AN OVERVIEW OF THE SITE CHARACTERIZATION AND LNAPL MASS REDUCTION

MEMPHIS SHELL LUST SITE

Presented by:

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ORIN Technologies, LLC

Client: Environmental Resource Group (ERG)

Wixom, MI





- Background
- Site
- Risk
- Solution
- Results



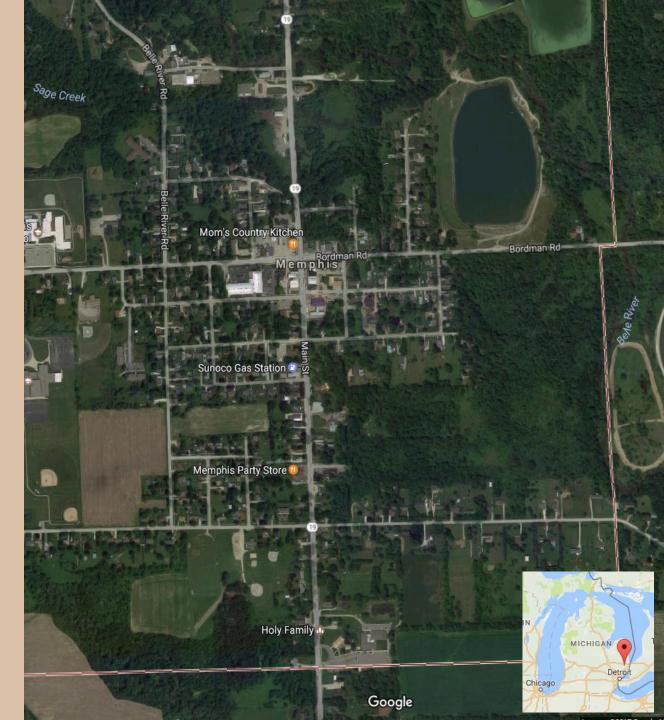
BACKGROUND

- Gasoline Station from 1970s to 2001
- Six USTs totaling approximately 20,000 gallons
- Gasoline, diesel, kerosene, used oil
- Three reported releases in 1998 1999
- Multiple investigations and monitoring from 1998 to present



GENERAL SITE SETTING

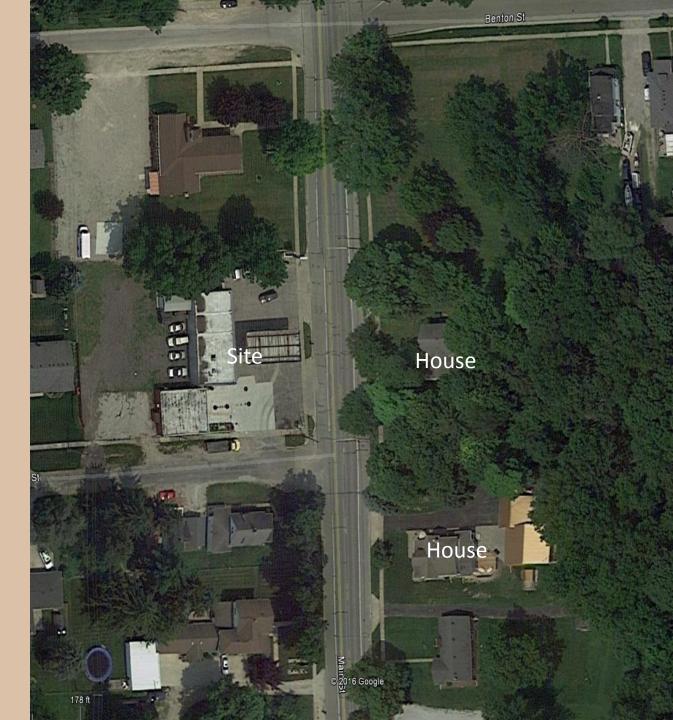
- Small town in northern Macomb County, MI
- Commercial and residential properties adjacent to Site
- Municipal water supply, but many private wells
- Nearby Belle River (1/2 mile)







- "Site" on west side of M-19 (Main Street)
- Former (and current) UST basin
- Residential dwellings, with basements, on east side of M-19
- Sparse residential and wooded land to east





PRIOR INVESTIGATIONS

- Initial Assessment Report 1998
 - 15 Monitoring wells (MW-1 thru MW-15 installed on and around Site and on east side of M-19
 - Groundwater at 42 feet bgs, flowing to east
 - Up to 3 feet of LNAPL in 4 of 15 MWs, migrating under M-19
- Additional Investigation 2000 2012
 - Periodic groundwater monitoring
 - LNAPL monitoring (Free Product Reports)



