HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS & EMERGENCY ACCESS RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR

ROOSEVELT ROAD

Town of Hyde Park Dutchess County, NY

Prepared with funding provided by:

New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission

In partnership with the,

NYSDEC Hudson River Estuary Program 21 South Putt Corners Road New Paltz, NY 12561

MA Project Number: 214701.29

Date Prepared: September 29, 2014

Prepared by:



MORRIS ASSOCIATES

ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, PLLC

9 Elks Lane, Poughkeepsie, New York 12601 64 Green Street, Hudson, New York 12534 Tel: (845) 454-3411 Tel: (518) 828-2300

Fax: (845) 473-1962 Fax: (518) 828-3963 TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	ALTERNATIVE ACCESS OPTIONS	4
2.1	IMPROVED SOUTH ROOSEVELT ROAD CROSSING	4
2.2	IMPROVED NORTH ROOSEVELT ROAD CROSSING	5
2.3	IMPROVED ELEANOR ROOSEVELT NHS BRIDGE	5
2.4	CREAM STREET EMERGENCY ACCESS ROAD	5
2.5	NORAH LANE EMERGENCY ACCESS BRIDGE	6
3.0	FLOOD MITIGATION MEASURES	6
4.0	HEC-RAS MODEL	8
5.0	RECOMMENDATIONS	9

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Project Site Location	2
Figure 2: Alternative Access Options	3

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Culvert Dimensions & Capacity	7
Table 2: Existing Watershed Data	7

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A – Maps

FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map No. 36027C0269E Figure 3 – Stream Cross Sections & Drainage Design Points

APPENDIX B – Watershed Data

Roosevelt Road South Crossing Roosevelt Road North Crossing

APPENDIX C - Calculations

Culvert Capacity Detention Volume Estimates

APPENDIX D – HEC-RAS Output & CD-ROM

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Harbourd Hills/Roosevelt Road area is located in the south-central portion of the Town of Hyde Park and is bordered to the south by the Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site (NHS). The area is comprised primarily of single family residential dwellings constructed in and around State and Federal wetlands along the Fallkill Creek. Due to the low lying nature of this area and large upstream watershed, flooding has historically occurred in this area but with the increased frequency and severity of rain events in recent years, the flooding experienced along the Fallkill has also increased.

In the past the Town has evaluated various alternatives to help alleviate the flooding along the Fallkill Creek corridor from the Roosevelt Road area south to the Town of Poughkeepsie border. In these evaluations it has become evident that the change in elevation between the Southern Roosevelt Road crossing and the dam located near the Town of Poughkeepsie boundary is minimal and in some locations the creek bed is actually lower than the dam overflow. These factors all contribute the flooding experienced in this area.

Roosevelt Road is a loop road, with a northerly and southerly crossing over the Fallkill Creek, and is the only means of access to 382 residences east of the Fallkill. When flooding occurs at one or both of the crossings access is limited or completely cut off to these residences. This was the situation that occurred in August 2011 when heavy rains from Hurricane Irene inundated both crossings for a period of approximately 48 hours. A location map indicating the area east of the Fallkill with limited access during flooding events is provided as Figure 1.

This analysis evaluates various alternatives that could be implemented to ensure emergency access to the residences east of the Fallkill without causing increased flooding upstream or downstream. The following is a summary of the potential alternatives:

- Improved South Roosevelt Road Crossing;
- Improved North Roosevelt Road Crossing;
- Improved Eleanor Roosevelt NHS Bridge;
- Cream Street Emergency Access Road;
- Norah Lane Emergency Access Bridge;
- Flood Mitigation Measures

The improvements noted above can be divided into two categories; Alternative Access Options and Flood Mitigation. The alternative access options would provide access to the isolated portion of Roosevelt Road based upon current Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) whereas Flood Mitigation measures would implement flood mitigation measures upstream of the impacted area to reduce or eliminate flooding of the existing Roosevelt Road Crossings. A map indicating the location of each proposed Alternative Access Option is provided as Figure 2.

The following sections evaluate each of the above alternatives based on required improvements, cost and feasibility.





2.0 ALTERNATIVE ACCESS OPTIONS

According to FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Number 36027C0269E which covers the Roosevelt Road area (See Appendix A), many of the local roads in and around the subject area will be flooded during the 100-Year Storm Event (1% Annual Chance Flood) which must be one of the primary considerations when evaluating the Alternative Access Options. Implementation of an alternative access option will be of no benefit if it is inaccessible or leads to another area isolated by flood waters.

