

An Inside View of Arizona's USTs

National Tanks Conference 2018



EPA's 2016 "Corrosion Report"





Investigation Of Corrosion-Influencing Factors In Underground Storage Tanks With Diesel Service

> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Underground Storage Tanks

> > EPA 510-R-16-001 July 2016

"EPA recommends that owners of underground storage tank (UST) systems storing diesel fuel check inside their tanks for corrosion, which research suggests is now appearing on equipment in most tank systems storing diesel fuel."

EPA conducted internal inspections on 42 operating USTs storing diesel fuel. 83% exhibited moderate to severe corrosion, though less than 25% of the USTs reported corrosion prior to the internal inspection.

Partnership Opportunities



AZ Schools

ADEQ reached out to UST owners for 40 school sites

Industry

Tanknology (contracted through ADEQ)
Steel Tank Institute (STI)
Other Equipment Manufacturers
National Experts

Federal EPA

Office of Underground Storage Tanks (OUST)
Office of Research and Development (ORD)



Tank Grading Scale

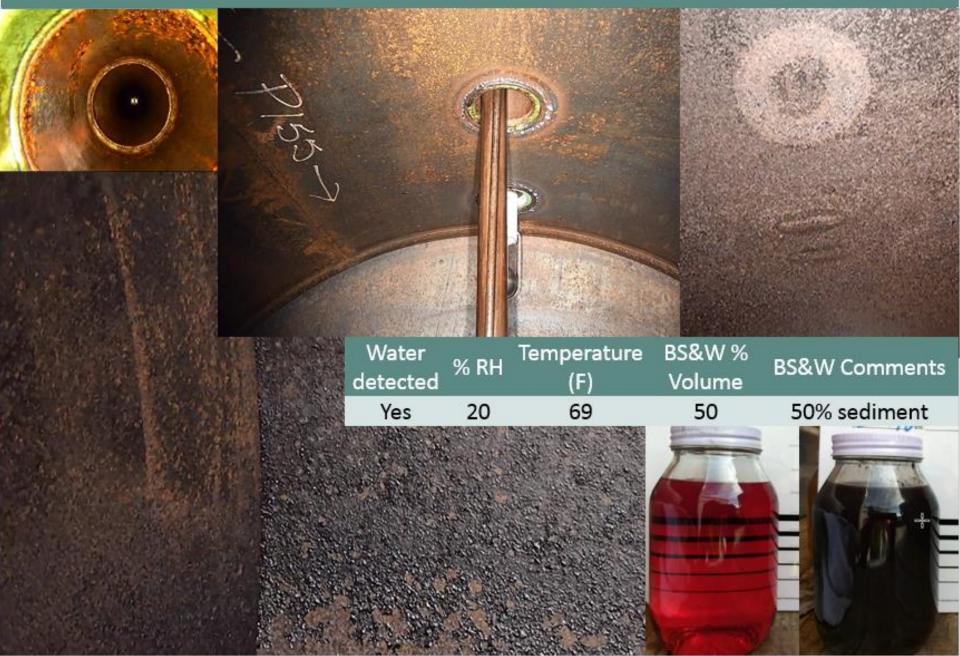


Grade	Description
А	No issues – Gelcoat intact and no visual cracking, degradation, deformation, or discoloration. The tank looks good.
В	Minimal to Moderate issues – Minor flaking, blistering, deformation, discoloration, or oxidation. Ideally less than 5% of the tank surfaces exhibit signs of degradation. Signs of aging are present. Structural integrity of the tank is unaffected.
С	Moderate to Major issues – Heavy flaking, blistering, corrosion, deformation, or minor cracks. Signs of degradation, stress, or structural integrity being effected. Ideally less than 50% of the tank surfaces exhibit signs of degradation. Further investigation is warranted.
D	Severe issues – Severe cracks or evidence of fuel egress, water ingress, or heavy degradation observed on more than 50% of the tank surfaces. Structural integrity has been compromised. Timely investigation is warranted.
E	Tank unable to be assessed – Too much product, fogging, or too little light.

For this project, Tanknology worked with ADEQ to provide general grades reflecting the observed condition of the tank.

