspections will show problems & causes.



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Things to Consider...

- How long should a tank system last?
 - Until the warranty expires?
 - 30 years? Longer? Until it leaks?
- Why do some tanks fail and others seem unaffected?
- When to repair or replace a tank?
 - Before or after they fail?
- Supply chain issues: Are tanks & parts available?
 - Can't replace everything right now
- Is **Compliance** good enough?
 - What about a Risk Management program?



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Risk Management of UST's

- Evaluate risk factors for specific installations
 - Site risk factors
 - Equipment risk factors
 - Piping, Sumps, UDC's, ATG's
 - Steel UST's
 - Fiberglass UST's
- Establish risk management practices
 - Frequency/Type of leak detection
 - Frequency/Type of inspections & maintenance
 - Removal/Replacement/Upgrading schedules

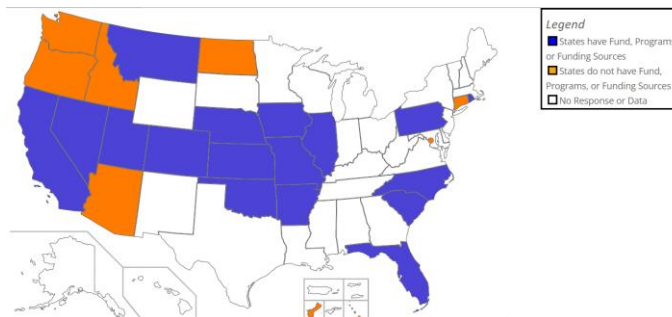


**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Site Risk Factors

- Sensitive Receptor Survey
- Construction activities at site
- Groundwater conditions (& flooding)
- Change in product storage and compatibility
- Throughput volume
- State Cleanup Fund

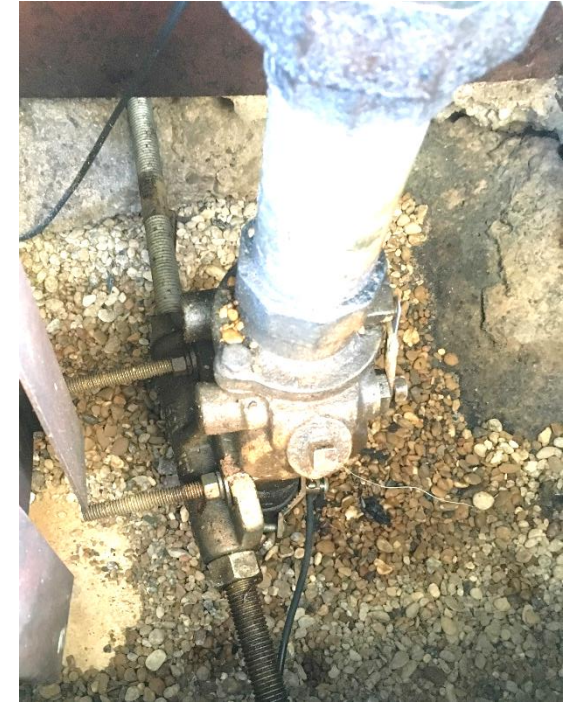
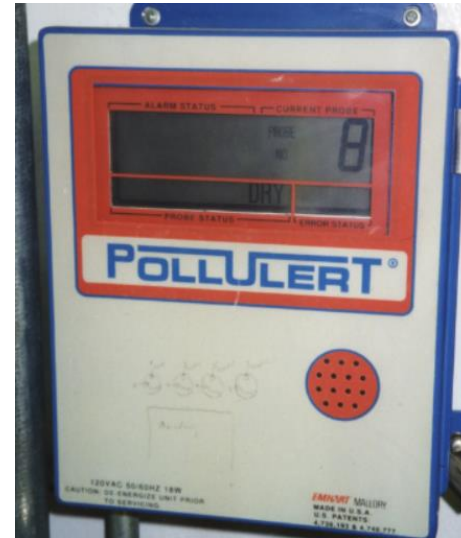


**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Risk Assessment – Equipment: Not Just Tanks

- Piping: SW vs DW
- STP's: Inside sumps or “buried in the dirt”
- Dispensers: UDC's or no containment
- Overfill Prevention: Current technology?
- Leak Detection: Current technology?



**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Risk Assessment - Tanks

Steel

- Make/Model/Age
- Type of Corrosion Protection
- C.P. systems records/history
- Tank Maintenance (STI R-111)
- Experience with similar UST's



Fiberglass

- Make/Model/Age
- Installation Checklist
- Warranty (UL Listing)
- Product Compatibility
- Experience with similar UST's





Possible Steel Tank Issues

- External corrosion
 - If C.P. systems not maintained
 - Or problem with coating/jacket
- Internal corrosion
 - Worse with ULSD but can happen with other fuels
 - Usually involves water issues (or high moisture/humidity)
 - Often with dirty tanks that haven't kept clean
- May form pinholes or cracks along welds
- Product in normally dry interstice
- Ingress of groundwater
- Leak of product



These issues impact a small percentage of tanks.
Many old tanks are still in good shape!

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Water Ingress – Steel Tank - ULSD