2.1 IMPROVED SOUTH ROOSEVELT ROAD CROSSING

The southern crossing over the Fallkill consists of a concrete box culvert with an open area 15 feet wide and 4.7 feet high. According Dutchess County GeoAccess, a web based geographic information system (GIS), the road elevation at this crossing is approximately 220 feet above mean sea level (MSL). An approximately 400 feet long section of Roosevelt Road immediately west of the crossing is also within the flood plain, at an elevation less than 220 feet above MSL. Any improvements to the stream crossing must also incorporate modification to the section of Roosevelt Road west of the crossing. FEMA flood plain mapping indicates a 100-year flood elevation of 223 feet above MSL at this crossing. Any improvement to this crossing should raise the finished road surface a minimum of 2 feet above the calculated flood plain elevation to an elevation of approximately 225 feet above MSL.

The improvement envisioned for this crossing would involve raising the road surface to elevation 225 from west of Bill Reynolds Boulevard to a point near Douglass Rd, a distance of approximately 800 feet. In order to minimize changes in flow rate downstream, the open area of the box culvert would remain the same and multiple "Flood Plain Culverts" would be installed west of the crossing. Regardless of the number or size of the culverts, this plan is likely to result in an increase in the upstream water surface elevation as water backs up prior to flowing through the culverts rather than sheet flowing over the existing roadway.

Raising the road surface between 4-5 feet would impact 8 properties along that section of Roosevelt Road, requiring easements, modifications to driveways and/or other improvements to the properties to allow continued use after construction. Two of the impacted parcels are owned by the Roosevelt Fire District, the existing Roosevelt Fire Station #3 is located at the corner of Bill Reynolds Boulevard and Roosevelt Road. The new Roosevelt Fire Station #3, currently under construction, is located on the parcel west of the existing Fire Station, with frontage on both Bill Reynolds Boulevard and US Route 9G. Due to flooding impacts to the existing Fire Station, the new Fire Station is being constructed outside the flood plain with direct access to US Route 9G. No plans are yet known for the parcel on which the existing Fire Station is located by this potential improvement option is owned by the National Parks Service (NPS) as part of the Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site (NHS).

The parcel owned by the NPS is located south of Roosevelt Road and contains wetlands under the jurisdiction of the NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). Due to the proximity of the NYSDEC wetlands, the improvements described would require permits from the NYSDEC for wetland impacts as well as the approval of the NPS.

The estimated cost to design, permit and construct the improvements described in this section is \$500,000.

2.2 IMPROVED NORTH ROOSEVELT ROAD CROSSING

The northerly crossing over the Fallkill consists of a concrete box culvert with an open area 18.7 feet wide and 5 feet high. According Dutchess County GeoAccess, the road elevation at this crossing is approximately 221 feet above mean sea level (MSL). FEMA flood plain mapping indicates a 100-year flood elevation of 227 feet above MSL at this crossing. Any improvement to this crossing should raise the finished road surface a minimum of 2 feet above the calculated flood plain elevation to an elevation of approximately 229 feet above MSL.

Raising the road surface up to 8 feet would impact at least 16 parcels over a distance of approximately 1,200 feet. Additionally, this section of Roosevelt Road intersects with Haviland Road which is also inundated during the 100-year flood event.

Based upon the flooded conditions predicted west of this crossing and the extent of the improvements required, it does not appear feasible to move forward with improvements to this crossing.

2.3 IMPROVED ELEANOR ROOSEVELT NHS BRIDGE

The Valkill Park Road within the Eleanor Roosevelt National Historic Site (NHS) is the primary means of access to the park from US Route 9G. Although this road is posted as "not a through road" there exists a bridge over the Fallkill and an unpaved road that connects to Roosevelt Road which functions as a secondary point of access to the park.

The existing bridge is wooden and has a 2 ton weight limit posted. The bridge deck elevation is approximately 220 feet above MSL according to Dutchess County GeoAccess and the 100-year flood elevation at this point is 223 feet above MSL.

With the cooperation of the NPS, it would be possible to upgrade the existing bridge to accommodate emergency vehicles and raise the bridge deck elevation to 225 feet above MSL. However, the bridge is bounded by low lying areas to the east and west that will be inundated during the 100-year flood, requiring over 2,000 feet of roadway to be modified.