Min. to mod.; Critical fuel quality; 25 years old





Min. to mod.; Critical fuel quality; 27 years old





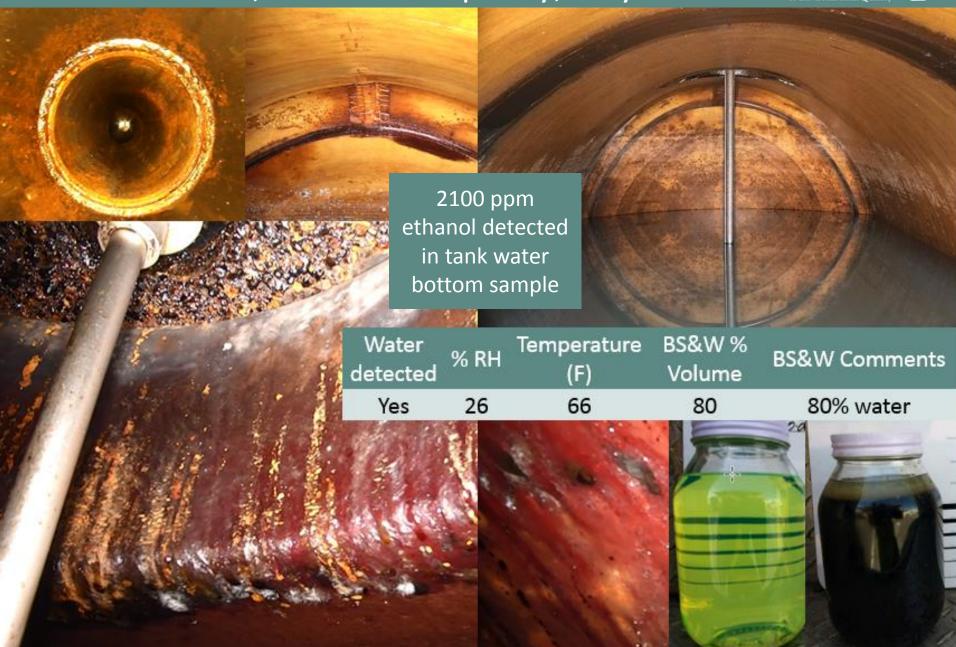
Min. to mod.; Critical fuel quality; 31 years old





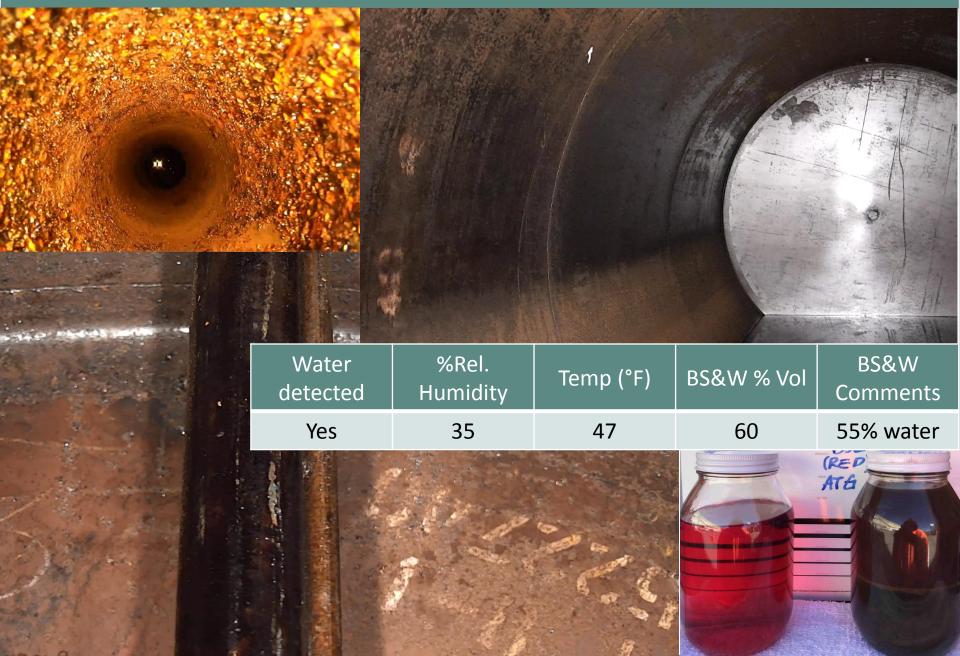
Min. to mod.; Critical fuel quality; 31 years old