Water Ingress
Investigation

TankCleanTM
from Tanknology





Water Ingress – Steel Tank - Regular



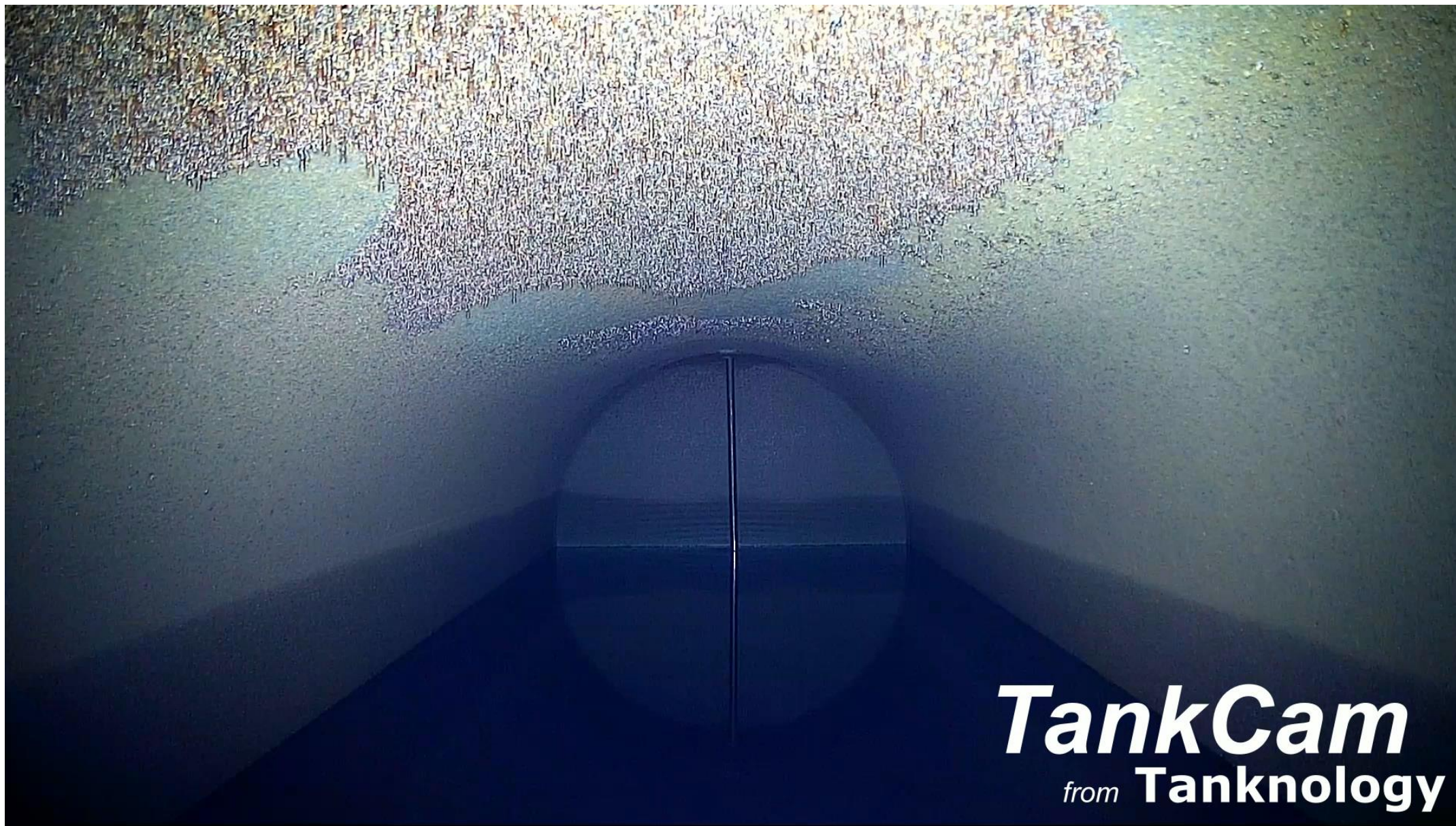
Water Ingress
Investigation

TankCam
from Tanknology

VA



Corrosion Tubercles in Steel Tank



TankCam
from Tanknology



Water Ingress – Steel Tank – Diesel



Water Ingress
Investigation

TankCam
from Tanknology

VA



Drips & Ingress – Steel Tank



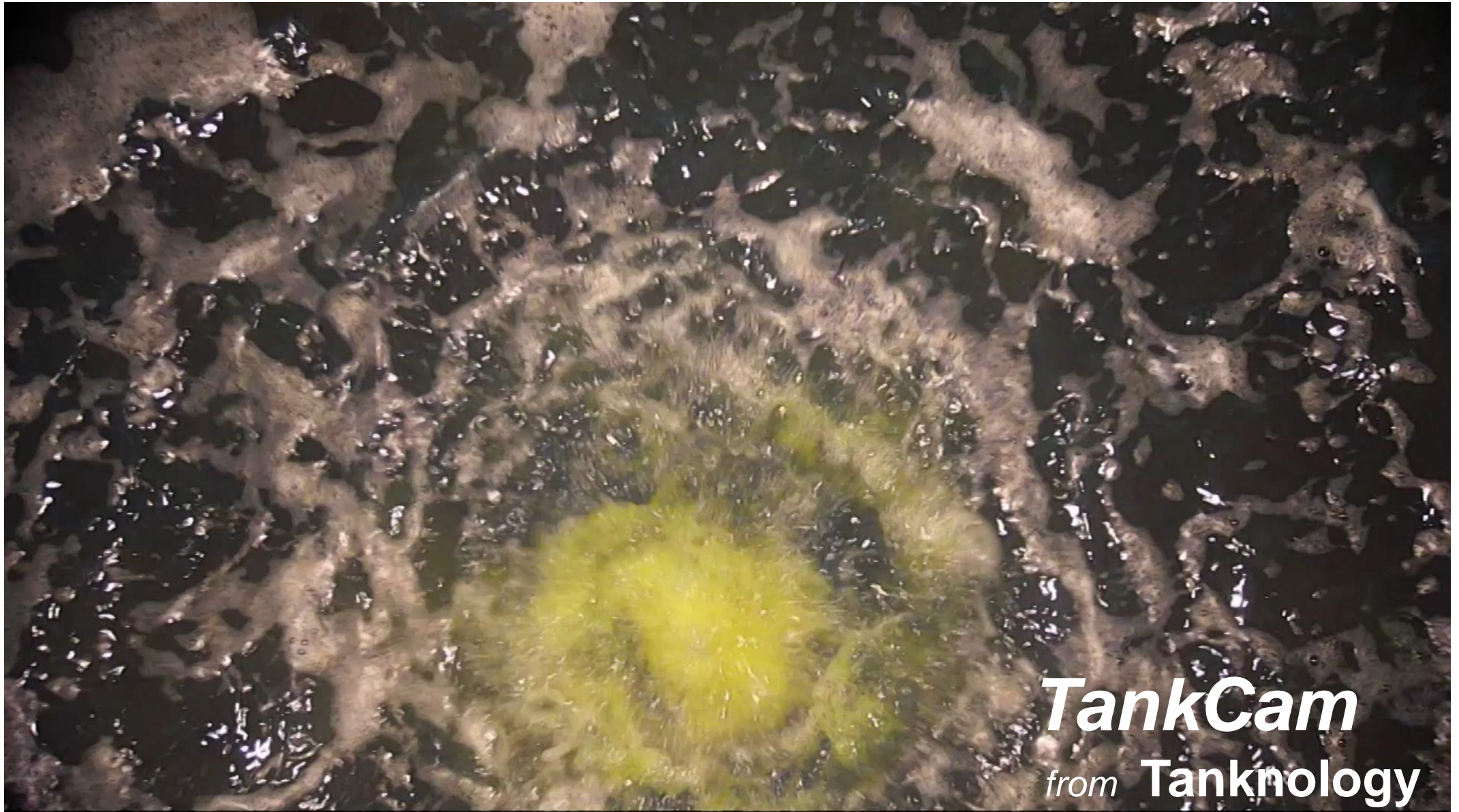
Water Ingress Investigation

TankCam
from Tanknology





Hole/Leak in Steel Tank – Tank Test & Video



TankCam
from Tanknology

TX



Failed Lining in Steel Tank

ZOOM

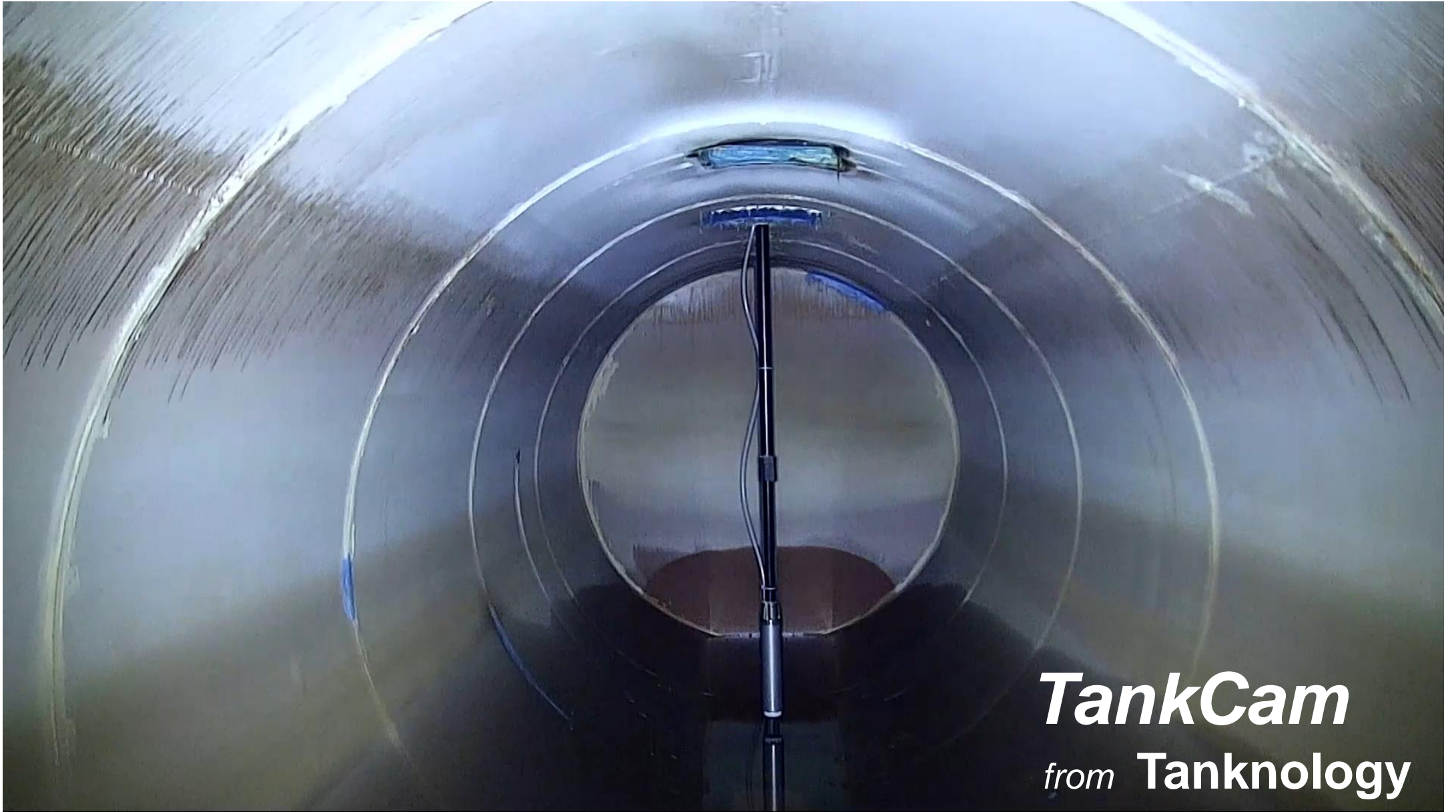


TankCam
from Tanknology

NC



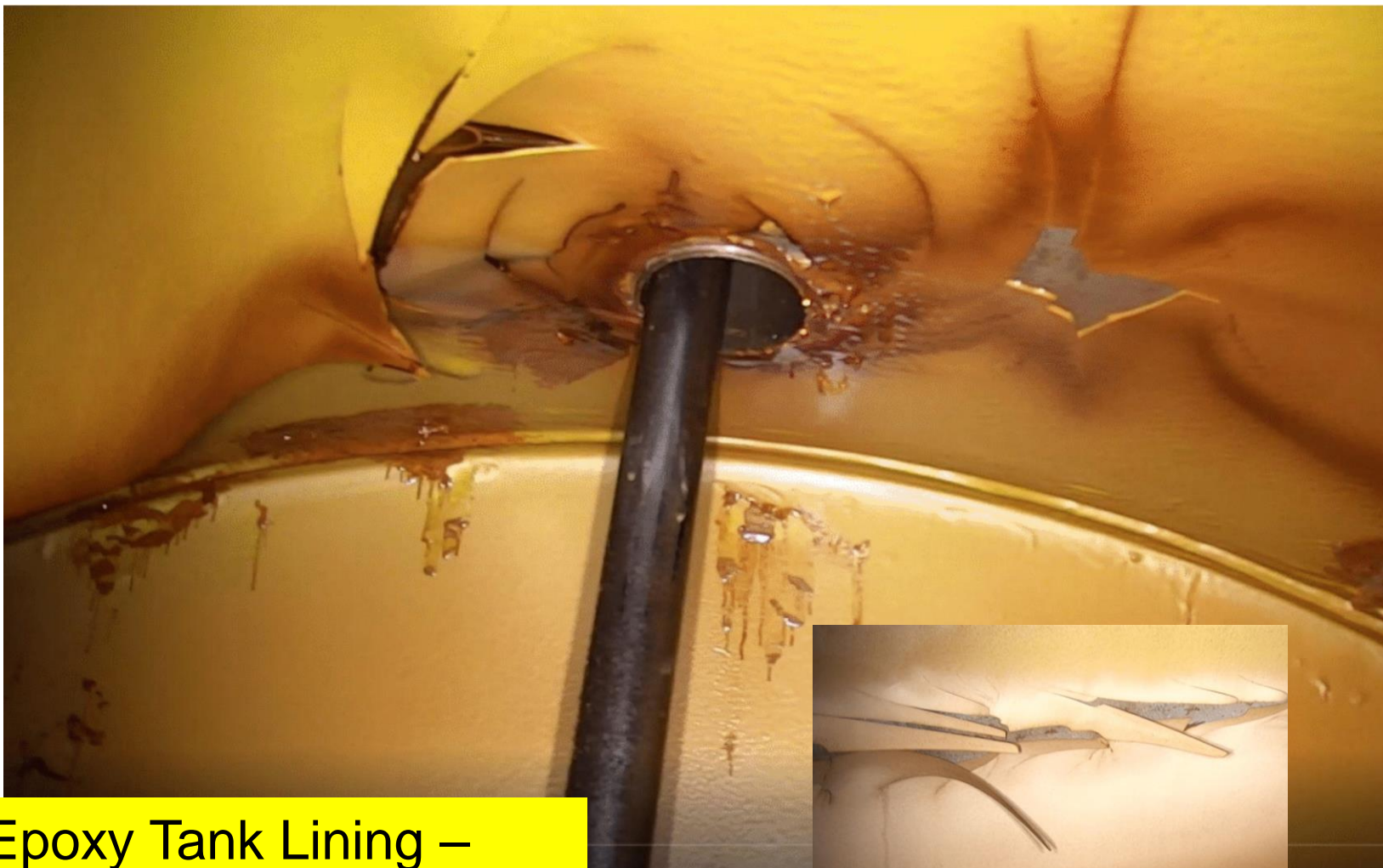
Failed Lining in Steel Tank



TankCam
from Tanknology



Failed Lining in Steel Tank