Based upon the flooded conditions predicted on both sides of this crossing and the extent of the improvements required, it does not appear feasible to move forward with improvements to this crossing.

2.4 CREAM STREET EMERGENCY ACCESS ROAD

At the most easterly point on Roosevelt Road the elevation rises significantly to a point approximately 285 feet above MSL. At this point there is also an existing privately owned parcel (Tax ID Number 133200-6264-03-240428-0000) with frontage on both Roosevelt Road and Cream Street. Cream Street is the next road east of Roosevelt. Based upon discussions with the Chief of the Roosevelt Fire Station #3, in the past an access road existed over this property between Roosevelt Road and Cream Street. A review of the historic photographs available on the Dutchess County GIS seems to confirm this statement.

Considering the relatively high elevation at this point on Roosevelt and the lack of any mapped FEMA flood plains along Cream Street, re-establishment of an emergency access to Cream Street appears to be a logical alternative to modifying or creating new crossings over the Fallkill. This would require the Town to work with the property owner and the Roosevelt Fire District to establish easements and design standards for the emergency access lane.

An emergency access lane between Roosevelt Road and Cream Street would be approximately 3,300 feet in length taking into account the circuitous route required to avoid steep slopes and wetlands. The access lane would be between 20-24 feet in width with a gravel surface and gates on both ends to prevent unauthorized use. The cost to design, permit and construct an emergency access lane as described is estimated to be approximately \$425,000.

2.5 NORAH LANE EMERGENCY ACCESS BRIDGE

Another alternative to consider is construction of an emergency access bridge between the end of Norah Lane and Lawrence Road. Norah Lane is a cul-de-sac on the west side of the Fallkill, the end of which is at an elevation of approximately 230 feet above MSL and Lawrence Road connects the two ends of Roosevelt Road, running roughly parallel to the easterly side of the Fallkill. There is an existing drainage easement on the east side of the Fallkill, between two parcels (Tax IDs 133200-6164-02-787535-0000 & 133200-6164-02-793543-0000) that roughly aligns with the cul-de-sac at the end of Norah Lane that could be utilized for construction of an emergency access bridge over the Fallkill. The flood plain elevation in this area is between 224-225 feet above MSL.

The crossing is envisioned as a small one lane bridge between Lawrence Road & Norah Lane for use by emergency vehicles only. Construction of such a bridge would likely require modification of the existing drainage easement and establishment of a new easement over at least one other parcel.

Construction of such a bridge would be costly (at least \$500,000) and would lead to the same part of Haviland Road which is flooded during 100-year event as described in Section 2.2 above.

Based upon the flooded conditions predicted on the westerly side of this crossing and the cost of the improvements required, it does not appear feasible to move forward with this alternative.

3.0 FLOOD MITIGATION MEASURES

An alternative to improving or creating new access routes to the portion of Roosevelt Road isolated by flood waters is to implement programs that would alleviate the flooding experienced at the Roosevelt Road crossings. The advantage to this approach is that most flood mitigation strategies would reduce flood plain elevations and thereby minimize damage to buildings prone to flooding as well as ensuring continuous access to the flood isolated portions of Roosevelt Road.

The most effective means of flood mitigation involves construction of water storage facilities that function similarly to stormwater management basins or natural wetlands by expanding the flood plain in undeveloped areas and providing additional volume for flood waters to fill during flood events, detaining the water, slowing stream velocities and reducing flood elevations downstream. When these water storage practices are constructed along a stream they are called On-Stream Storage facilities.

The size and number of On-Stream storage facilities required is a function of the capacity of the stream channel versus the flow rate of the design storm. In this case, the stream channel capacity is limited by the size of the opening at each point at which Roosevelt Road crosses the Fallkill Creek. The culvert dimensions, elevations and capacities at each crossing are summarized in the table below.

Roosevelt Rd Crossing Over Fallkill Creek	Culvert Width	Culvert Height	Road Height Above Streambed	Culvert Capacity
Northern (DP-4)	18.5 ft.	60 in	84 in	900 CFS
Southern (DP-3)	15 ft.	56 in	82 in	630 CFS

Table 1: Culvert Dimensions & Capacity

Culvert dimensions are based upon field measurements. Culvert capacity was calculated using HydroCAD ® stormwater modeling software using the measured culvert dimensions assuming the maximum inlet water surface elevation that will not result in flow overtopping the road. Culvert capacity calculations from HydroCAD are provided in Appendix C.