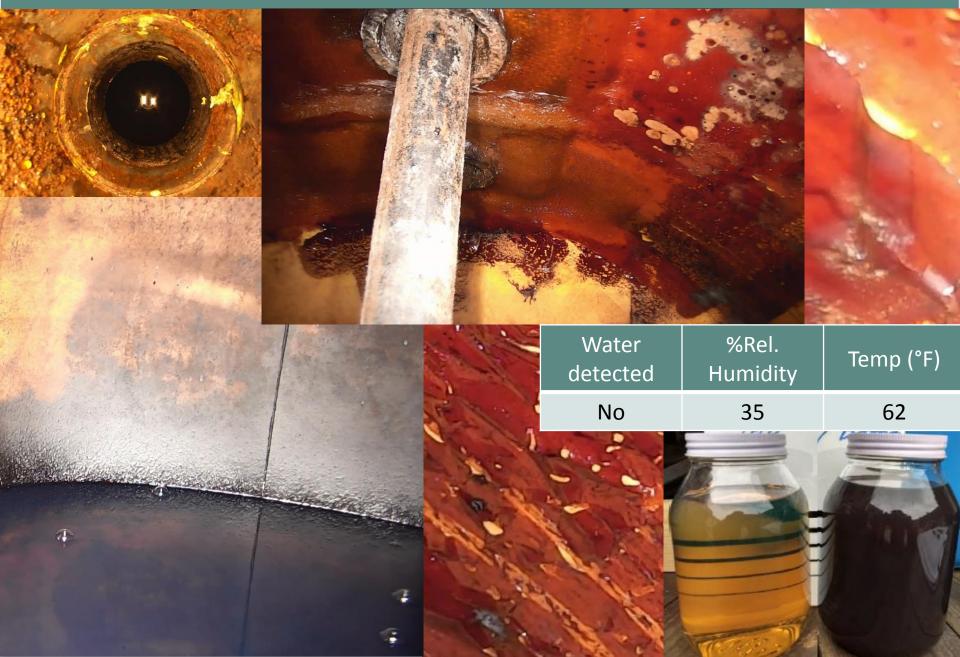
Min. to mod.; Critical fuel quality; 35 years old





Min. to mod.; Sample not analyzed; 29 years old





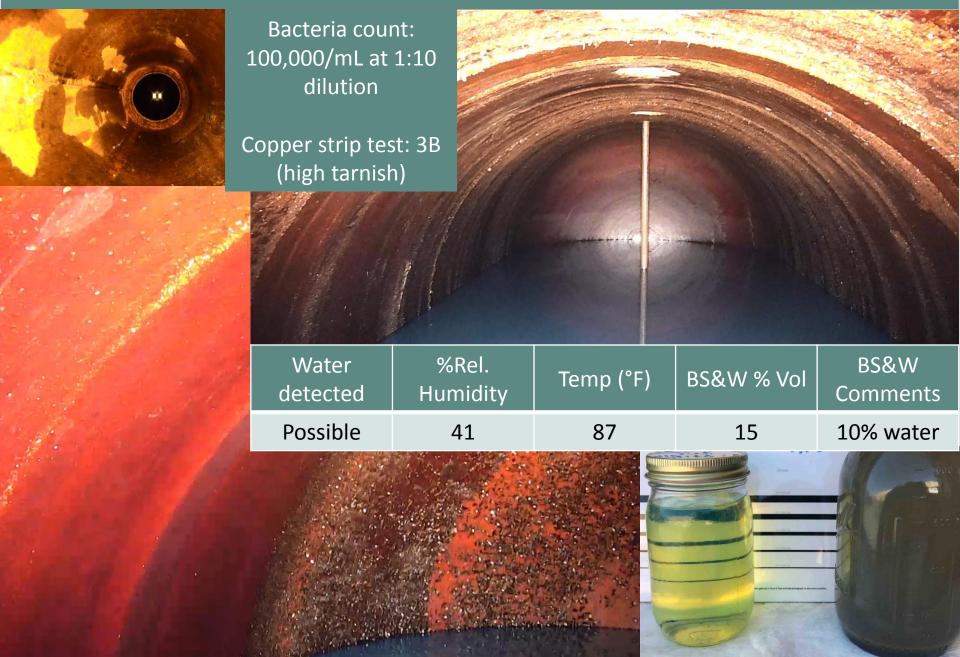
Mod. to major; Critical fuel quality; 31 years old