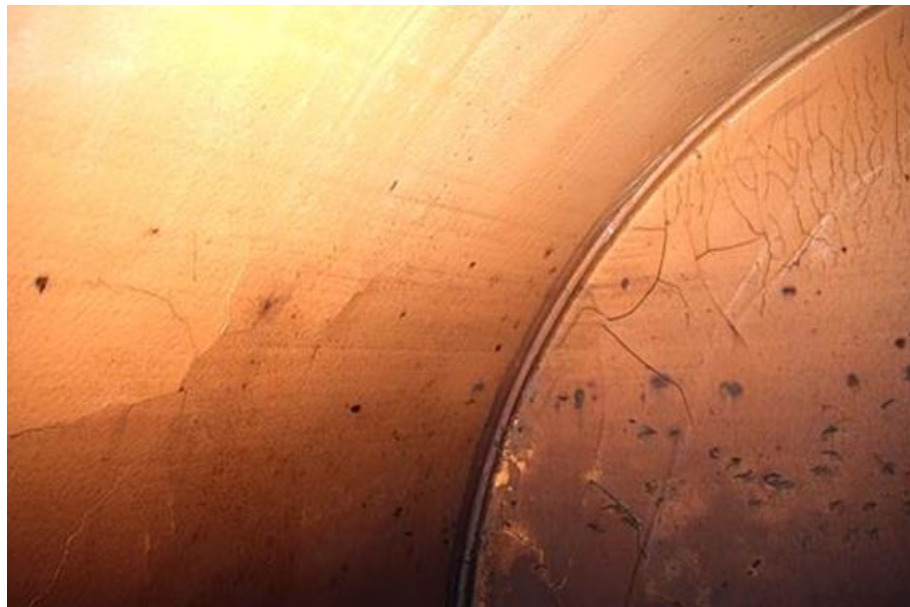
Epoxy Tank Lining –
Cracked and Peeled

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM

VA



Failed Lining in Steel Tank



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM





Pitting Holes in DW Steel Tank - Diesel

Product found
in interstitial

Appears to be
microbially
induced
corrosion
(MIC)

*TankClean*TM
from Tanknology

TX



DW Steel Tank – Interstitial Pipe





DW Steel Tank – Diesel in Interstice



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM

NH



Epoxy Repair at Steel Tank Interstitial



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



DW Steel Tank Interstitial Riser – Clean/Dry



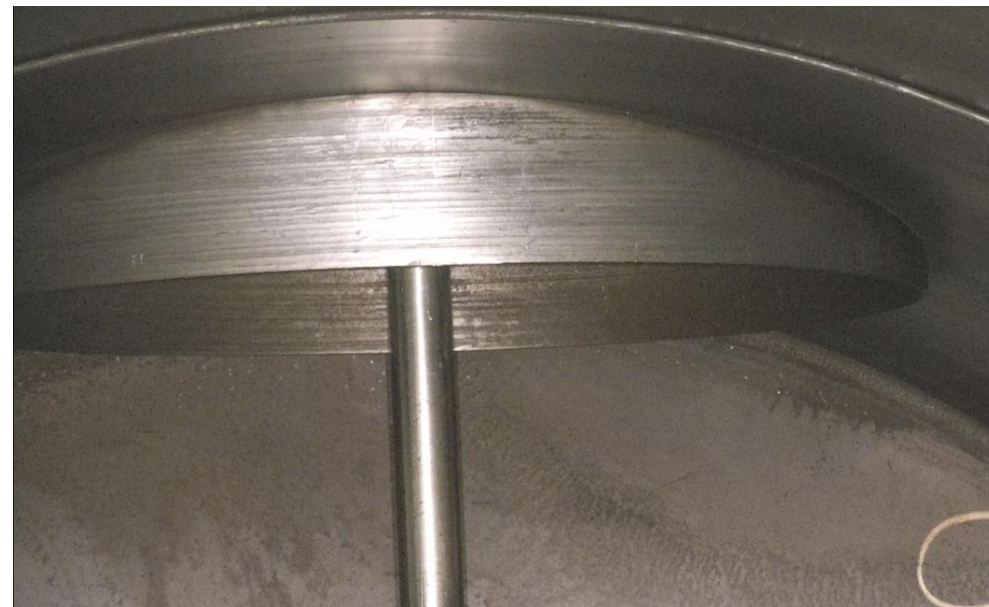
**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Steel Tank with ULSD & NO water