It is an unexpected finding for the Southern (downstream) crossing to have a smaller cross section and capacity than the Northern crossing. This is most like the result of filling activities that took place in the area west of the Southern crossing, now part of the Roosevelt Fire District Station #3 property. According to historic photographs available through the Dutchess County GIS Aerial Access, filling of the flood plain adjacent to the Fallkill took place sometime between 1936 and the 1940's.

The flow rate at each of the Roosevelt Road Crossing's has been calculated using the USGS StreamStats Program. StreamStats is a web-based geographic information system (GIS) that provides users with access to an assortment of analytical tools that are useful for water-resources planning and management, and for engineering design applications, such as the design of bridges. StreamStats quickly provides watershed information for a selected point on a stream and calculates the flow rates for various storm events using Regression Equations developed by the USGS and the NYSDOT. The following table summarizes the data generated by StreamStats for each crossing.

Roosevelt Rd	Watershed	Watershed Watershed		Peak Flow Rate		
Crossing Over Fallkill Creek	Area	Storage	10-Year Storm	25-Year Storm	100-Year Storm	
Northern (DP-4)	10.4 sq. mi. 6,600 acres	4.31% (284 acres)	586 CFS	801 CFS	1,200 CFS	
Southern (DP-3)	10.7 sq. mi 6,900 acres	4.50 % (310 acres)	579 CFS	790 CFS	1,180 CFS	

Table 2: Existing Watershed Data

Based upon the culvert capacities noted in Table 1, the Southern crossing will flood during the 25-year storm event, whereas the Northern crossing will not flood until the 100-year event. This result corresponds with the observations noted by the Roosevelt Fire Chief during Super Storm Sandy in which the flooding over the Northern crossing receded nearly 24 hours prior to the Southern crossing. It is not feasible to simply increase the size of the Southern crossing to match the size of the Northern crossing to improve emergency access to the portion of Roosevelt Road east of the Fallkill because of the impacts this change would have on areas downstream. Increasing the Southern crossing culvert size would eliminate the detention effect

provided by the smaller culvert and would likely result in increased flow rates and flood elevations downstream.

It should also be noted that the peak flow rates at the Southern crossing are slightly less than those at the Northern crossing, despite a slightly larger watershed area at the Southern crossing. This result can be attributed to the effect of natural On-Stream storage provided by low lying wetlands between the two crossings which equates to approximately 26 acres according to the data provided by StreamStats.

As evidenced by the difference in peak flow rates between the Northern and Southern crossings, On-Stream storage requires large, relatively level land located upstream of the area of interest and adjacent to the stream. Based upon NRCS Technical Release 55 (TR-55) Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds detention basin storage calculations, the volume of storage required to reduce the Northerly crossing watershed peak flow rate sufficiently to maintain access during the 100-year storm event is approximately 1,100 acre-feet (See Appendix C for detention calculations). This is equivalent to 1,100 acres of water 1 foot deep. Due to the significant difference between the culvert capacity and 100-year peak flow rate at the Southern crossing, similar detention volume calculations would result in a significantly larger volume required. Based upon the detention volumes required, it would not be feasible to pursue On-Stream storage alone to ensure emergency access to the easterly portion of Roosevelt Road.

Upon review of the Dutchess County Parcel Access mapper, there are between 7-8 tracts of land that would lend themselves to On-Stream storage, although they are unlikely to yield the entire volume required to fully mitigate the flooding experienced at the Roosevelt Road crossings. If the Town wishes to pursue this form of flood mitigation some or all of these parcels must be purchased or easements must be negotiated with the owners for the purpose of construction and long term maintenance. The full market value of these parcels ranges from approximately \$250,000 to \$750,000. Assuming the parcels must be purchased, the total estimated cost of obtaining the required land alone would be over \$2 million.

4.0 HEC-RAS MODEL

The US Army Corps of Engineers River Analysis System (HEC-RAS) is software that can be used to determine the hydraulic characteristics of a stream based upon hydraulic flow rate and stream cross sectional data at various points along the stream. HEC-RAS is used to determine the flood plain elevations noted on FEMA flood plain mapping.