Mod. to major; Critical fuel quality; 34 years old





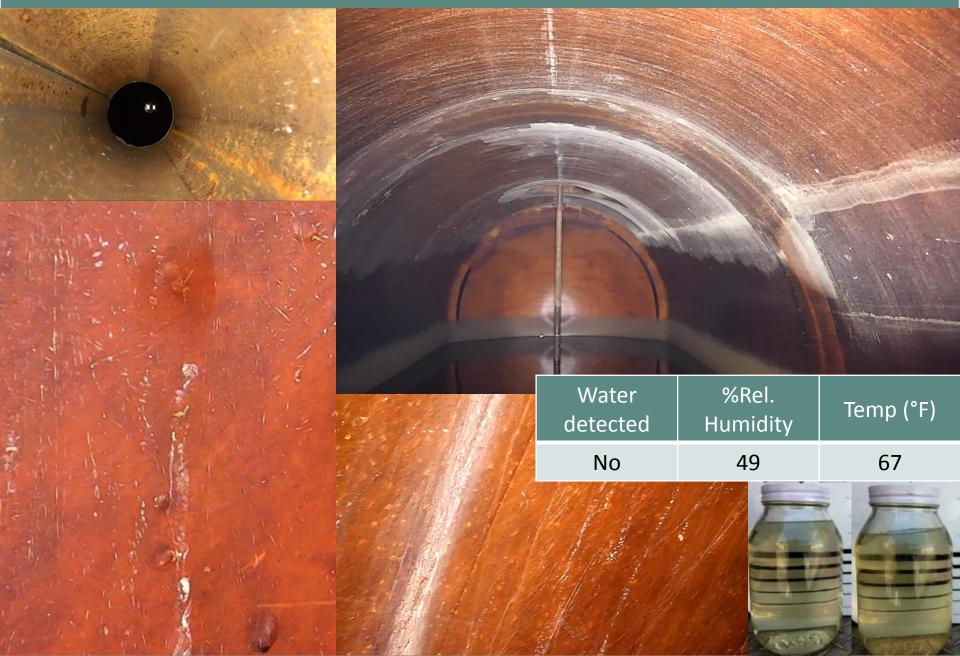
Min. to mod.; 25 years old; Unleaded





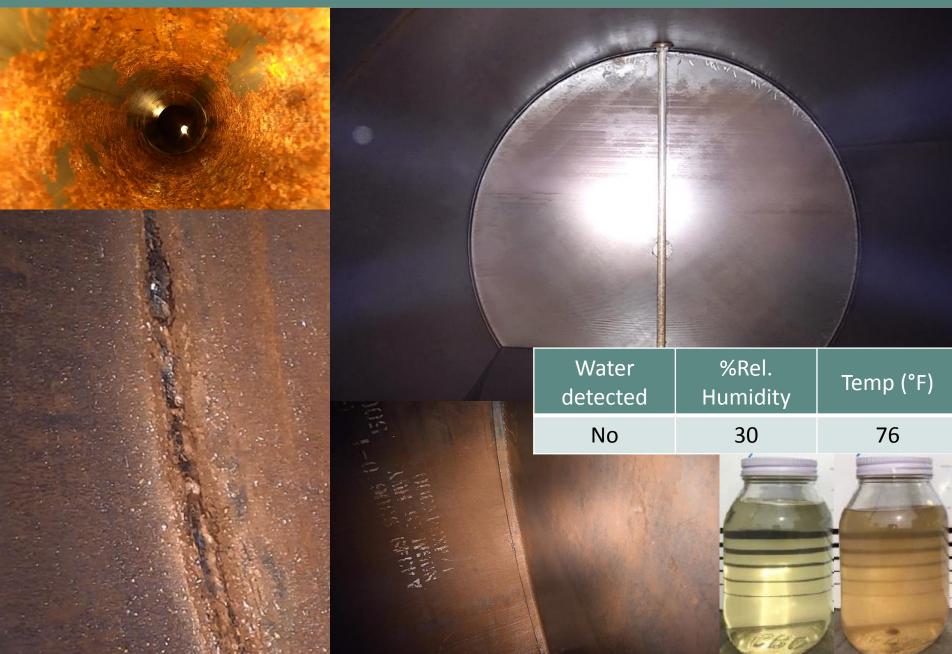
Min. to mod.; 31 years old; Unleaded