PRIOR REMEDIAL ACTIONS

- "Enhanced fluid recovery" (a vac truck) 1998 2000
 - ~8,000 gallons water/product recovered
- Manual bailing 2000 2004
 - Additional ~200 gallons recovered
- No soil remediation
- No groundwater remediation

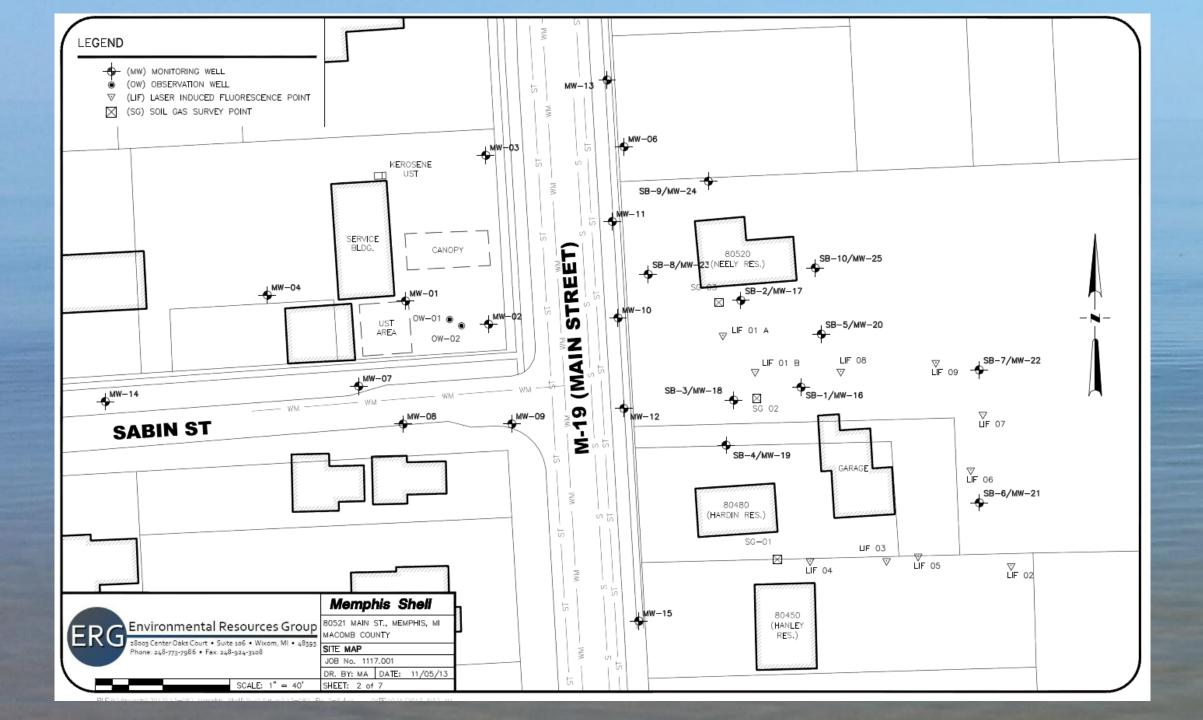


REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION

- MDEQ took over in 2013
- Contracted RI/FS
- 10 additional soil boring/monitoring wells (MW-16 thru MW-25) installed on east side of M-19 at residential properties
- LIF for LNAPL Delineation Soil Gas Survey for Vapor Intrusion
- Periodic monitoring