No Water

No Problems

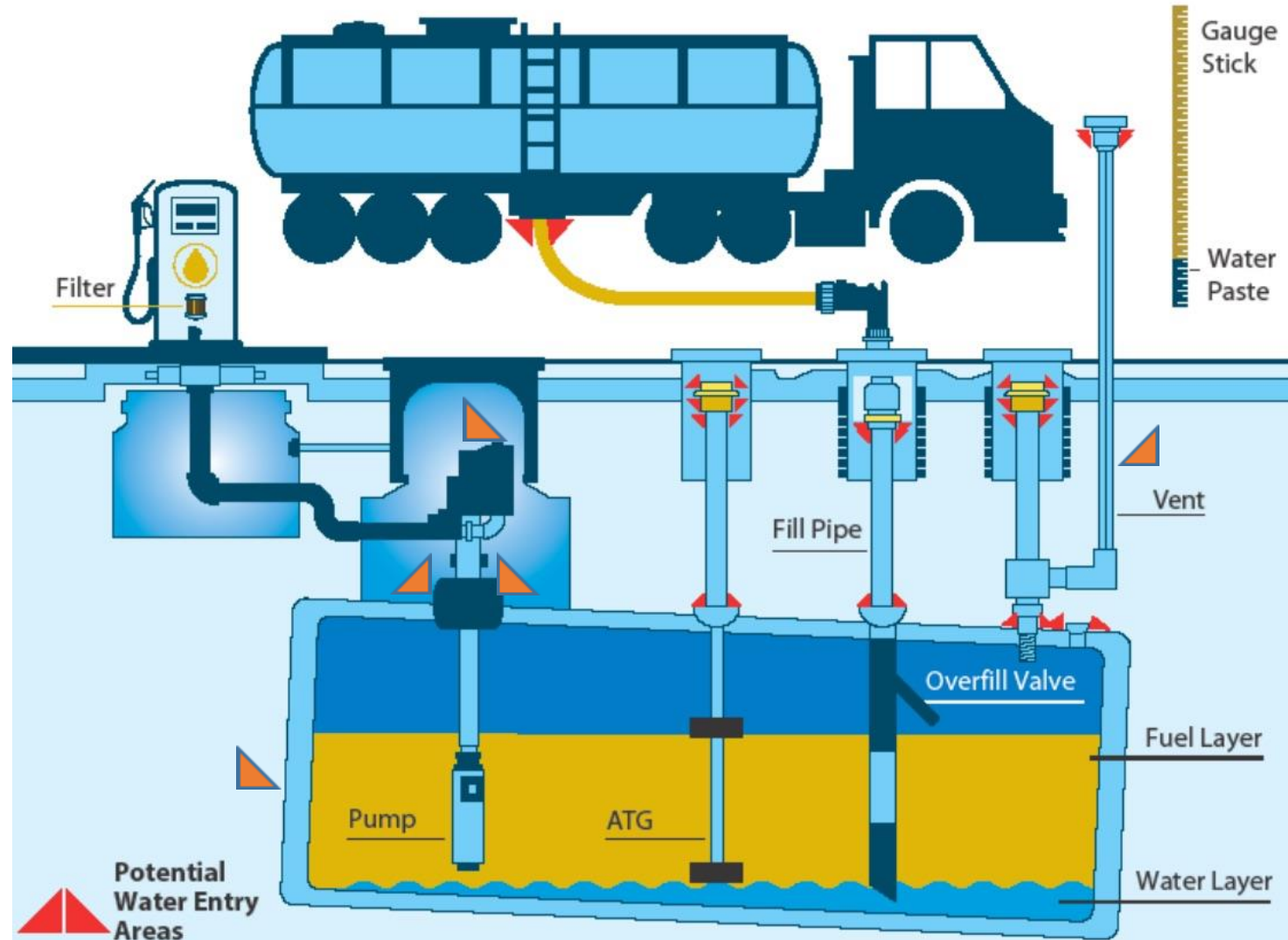


PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



STI Guidance: Keeping Water Out of Tanks

Water entry points in your fuel storage tank system



Other Potential Water Entry Points

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Possible Fiberglass Tank Issues

- Deflection and/or flattening of tank bottom
- Degradation of tank interior and gel coat
- Crack formation – often along rib lines
 - Usually associated with “older” tanks and ethanol blends
- Leak of product into hollow rib space
- Product in normally dry interstice
- Loss of brine from interstice
- Ingress of groundwater
- Leak of product into ground



These issues impact a small percentage of tanks.
Many old tanks are still in good shape!

**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Wrinkle, Crack & Leak – FRP Tank

Premium Tank.
VacuTect test
would not hold
vacuum for more
than a minute.
Had 17" product
during test & loud
bubble signature.



TankCam
from **Tanknology**

TX



Flaking in FRP Tank



TankCam
from Tanknology

NM



Blistering/Flaking in FRP



Flakes & chips floating on the cloudy yellow "liquid"

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Crack at Bulkhead & Ingress – FRP Tank

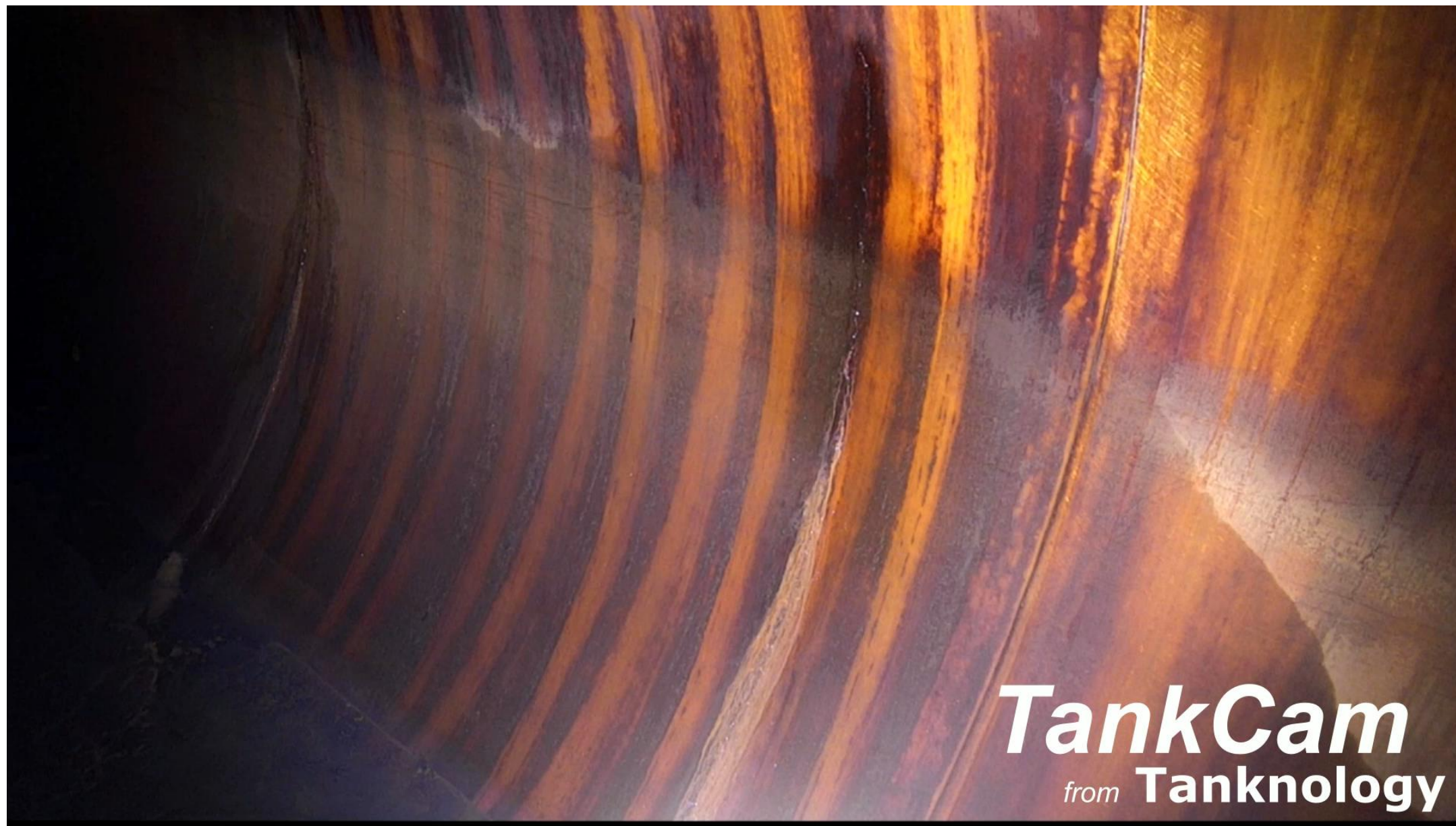


TankCam
from Tanknology

IN



Multiple Cracks & Ingresses FRP Tank



TankCam
from Tanknology

LA



Crack, Blisters, & Leak – FRP Tank



TankCam
from Tanknology

IN



Cracks in Two FRP Tanks at same site

Regular &
Premium

TankCam
from Tanknology

NV





Crack & Water Ingress – FRP

Most of the water accumulated at the bottom of tank but some may have mixed with E10 to form “phase separation”.



TankCam
from Tanknology

TX



Hole & Ingress – FRP Tank

Hole and water ingress.
No striker plate.
Diesel tank.