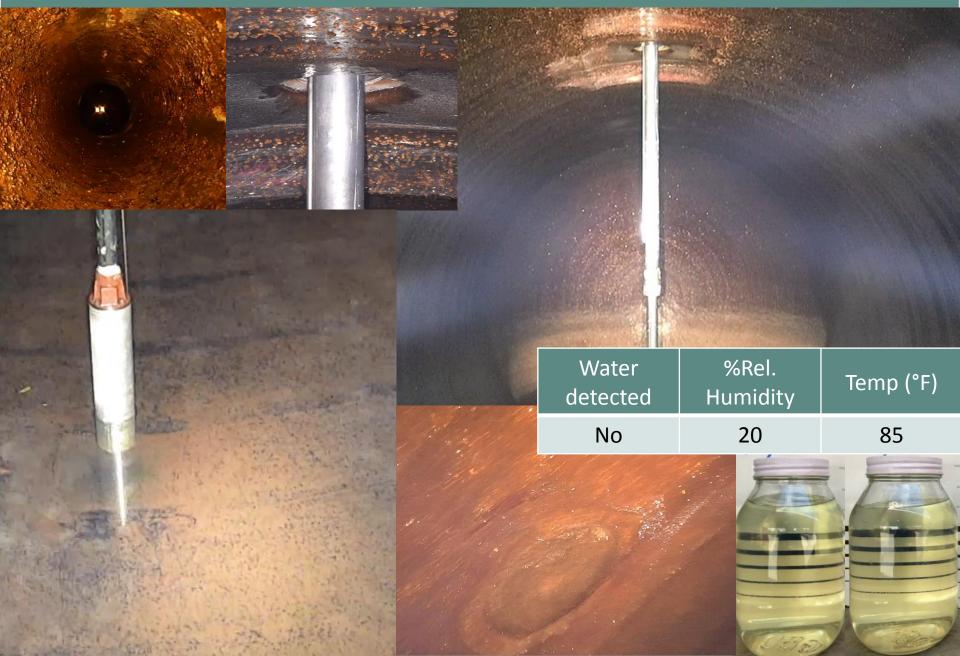
Min. to mod.; 45 years old; Unleaded





Mod. to major; 20 years old; Unleaded





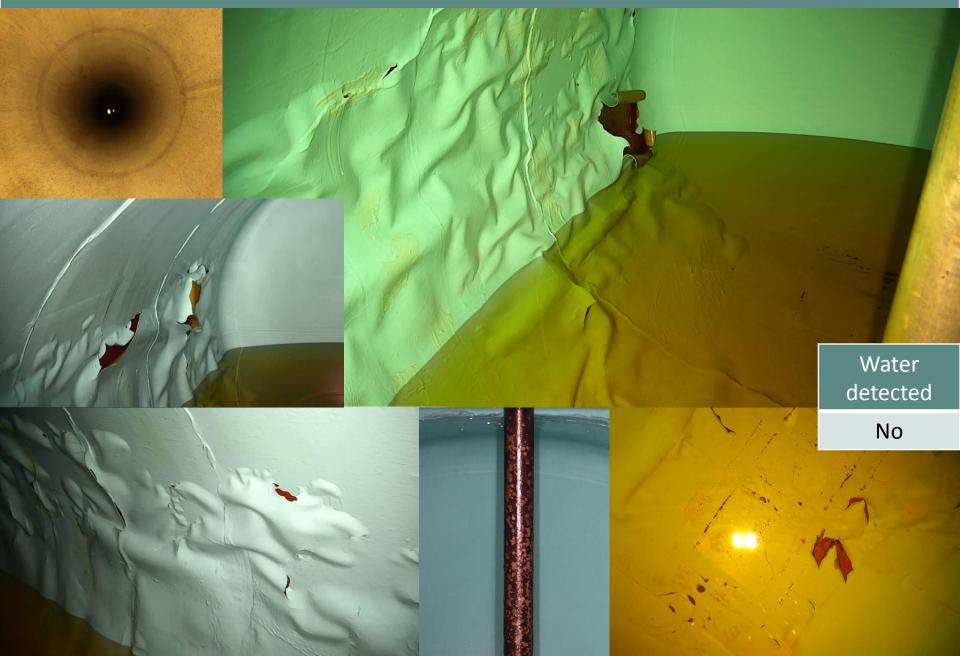
Mod. to major; 35 years old; Unleaded