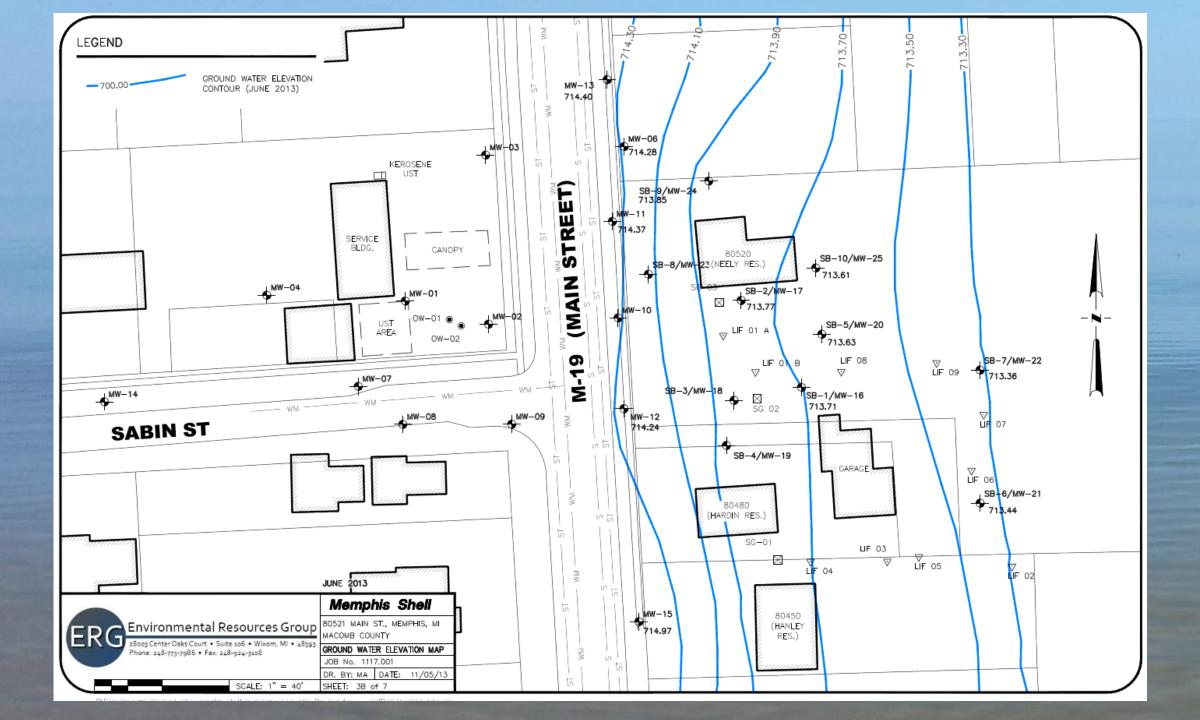




REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

- Primarily 10 feet of clay overlying fine to medium sand, tight
- Groundwater at 43 to 47 feet bgs
- Flowing to east at ~ 1.7 cm/sec (0.05 ft/day)
- Dissolved petroleum plume extends under and beyond residential properties
- Up to 3 feet of LNAPL in 7 of 25 MWs, including under residential properties
- LIF confirmed extent of LNAPL plume: ~250 feet east to south-east of source
 No vapors detected near residences above screening levels





OCCURRENCE OF LNAPL

- MW's 01, 02, and OW's 01, 02 on west side
- MW's 10, 12, **18,** 19, 23 on east side
- Up to 2.5 feet thick in wells 10 and 18
- Migrating





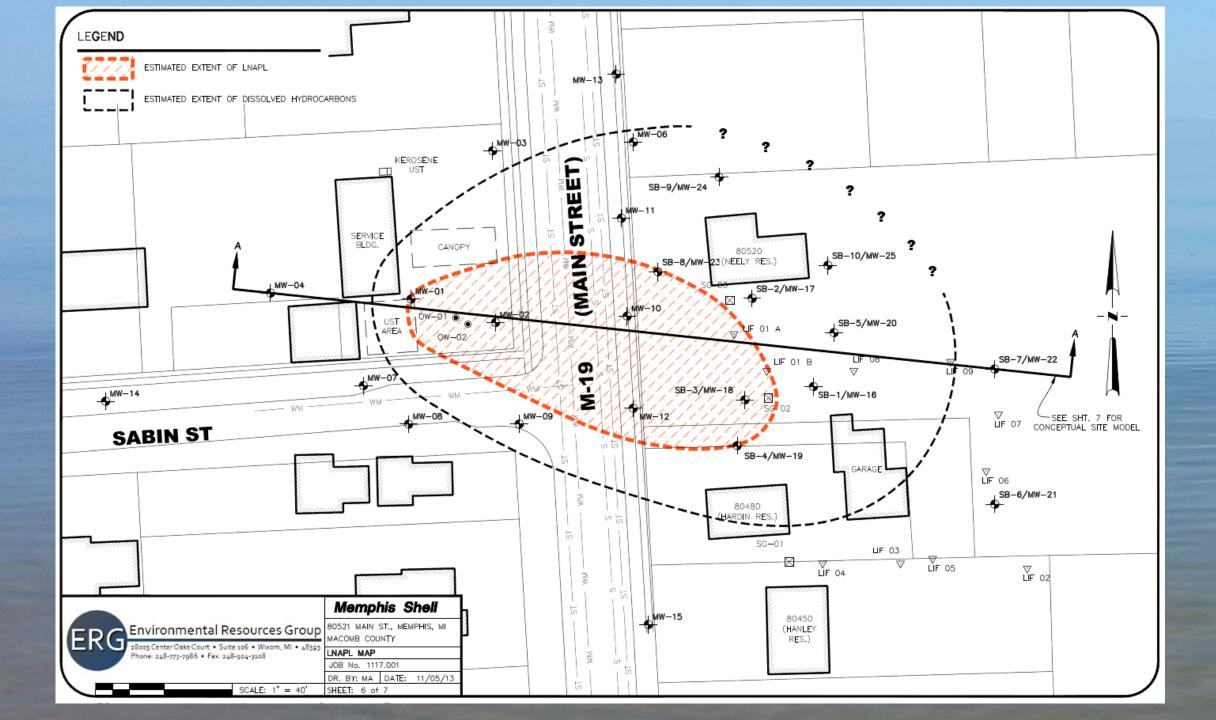
CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