A HEC-RAS model of the Fallkill Creek has been developed as part of this analysis for the design of future projects within the corridor upstream and downstream of the Roosevelt Road crossings. The model has been developed to match the water surface elevations indicated on the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps so that the impact of a project on flood elevations can be evaluated. The locations of the stream cross sections used in the model as well as Design Point (DP) locations at which flow rates were calculated using the StreamStats website are indicated on Figure 3 in Appendix A. The stream cross sections have been selected to match as closely as possible with those indicated in the Flood Insurance Study for Dutchess County. Stream cross section elevations were based upon USGS Topographic mapping (Hyde Park & Poughkeepsie Quadrangles). Model output as well as a CD-ROM containing the HEC-RAS file has been provided in Appendix D.

5.0 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

In conclusion, the flooding experienced along the Fallkill Creek is a regional issue that is too vast and costly for the Town of Hyde Park to resolve independently. As such, the Town should partner with the County and other Watershed wide organizations to develop regional flood control strategies that could include on stream storage and flood plain protection. The Town should also participate in programs that would assist home owners to relocate or demolish structures within the flood plain. Other strategies that could help with flooding issues would include public preparedness campaigns and the purchase of water rescue equipment for local emergency responders.

The most logical short term solution to the flooding of the Roosevelt Road crossings is the construction of the Cream Street Emergency Access Lane. This alternate appears to be the least expensive and most practical option to ensure emergency access that will not be impacted by flood water.

APPENDIX A - Maps

- FEMA Flood Insurance Map No. 36027C0269E
 Figure 3 Stream Cross Sections & Drainage Design Points

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The **community map repository** should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 18. The **horizontal datum** was NAD 83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same **vertical datum**. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3182 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at <u>http://www.ngs.noaa.gov.</u>

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from digital orthophotography provided by the New York State Office of Cyber Security & Critical Infrastructure Coordination. This information was produced as one-foot and two-foot resolution natural color orthoimagery from photography dated April 2006.

Based on updated topographic information, this map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. Also, the road to floodplain relationships for unrevised streams may differ from what is shown on previous maps.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information on available products associated with this FIRM, visit the **Map Service Center (MSC)** website at <u>http://msc.fema.gov</u>. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the MSC website.

If you have **questions about this map**, how to order products or the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) at **1-877-FEMA-MAP** (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <u>http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip</u>.



This digital FIRM was produced through a unique cooperative partnership between the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and FEMA. As part of the effort, NYSDEC has joined in a Cooperative Technical Partnership agreement to produce and maintain FEMA's digital FIRM.





APPENDIX B – Watershed Data

- Roosevelt Road South Crossing
- Roosevelt Road North Crossing



Design Point 3

Fallkill Flood Mit



3/25/2014 10:57:23 AM

E.

™USGS New York StreamStats

Basin Characteristics Report

Date: Sun Sep 28 2014 20:19:03 Mountain Daylight Time NAD27 Latitude: 41.7681 (41 46 05) NAD27 Longitude: -73.9037 (-73 54 13) NAD83 Latitude: 41.7682 (41 46 06) NAD83 Longitude: -73.9033 (-73 54 12) ReachCode: 02020008000660 Measure: 49.89

Parameter	Value
Area that drains to a point on a stream in square miles.	10.7
Main-channel 10-85 slope, in feet per mile	24.1
Main-channel stream length, in miles	9
10-85 slope of lower half of main channel in feet per mile.	19.9
10-85 slope of upper half of main channel in feet per mile.	46.3
Total length of all elevation contours in drainage area in miles	35.82749516
Average basin slope, in feet per mile.	335
Slope ratio. Ratio of main channel slope to basin slope	0.0719
Basin Lag factor.	0.29
Percentage of basin at or above 1200 ft elevation	0
Basin storage. Percentage of total drainage area shown as lakes, ponds and swamps	4.5
Percent of area covered by forest	71.6
Mean annual runoff in inches.	17.6
Seasonal maximum snow depth, 50th percentile, in inches	15.1
Mean annual precipitation in inches.	38.6
Urban Land Use percentage (1992)	4.55