Tank Bottom covered with sludge prior to TankClean™

TankCam
from Tanknology



Star Cracks in FRP Tank



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM

KY



Cracked Manway – FRP Tank

Drips from along the crack



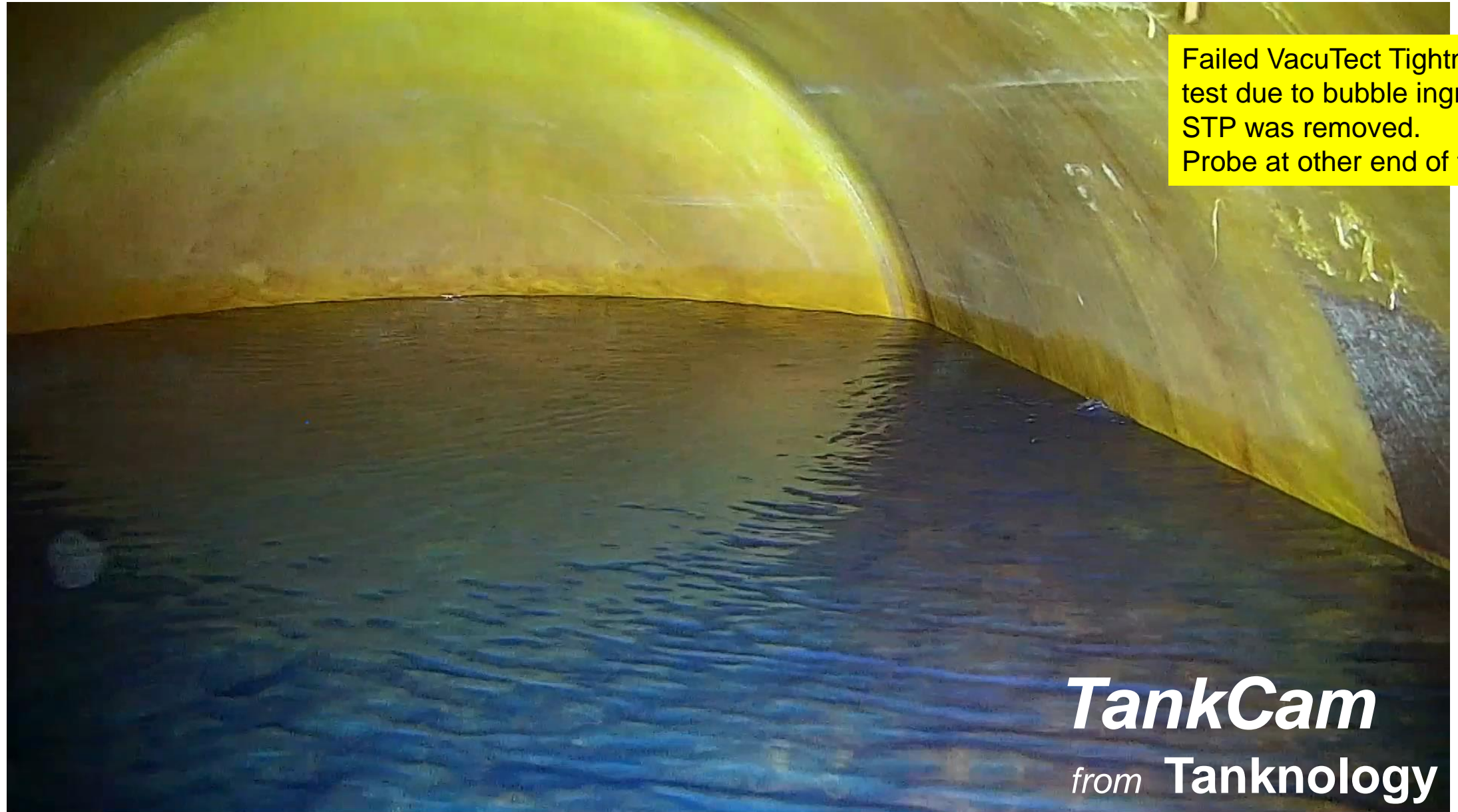
May be excess loading from improper manhole installation

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Crack/Leak in FRP Tank – Tank Test & Video

Failed VacuTect Tightness test due to bubble ingress. STP was removed. Probe at other end of tank.