- CSM as developed in 2013
- Identifies areas of greatest risk to be addressed

CONTAMINANT SOURCES

- USTs and associated piping located on the Site
- Grossly contaminated soils in the area of the USTs
- LNAPL plume
- Dissolved plume
- POTENTIAL RECEPTORS
 - On-site subsurface construction workers
 - Three residential properties located east of the site
- Additional downgradient residences
- Water supply wells approximately 0.5 mile east of the Site
- Belle River, located approximately 0.75 mile east of the site.
- POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS
- Direct Contact of contaminated and potential saturated soils on-site
- Drinking Water at off-site water supply wells
- Vapor Intrusion into nearby residential
- GSI from dissolved and LNAPL plume migrating towards Belle River



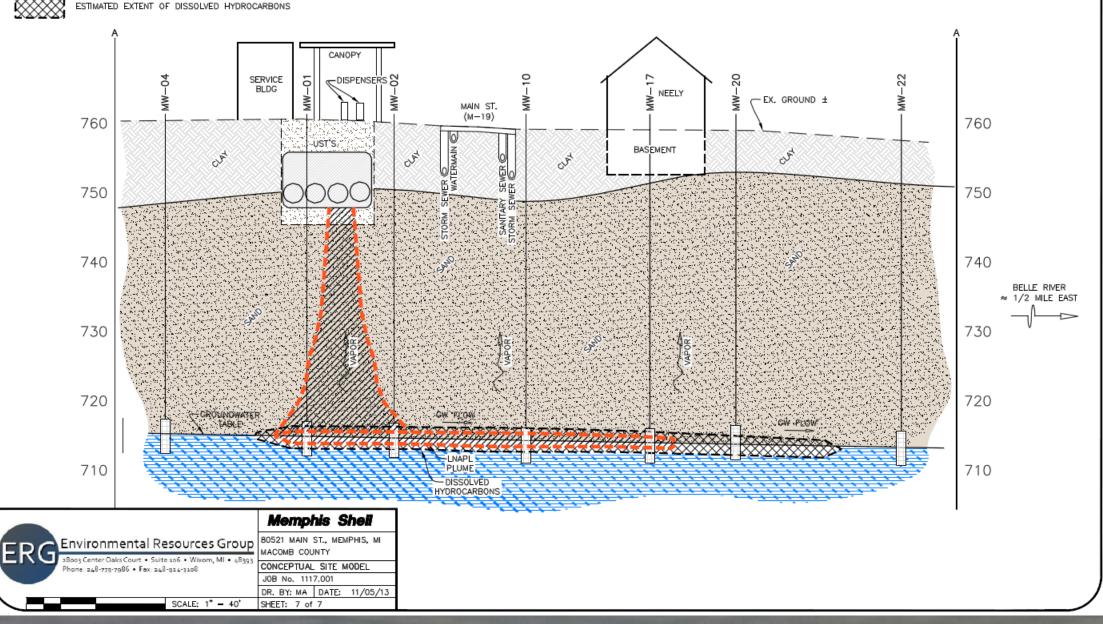


LEGEND



ESTIMATED EXTENT OF LNAPL

ESTIMATED EXTENT OF DISSOLVED HYDROCARBONS



RISK SUMMARY

- Primary: Exposure risks from migrating LNAPL
- Primary: Exposure risks from existing USTs and grossly contaminated soil
- Secondary: Risks from soil and dissolved contamination

FEASIBILITY STUDY

- Evaluated highest risk alternatives, not Site closure (yet)
- UST removal
- Source soil removal
- LNAPL destruction using In-Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO)



REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION AND FEASIBILITY STUDY

MEMPHIS SHELL MDEQ LOE FILE #761/08338.SAR SITE (I,D. # 50001171) 80521 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, MICHIGAN

ERG PROJECT NO. #1117.001

PREPARED FOR:

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY SOUTHEAST MICHIGAN DISTRICT WARREN, MICHIGAN

PREPARED BY:

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES GROUP, LLC 28003 CENTER OAKS CT., SUITE 106 WIXOM, MI 48393 ERG PROJECT #: 1117.001

NOVEMBER 8, 2013



UST AND SOIL REMOVAL

- July 2014
- Three fuel and one used oil
- Tanks pitted and holes
- Removal coincided with UST replacement
- 200 tons of soil removed







ISCO LNAPL DESTRUCTION

- The most expedient and cost effective method for this Site
- Pilot study in 2015
- Two events conducted in March and August 2016





ISCO TECHNOLOGY

- Injection of Klozur sodium persulfate catalized with sodium hydroxide
- Capable of oxidizing a broad range of recalcitrant compounds and LNAPL
- Injected using direct push technology (DPT) and/or injection wells, with simultaneous extraction from nearby wells
- "Pulls" chemicals through the formation

$$\begin{split} S_2O_8^{-2} + Fe^{+2} &\rightarrow SO_4^{-\bullet} + Fe^{+3} + SO_4^{-2} & E^o \cong 2.6v \\ 2S_2O_8^{-2} + NaOH &\rightarrow H^+ + 2SO_4^{-\bullet} + 2SO_4^{-2} + \frac{1}{2}O_2 + Na^+ \\ 2S_2O_8^{-2} + CaO_2 + 2H_2O &\rightarrow 2SO_4^{-\bullet} + 2SO_4^{-2} + O_2 + Ca(OH)_2 + 2H^+ \end{split}$$

 $2S_2O_8^{-2} + 4H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2SO_4 + 2SO_4^{-4} + 2H_2O + 3O_2$



ISCO PILOT STUDY

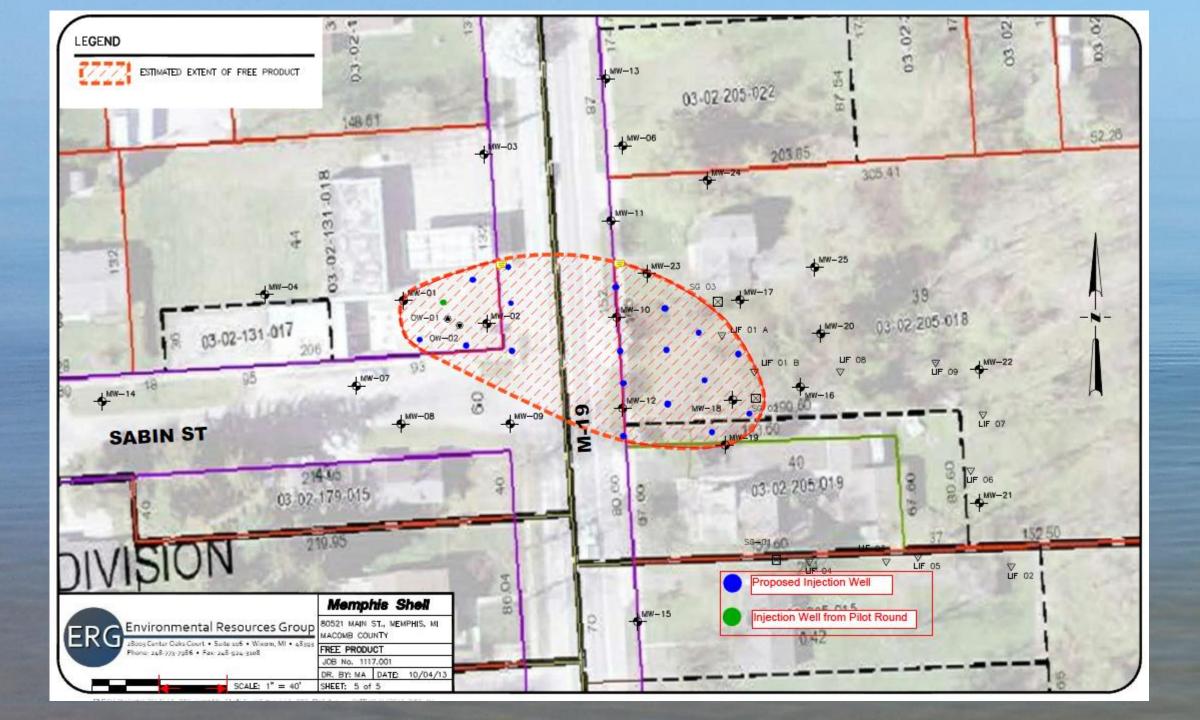
- August 2015
- Injection at five DPT points, 35 to 48 feet bgs
- Extraction at one well
- Fail: three DPT points with very low volume acceptance, two with refusal
- Permanent well (MW-26) was used as an injection point as a trial
- Success: ~900 gallons into well and 500 ppm persulfate observed at extraction well 40 feet away
- Change in original strategy to using permanent injection points