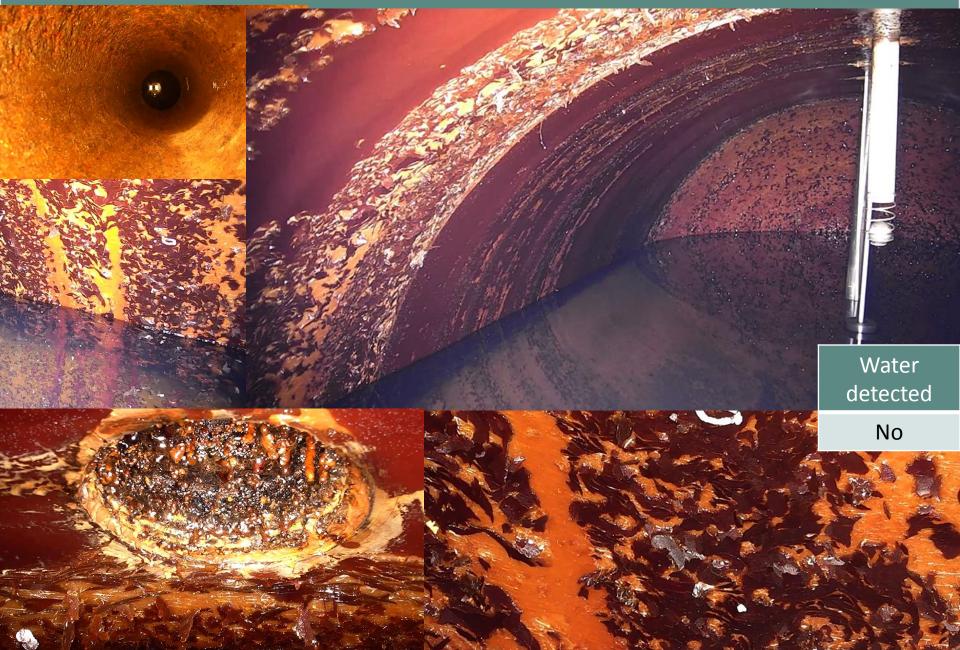
Severe; 27 years old; Unleaded





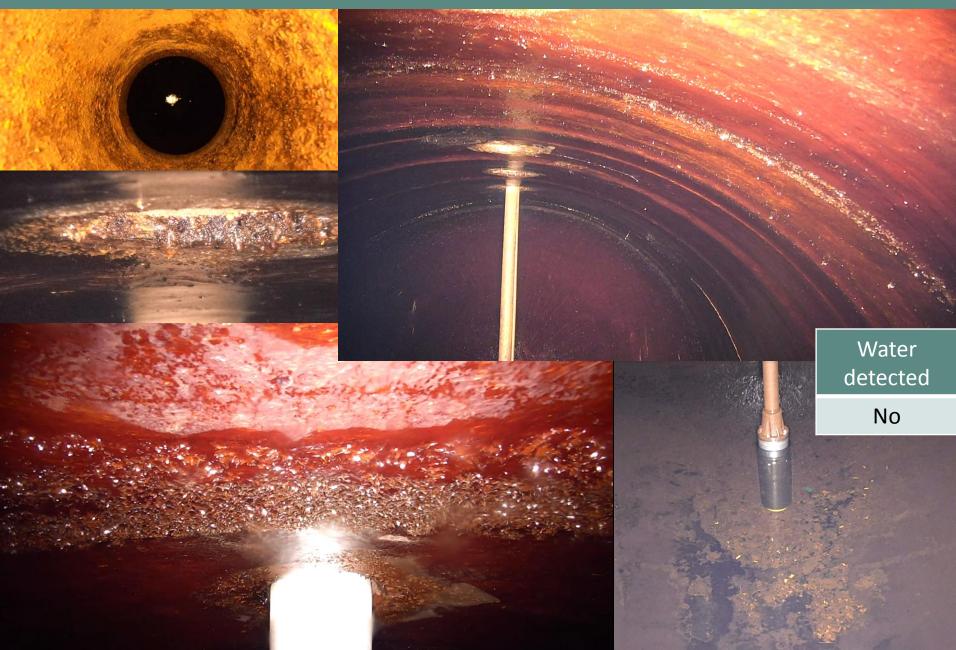
Severe; 31 years old; Unleaded





Severe; 34 years old; Unleaded





What are We Finding?