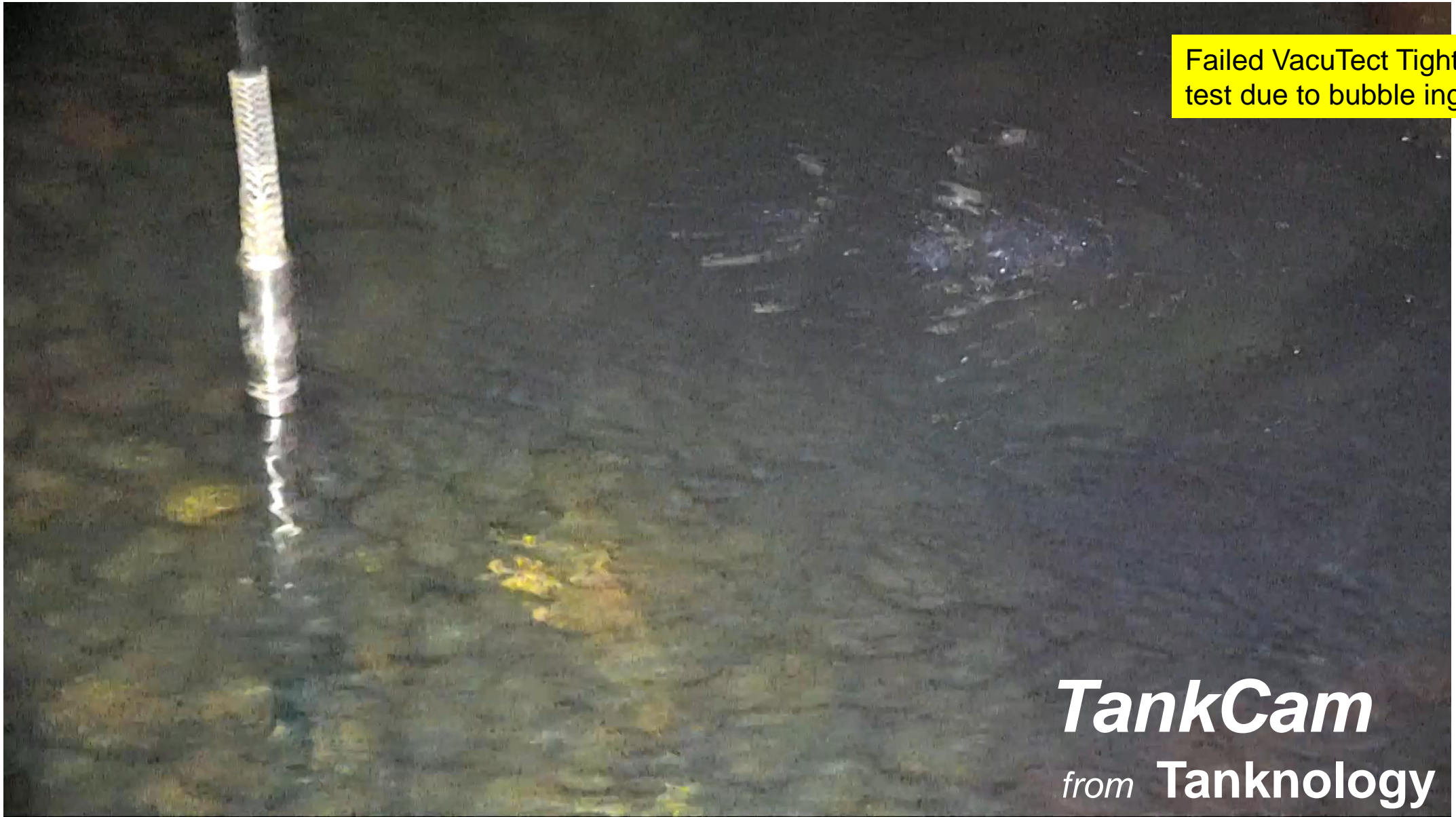


TankCam
from Tanknology

KY



Crack/Leak in FRP Tank – Tank Test & Video



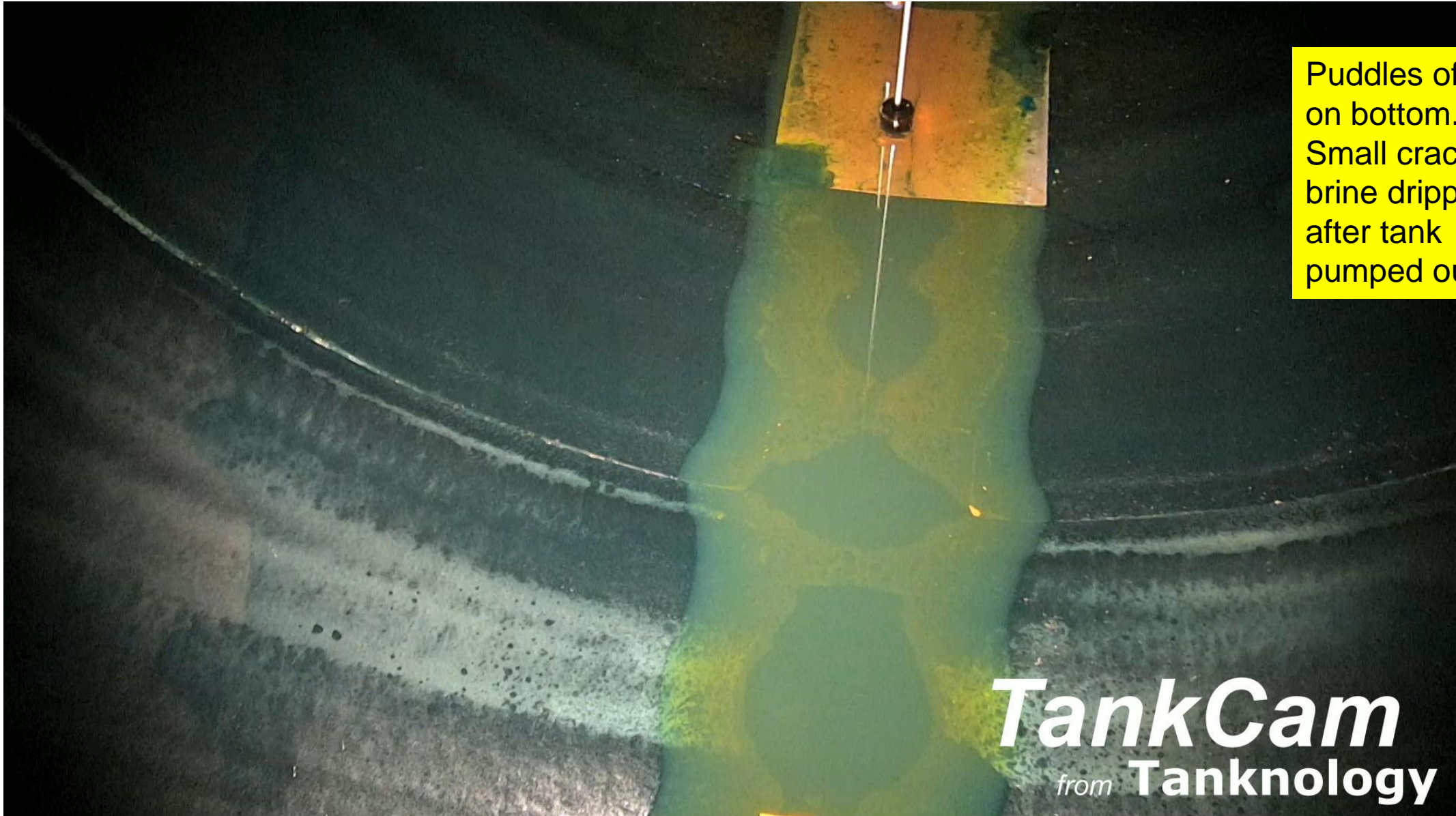
Failed VacuTect Tightness test due to bubble ingress.

TankCam
from Tanknology





Crack & Loss of Brine - DWF



Puddles of brine on bottom. Small crack and brine dripping – after tank pumped out.

TankCam
from Tanknology





Aging FRP Tanks: Gas vs DSL; Same Site

Gasoline tank has flaking, blisters, and cracks.



Diesel tank has none, just minor residue.



PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM

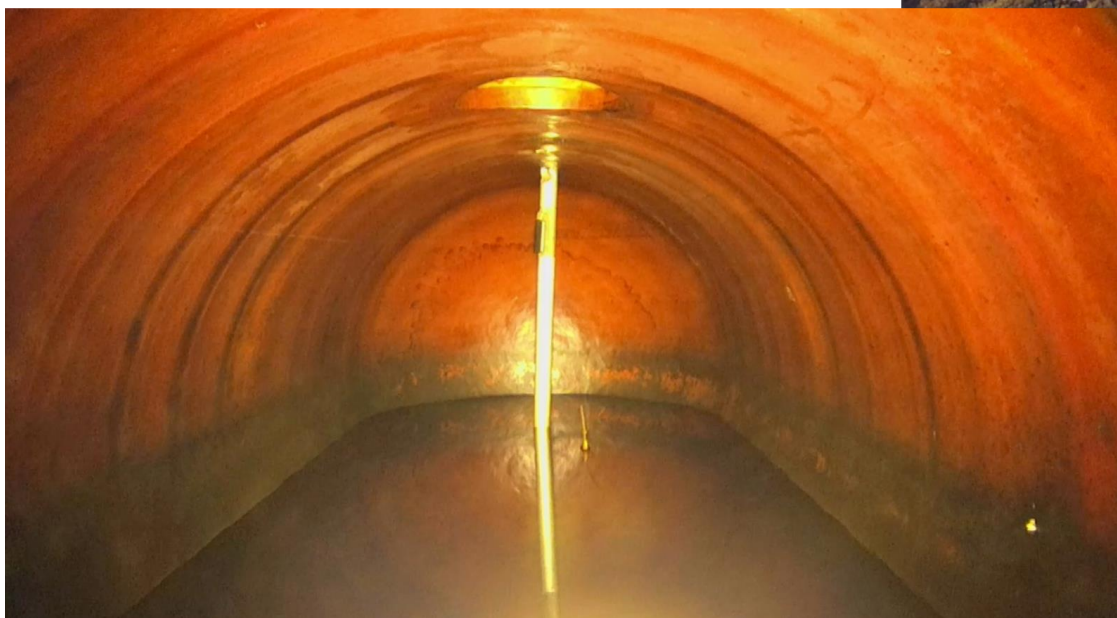
PA



Aging FRP Tanks: Gas vs DSL (2)

Gasoline tank (right) has flaking, blisters, and possible cracks.

Diesel tank (below) has none, just minor residue.