ISCO INJECTION #1

- Installation of 20 injection wells (2"), December 2015
- Injection at 6 points on west side, then 14 points on east side
- About 3 days of injection, March 2016
- Total of ~ 9,000 gallons injected
- Strategic extraction at 10 points
- Periodic checks for 2 months showed major reduction in LNAPL
 Substantial LNAPL remained, second round recommended





ISCO INJECTION #2

- Repeat of previous Injection Event
- About three days of injection, August 2016
- Total of ~ 9,500 gallons injected
- Results very favorable





CHEMICAL APPLICATION



TYPICAL INJECTION POINT





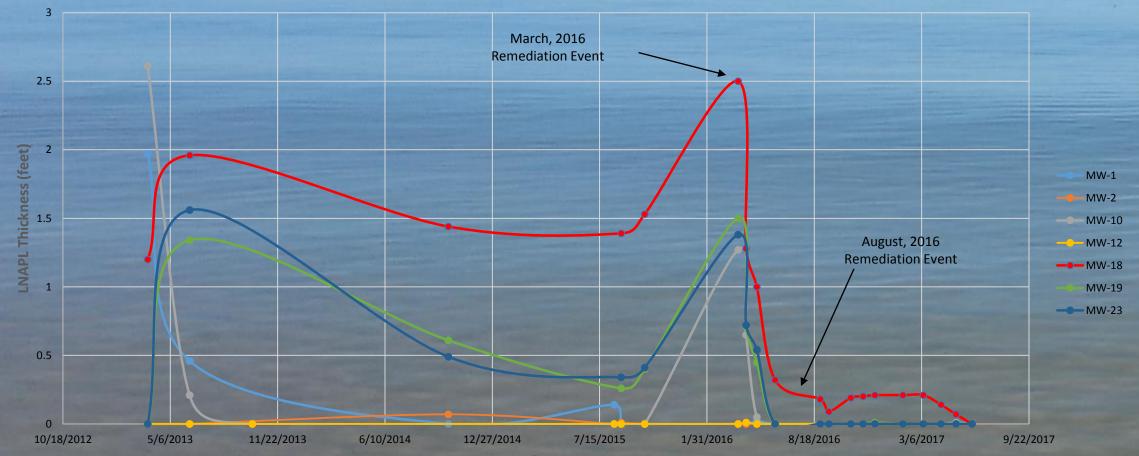
VAC TRUCK EXTRACTION





RESULTS 1.5 YEARS AFTER INITIAL EVENT

LNAPL Thickness Over Time in Monitoring Wells



Date

Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft.)	DEPTH TO LNAPL (ft.)	LNAPL THICKNESS (ft.)		Well ID	Dat
	3/25/2013		43.06	1.97			3/25/
	6/11/2013	43.62	43.16	0.46			6/11/
Color Mail State	10/7/2015	42.95					10/6/
- Martin - Martin	3/29/2016	44.1	43.40	0.70			8/24/
	4/13/2016	43.54					10/7/
and the second division of the	5/3/2016	43.23	43.21	0.02			3/29/ 4/13/
	6/6/2016	42.96					5/3/2
- Alexandre	7/9/2016	42.77				and the second	6/6/2
	8/10/2016	42.69					7/9/2
MW-01	8/29/2016	42.69				MW-10	8/10/
	9/14/2016	42.71					8/29/
a stand of the stand	10/25/2016	42.84	-				9/14/
	11/17/2016	42.95	-				10/25/
	12/9/2016	43.02					11/17/
	1/30/2017	43.10					12/9/
	3/9/2017	43.09					1/30/ 3/9/2
	4/11/2017	42.96				4/11/	
	5/6/2017	42.47	(5/6/2