Currently, 79 tanks have been inspected:

Tank Grade

Fuel Type	Number of Tanks	A	В	С	D	Е
Gasoline	31		48%	29%	23%	
Diesel	48	4%	86%	8%		2%
Construction	Number of Tanks	Α	В	С	D	E
Steel (asphalt-coated or bare steel)	6		5	1		
Composite (steel/fiberglass)	7		5	2		
Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP)	66	2	46	10	7	1

Average "age" of school-owned tanks is approximately 28 years since installation. The average of all AZ tanks is approximately 23 years since installation.

Diesel Fuel Quality Snapshot



Diesel fuel samples were collected from 23 tanks.

General results are summarized below:

Tank Grade

Lab Results	Number of Tanks	A	В	C	D	E
Critical	7		5	2		
Reportable	8		6	1		1
Normal	8		8			







Critical

Reportable

Normal

Critical Fuel Results (Diesel):



Approximately 30% of the fuel samples were identified as "Critical" by the laboratory. Below are some additional details for those tank samples:

Tank No.	Tank Age (years)	Water detected	% RH	Temperature (F)	BS&W % Volume	BS&W Comments
1	27	No	38	74	20	19.5% water
2	30	No	29	84	95	94.5% water
3	35	Yes	35	47	60	55% water
4	31	Possible	31	80	80	79.5% water
5*	33	Possible	41	87	15	10% water
6**	30	Yes	26	66	80	80% water
7	25	Yes	20	69	50	50% sediment

6** water collected from tank bottom: 2,100 ppm ethanol

^{5*} Bacteria results positive: bacteria count/mL at 1:10 dilution – 100,000.

Comparing EPA's and ADEQ's Study Results

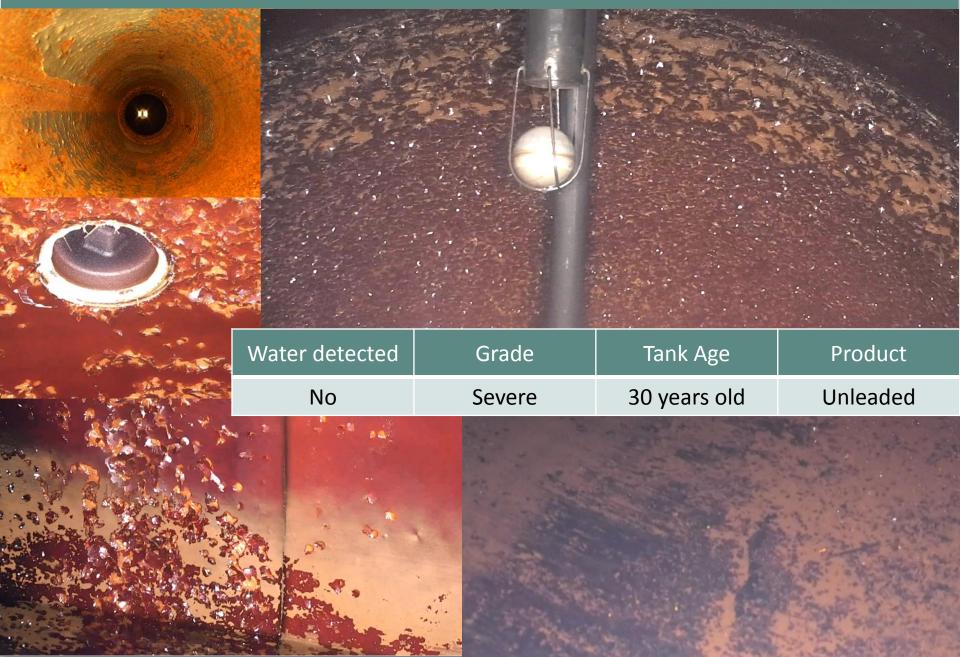


- EPA: Corrosion Of Metal Components In UST Systems Storing Diesel Appears To Be Common
 - ADEQ: 94% (45/48) of diesel tanks had evidence of corrosion/degradation
- EPA: The Corrosion Is Geographically Widespread, Affects UST Systems With Steel Tanks And With Fiberglass Tanks, And Poses A Risk To Most Internal Metal Components
 - ADEQ: Tanks scoped were located throughout Arizona and 96% (76/79) of all tanks had evidence of corrosion/degradation
- EPA: The Quality Of Diesel Fuel Stored In USTs Was Mixed
 - ADEQ: Diesel fuel quality test results were about equal among the 23 samples analyzed (30% critical, 35% reportable, and 35% normal)