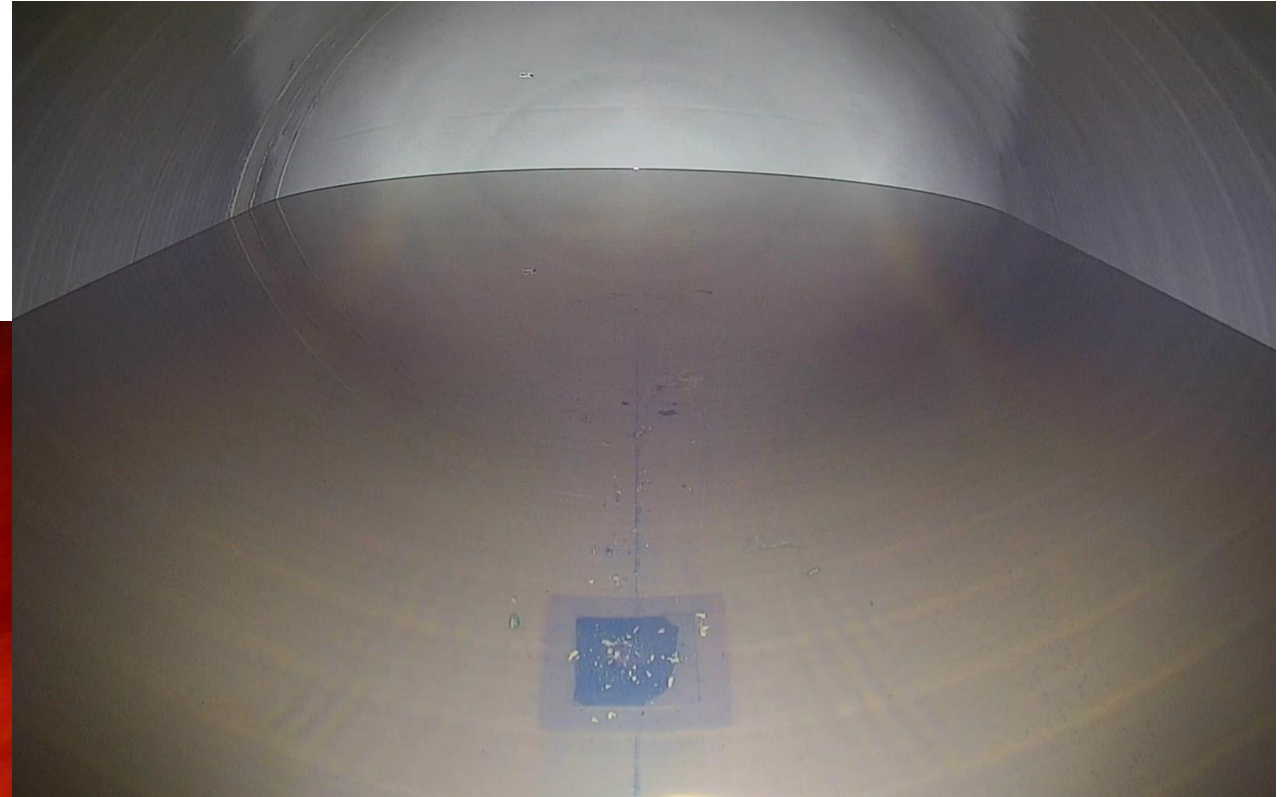
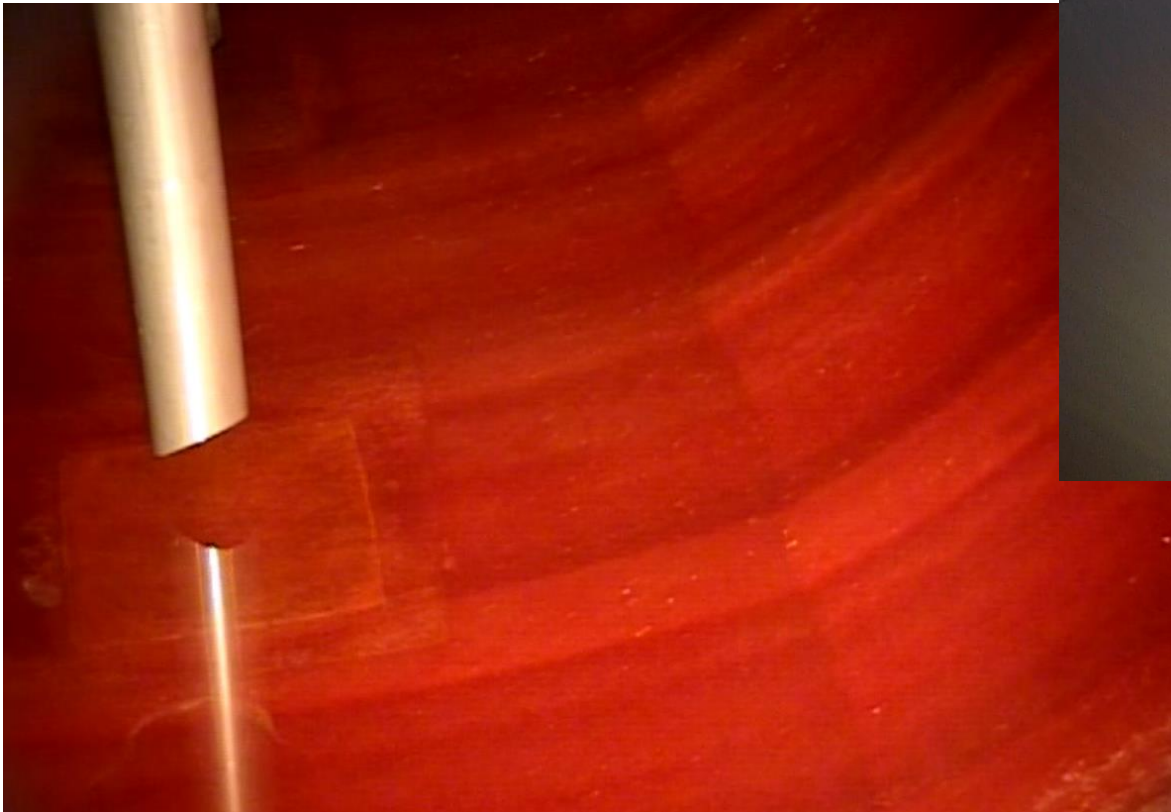
These were at the same location

PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM



Fiberglass Tanks – Good Condition

With good installation and storing compatible products, FRP tanks should last many years.



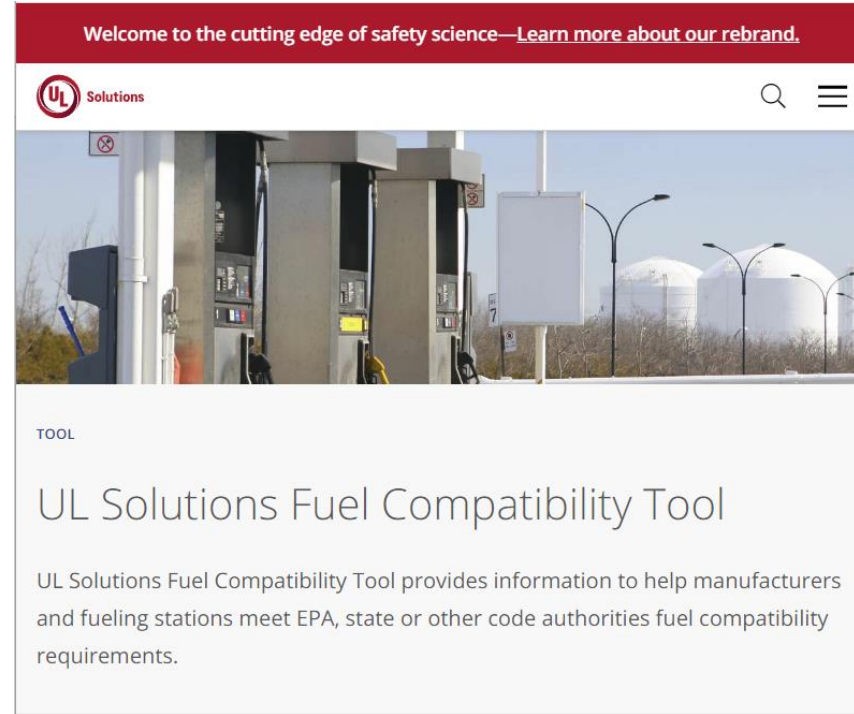
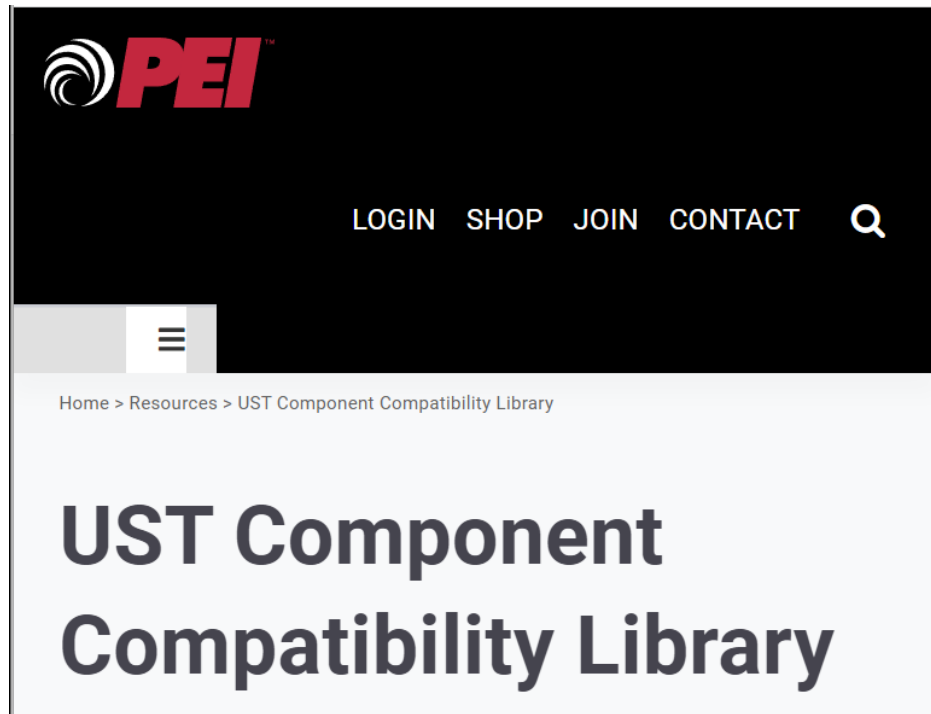
**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



UST Equipment Compatibility Resources

- PEI and UL resources

Other components matter – not just tanks!




**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Steel Tank Institute - Compatibility

- All ASTM fuels
 - E10 – E100
 - B2 – B100
- Keep it clean
 - STI R111



www.Highlandtank.com Celebrating 65 Years of Experience

To whom it may concern:

This letter applies to all makes and models of steel tanks manufactured in any time period, including all:

- Single-wall
- Double-wall
- Titan tanks®
- Sti-P3®
- ACT-100®
- ACT-100-U®
- Highguard
- Non-UL storage vessels

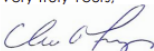
All steel tanks are compatible and suitable for use with all fuel blends meeting ASTM standards, including ethanol blends from E10 to E100. All tanks are also compatible with blends of biodiesel, from B2 to B100. Testing has been done proving compatibility with these sources including Oak Ridge National Lab (supported by DOE in collaboration with Underhill Renewable Energy Laboratories; Southwest Research Institute; Steel Tank Institute) and SwRI, DNV and access test reports and other information on biofuel compatibility, please go to the Steel Tank Institute website (<http://steeltank.com>).