ell ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft.)	DEPTH TO LNAPL (ft.)	LNAPL THICKNESS (ft.)
	3/25/2013	47.1	44.49	2.61
	6/11/2013	45.56	44.35	1.21
	10/6/2014	44.27		
	8/24/2015	44.32		
	10/7/2015	44.35		
Line and	3/29/2016	45.88	44.61	1.27
	4/13/2016	45.17	44.52	0.65
	5/3/2016	44.47	44.42	0.05
Grand Barris	6/6/2016	44.22		
	7/9/2016	44.03		
W-10	8/10/2016	44.01		
	8/29/2016	43.97		
	9/14/2016	44.03		
	10/25/2016	44.25	-	
	11/17/2016	44.31		
	12/9/2016	44.35		
	1/30/2017	44.38		
	3/9/2017	44.33		
	4/11/2017	44.23		
	5/6/2017	43.69		
140				



Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft.)	DEPTH TO LNAPL (ft.)	LNAPL THICKNESS (ft.)
	6/11/2013	45.57	44.01	1.56
	10/6/2014	44.43	43.94	0.49
	8/24/2015	44.36	44.02	0.34
	10/7/2015	44.46	44.05	0.41
	3/29/2016	45.70	44.32	1.38
	4/13/2016	44.98	44.26	0.72
	5/3/2016	44.66	44.12	0.54
	6/6/2016	43.99		
	7/9/2016	43.80	-	
MW-23	8/10/2016	43.78		
10100-23	8/29/2016	43.79		
	9/14/2016	43.02		
	10/25/2016	46.27		
	11/17/2016	44.09		
	12/9/2016	44.19		
	1/30/2017	44.13		
	3/9/2017	44.11		
	4/11/2017	43.98		
	5/6/2017	43.45		
in the second	No. of Concession, Name	Leville and a second		

Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft.)	DEPTH TO LNAPL (ft.)	LNAPL THICKNESS (ft.)
	6/11/2013	46.96	45.62	1.34
	10/6/2014	46.08	45.47	0.61
	8/24/2015	45.83	45.57	0.26
	10/7/2015	46.00	45.60	0.40
	3/29/2016	47.16	bailed	1.50
	4/13/2016	46.63	45.92	0.71
	5/3/2016	46.10	45.65	0.45
- International Contraction	6/6/2016	45.50		
	7/9/2016	48.31		
MW-19	8/10/2016	45.35		
10100-19	8/29/2016	45.30		
and the second s	9/14/2016	45.37		
	10/25/2016	45.56	-	
-	11/17/2016	44.61		
	12/9/2016	45.71	45.7	0.01
	1/30/2017	45.69	-	
	3/9/2017	45.64		
	4/11/2017	45.52		
	5/6/2017	44.95		
Careford Street		The second s		