ADEQ's study results aligns with EPA's study results.

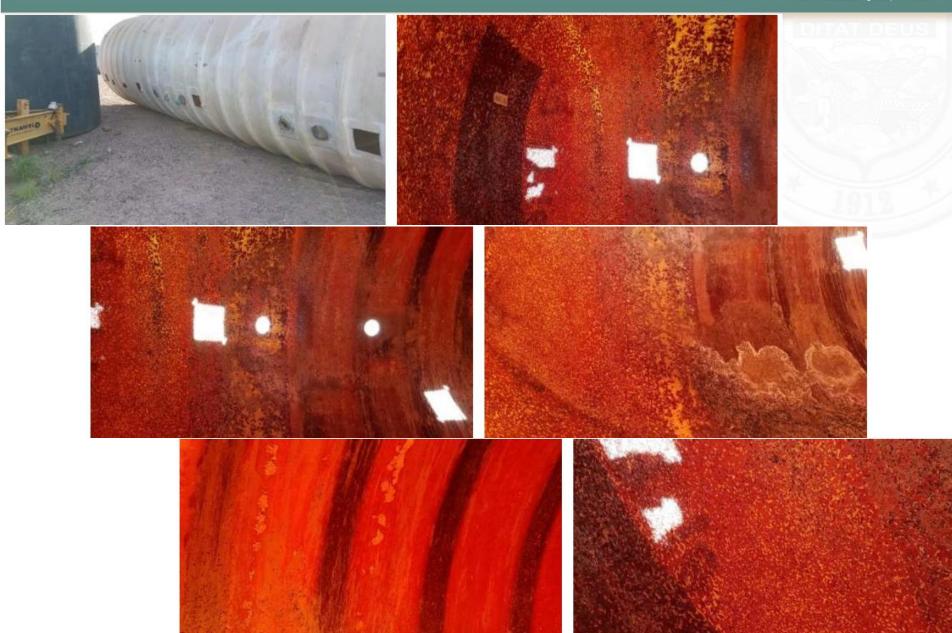
What's Next?





What's Next? (continued)





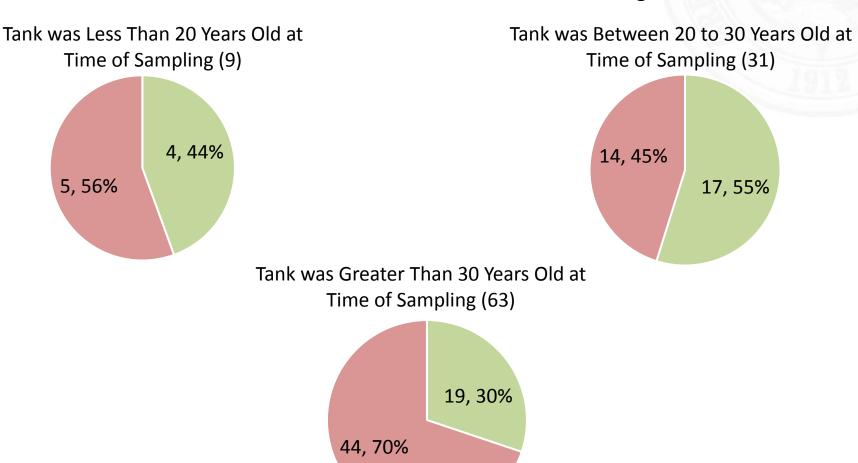
Are Tank Age and Confirmed Releases Related?



No Release Confirmed

Release Confirmed

- PEI Journal 3rd Quarter 2018: 1988 Called...And It Says Your Tank Warranties Are
 Up
- Based on data from our State Lead Noncorrective Action Program:



Questions?