As always, if switching product service, the tank system should be properly cleaned. See STI Recommended Practice, R111 "Storage Tank Maintenance" for further information.

If you have any questions about our products or services, please contact:

Todd Shearer
717-664-0600 OR
4535 Elizabethtown Road
Manheim, PA 17545

Thank you for your interest in Highland Tank.

Very Truly Yours,

Charles A. Frey, Jr.
Vice President



modern welding company
BOX 1450 • OWENSBORO, KENTUCKY 42302-1450
FABRICATORS OF METAL PRODUCTS
(270) 685-4400 • FAX (270) 684-6972

May 2, 2018

Bio Fuels Compatibility


Modern Welding Company, Inc., a trusted and experienced steel tank manufacturer for more than 85 years, asserts that this letter shall apply to all makes and models of steel tanks manufactured during any time period including all:

- GLASTEEL™ underground storage tanks
- GLASTEEL II™ underground storage tanks
- Single-wall underground storage tanks
- Double-wall underground storage tanks
- Sti-P3® underground storage tanks
- ACT-100® underground storage tanks
- ACT-100-U® underground storage tanks
- Non-UL storage vessels


All steel tanks are compatible and suitable for use with all fuel blends meeting ASTM standards, including ethanol blends from E10 to E100. All tanks are also compatible with blends of biodiesel, from B2 to B100. Testing has been done proving compatibility with these sources including Oak Ridge National Lab (supported by DOE in collaboration with Underhill Renewable Energy Laboratories; Southwest Research Institute; Steel Tank Institute) and SwRI, DNV and access test reports and other information on biofuel compatibility, please go to the Steel Tank Institute website ([www.steeltank.com](http://steeltank.com)).

Tank maintenance is a critical component in any fuel storage and dispensing system. As different product blends being introduced to the storage tank system, proper maintenance should be accomplished. This and other pertinent maintenance may be found in the Steel Tank Institute's Recommended Practice RP-R111, "Storage Tank Maintenance" and the Petroleum Equipment Institute's, RP900-17, Recommended Practices for the Maintenance of UST Systems.

Questions or comments you may have about our products or about this statement, please contact:

Sincerely,

Stephen L. Fort
V.P. Sales and Marketing
CORPORATE OFFICE: Owensboro, Kentucky (270) 685-4400

SUBSIDIARIES:



Steel Tank Institute
Steel Plate Fabricators Association

August 1, 2011

Re: Fuel Compatibility Statement

This letter applies to all makes and models of steel tanks manufactured in any time period, including all:

- single-wall steel tanks,
- double-wall steel tanks,
- sti-P3®,
- ACT-100®,
- ACT-100-U®,
- Permatank®, and
- Non-UL storage vessels

All steel tanks are suitable for use with all blends of fuels meeting ASTM standards, including ethanol blends from E10 to E100, including E15 and E85. All tanks are also suitable for use with all blends of biodiesel, from B2 to B100. Testing has been done proving compatibility of steel by several sources including Oak Ridge National Lab (supported by DOE in collaboration with UL and NREL), SwRI, DNV and STI (through Battelle). To access test reports and other information on biofuels, follow this link: [Biofuel data, information and links](#)

As always, if switching product service, the tank system should be properly cleaned. See STI Recommended Practice, R111 "Storage Tank Maintenance", for further information.

If you have any questions about our products or about this statement, please contact:

Lorri Grainawi
Director of Technical Services
Steel Tank Institute
847-550-3831
lgrainawi@steeltank.com




Fiberglass Tanks - Compatibility

Owens Corning

- SWF – E10 (up to 1994)
- DWF – E10 before July 1990
- DWF – E100 after July 1990

OWENS CORNING
ONE OWENS CORNING PARKWAY
TOLEDO, OHIO 43659
419.248.8000
www.owenscorning.com



To Whom It May Concern

RE: Fuel Storage Capability

Owens Corning manufactured and sold underground storage tanks between 1965 and 1994. The Company's fiberglass tank division was sold December 31, 1994. Owens Corning has not manufactured or sold tanks since that time.

With limited exceptions, Owens Corning fiberglass tanks were not warranted, tested for, or intended to store fuel with more than a 10% ethanol blend.


Single-Wall Tanks (SWT): No Owens Corning SWT was ever warranted or intended to store fuel with more than a 10% ethanol blend.

Double-Wall Tanks (DWT): Prior to July 1, 1990. With the exception of a small number of specially manufactured tanks, DWTs sold before July 1, 1990 were not warranted or intended to store fuel with more than a 10% ethanol blend.

After July 1, 1990. Owens Corning DWTs that were manufactured and sold between July 1, 1990 and December 31, 1994 were warranted for the storage of fuel with no limitation on ethanol content.

Containment Solutions

- All tanks up to E100
- From 1995 onward



August 1, 2011

Fuel Storage Compatibility

This letter applies to all fiberglass fuel storage products manufactured since the inception of Containment Solutions, Inc. (CSI) on 1/1/1995 including:

- Single-wall underground tanks
- Double-wall underground tanks
- Triple-wall underground tanks
- ReTank® (In situ double-wall tank upgrade)
- BTU® (Bio fuel Tank Upgrade for fluid compatibility)
- Single-wall tank sumps
- Double-wall tank sumps


CSI single, double, and triple wall tanks are listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., under UL Standard 1316 - Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Plastic Underground Storage Tanks for Petroleum Products, Alcohols, and Alcohol-Gasoline Mixtures.

All of the above Containment Solutions' products are compatible for use with the following fuels and fuel blends:

- Gasoline, jet fuel, aviation gasoline, motor oil (new or used), kerosene, diesel motor fuel
- Alcohol-gasoline blend motor fuels
 - Gasoline-ethanol blends with up to 100% ethanol
 - Gasoline-methanol blends with up to 100% methanol
- Biodiesel-diesel blends with up to 100% biodiesel (B100 per ASTM)
- Oxygenated motor fuels with up to 20% (by volume) methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE), ethyl tertiary butyl ether (ETBE), di-isopropyl ether (DIPE), tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA), tertiary amyl methyl ether (TAME), or tertiary amyl ethyl ether (TAAE)
- Diesel fuel oil

Xerxes

- SWF - Pre Feb. 1981: No ethanol
- SWF – Feb. 1981 – June 2005: E10
- SWF – After July 2005: E100
- DWF – Pre April 1990: E10
- DWF – After April 1990: E100



September 29, 2011

To Whom It May Concern:

The following summarizes the suitability of Xerxes' UL listed underground storage tanks for the storage of ethanol-blended fuels and biodiesel fuels:

Single-Wall Tanks

- Tanks manufactured prior to February 1981 were not designed for the storage of ethanol-blended fuel. Tanks are compatible with all ASTM biodiesel blends.
- Tanks manufactured from February 1981 through June 2005 are designed for the storage of ethanol fuel up to a 10% blend (E10), as well as all ASTM biodiesel blends.
- Tanks manufactured from July 2005 to date are designed for the storage of ethanol fuel blends up to 100% (E100), as well as all ASTM biodiesel blends.

Double-Wall Tanks

- Tanks manufactured prior to April 1990 were designed for the storage of ethanol fuel up to a 10% blend (E10), as well as all ASTM biodiesel blends.
- Tanks manufactured from April 1990 to date are designed for the storage of ethanol fuel blends up to 100% (E100), as well as all ASTM biodiesel blends.

Additionally, all storage tanks designed for storage of ethanol-blended fuel up to 100%, as noted above, are also UL listed under UL's Standard 1316 for the storage of ethanol fuel blends up to 100% (E100).



Common Sense Tips for Maintaining Tanks

1. Store products that are compatible with UST materials.
2. Maintain and monitor leak detection and C.P. systems.
3. Inspect and verify overfill and spill prevention.
4. Cycle product through tank regularly (or keep tanks full).
5. Check equipment for signs of corrosion or degradation.
6. Keep out water, sediment, debris, sludge, microbes.
7. “Enhanced” water monitoring.
8. Use tank cleaning and biocides if/when necessary.
9. Consider other options for extreme humidity.
10. Inspections for “at-risk” tanks or planning purposes.

**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**



Brad Hoffman

Bhoffman "At" Tanknology "Dot" com

**PUT THE
INDUSTRY
LEADER ON
YOUR TEAM**