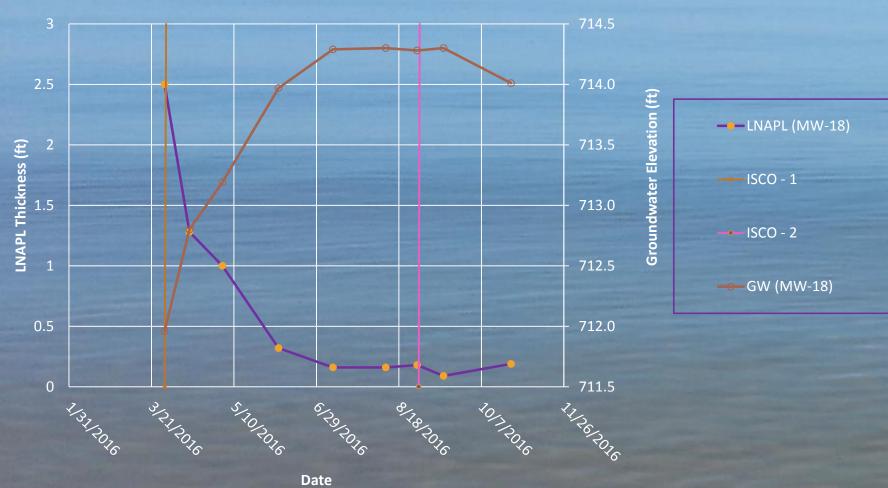


MW-18 LNAPL REMOVED	

Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft.)	DEPTH TO LNAPL (ft.)	LNAPL THICKNESS (ft.)
	3/25/2013	46.57	45.37	1.2
	6/11/2013	46.80	44.84	1.96
	10/6/2014	46.11	44.67	1.44
	8/24/2015	46.11	44.72	1.39
	10/7/2015	46.28	44.75	1.53
	3/29/2016	47.15	bailed	2.50
	4/13/2016	46.31	45.03	1.28
	5/3/2016	45.92	44.92	1.00
	6/6/2016	45.14	44.82	0.32
	7/9/2016	44.82	44.66	0.16
MW-18	8/10/2016	44.81	44.65	0.16
	8/29/2016	44.83	44.65	0.18
	9/14/2016	44.81	44.72	0.09
	10/25/2016	45.10	44.91	0.19
	11/17/2016	45.15	44.95	0.20
	12/9/2016	45.26	45.05	0.21
	1/30/2017	45.22	45.01	0.21
	3/9/2017	45.18	44.97	0.21
	4/11/2017	45.02	44.88	0.14
	5/6/2017	44.32	(
Store in			-	



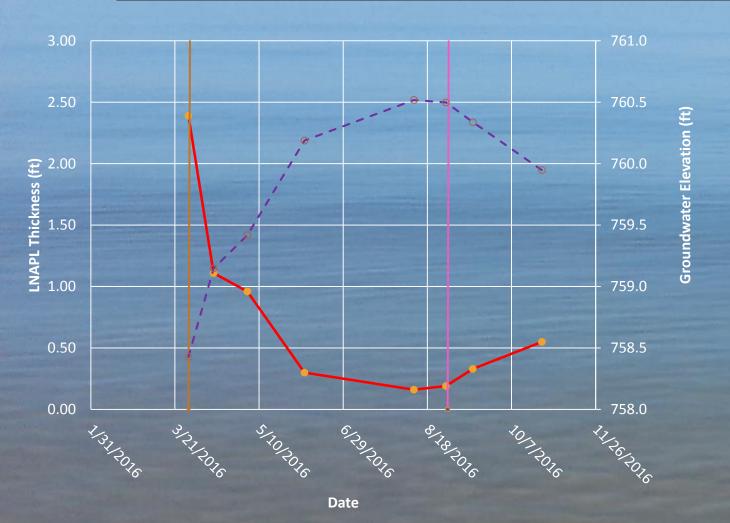
MW-18 POST INJECTION



- Highest thickness of LNAPL was observed in MW-18 in March 2016.
 - More than 90% decrease in LNAPL thickness in MW-18 (from 1st ISCO injection to the 2nd injection)
- Indicates an excellent reduction in LNAPL



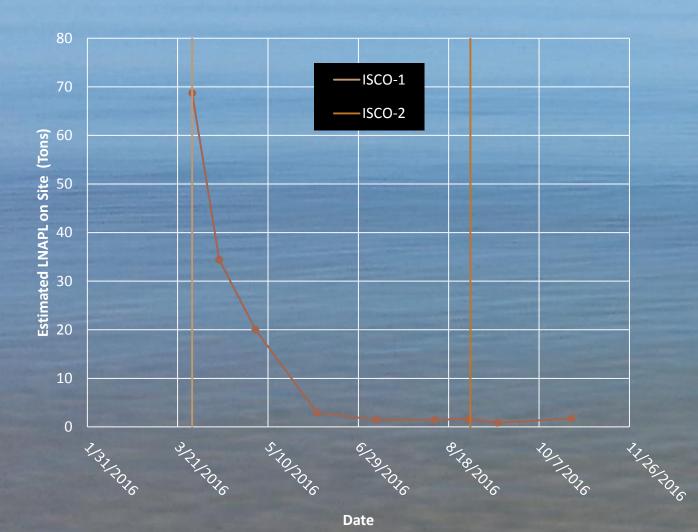
IW-12 POST INJECTION



- ---- LNAPL (IW-12) ---- ISCO - 1 ---- ISCO - 2 ----- GW (IW-12)
- IW-12 is located approximately 45 feet NW of MW-18.
- More than 90% decrease in LNAPL thickness in IW-12 (from 1st ISCO injection to the 2nd injection)
- Indicates an excellent reduction in LNAPL throughout the Site



ESTIMATED MASS OF LNAPL ON SITE



- Mass of LNAPL was estimated based on the LNAPL thicknesses measured at monitoring wells.
- More than 90% of LNAPL has been removed from the 1st ISCO injection to the 2nd injection.
- Indicates an excellent reduction in LNAPL throughout the Site.



MW-18

Good enough to drink!

Maybe not....





CONCLUSIONS

- Source (UST) removal very important
- ISCO was very effective
- Continued monitoring
- Closer look at dissolved plume
- Possibly some additional delineation