™USGS New York StreamStats

Streamstats Ungaged Site Report

Date: Tue Mar 25 2014 10:58:29 Mountain Daylight Time Site Location: New_York NAD27 Latitude: 41.7681 (41 46 05) NAD27 Longitude: -73.9037 (-73 54 13) NAD83 Latitude: 41.7682 (41 46 06) NAD83 Longitude: -73.9033 (-73 54 12) ReachCode: 0202008000660 Measure: 49.64 Drainage Area: 10.7 mi2 Percent Urban: 4.55 %

Peak Flows Region Grid Basin Characteristics							
100% 2006 Full Region 2 (10.7 mi2)							
Value Regression Equation Valid Range							
Falameter		Min	Max				
Drainage Area (square miles)	10.7	1.93	996				
Lag Factor (dimensionless)	0.29	0.014	6.997				
Percent Storage (percent)	4.5	0	11.88				
Mean Annual Runoff in inches (inches)	17.6	16.03	33.95				

Bank Full Region Grid Basin Characteristics 100% Bankfull Region 3 SIR2009 5144 (10.7 mi2)						
	Value					
Parameter		Min	Max			
Drainage Area (square miles)	10.7	0.42	329			

Statistic			Equivalent	90-Percent Prediction Interval		
	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Prediction Error (percent)	years of record	Minimum	Maximum	
PK1_25	180	26	4.8			
PK1_5	218	26	4.3			
PK2	271	26	4.4			
PK5	437	27	7.3			
PK10	579	28	10			
PK25	790	30	14			
PK50	973	31	16			
PK100	1180	33	18			
PK200	1410	35	19			
PK500	1760	38	20			

Chatlatia			Equivalent years of record	90-Percent Prediction Interval		
Statistic	How (ft°/s)	/s) Estimation Error (percent)		Minimum	Maximum	
BFAREA	131	27		61	282	
BFDPTH	2.73	21		1.34	5.57	
BFFLOW	419	40		101	1730	
BFWDTH	48	23		23.1	99.5	



Design Point 4

Fallkill Flood Mit



3/25/2014 11:00:17 AM

E.

™USGS New York StreamStats

Basin Characteristics Report

Date: Sun Sep 28 2014 20:24:12 Mountain Daylight Time NAD27 Latitude: 41.7733 (41 46 24) NAD27 Longitude: -73.8975 (-73 53 51) NAD83 Latitude: 41.7734 (41 46 24) NAD83 Longitude: -73.8971 (-73 53 49) ReachCode: 02020008000660 Measure: 72.74

Parameter			
Area that drains to a point on a stream in square miles.	10.4		
Main-channel 10-85 slope, in feet per mile	27.3		
Main-channel stream length, in miles	8.3		
10-85 slope of lower half of main channel in feet per mile.	24.5		
10-85 slope of upper half of main channel in feet per mile.	48.8		
Total length of all elevation contours in drainage area in miles	35.82749516		
Average basin slope, in feet per mile.	344		
Slope ratio. Ratio of main channel slope to basin slope	0.0795		
Basin Lag factor.	0.23		
Percentage of basin at or above 1200 ft elevation	0		
Basin storage. Percentage of total drainage area shown as lakes, ponds and swamps	4.31		
Percent of area covered by forest	73		
Mean annual runoff in inches.	17.6		
Seasonal maximum snow depth, 50th percentile, in inches	15.1		
Mean annual precipitation in inches.	38.6		
Urban Land Use percentage (1992)	3.81		

™USGS New York StreamStats

Streamstats Ungaged Site Report

Date: Tue Mar 25 2014 11:01:14 Mountain Daylight Time Site Location: New_York NAD27 Latitude: 41.7733 (41 46 24) NAD27 Longitude: -73.8975 (-73 53 51) NAD83 Latitude: 41.7734 (41 46 24) NAD83 Longitude: -73.8971 (-73 53 49) ReachCode: 0202008000660 Measure: 72.88 Drainage Area: 10.4 mi2 Percent Urban: 3.81 %

Peak Flows Region Grid Basin Characteristics 100% 2006 Full Region 2 (10.4 mi2)						
Value Regression Equation Valid Range						
Parameter		Min	Max			
Drainage Area (square miles)	10.4	1.93	996			
Lag Factor (dimensionless)	0.23	0.014	6.997			
Percent Storage (percent)	4.31	0	11.88			
Mean Annual Runoff in inches (inches)	17.6	16.03	33.95			

Bank Full Region Grid Basin Characteristics 100% Bankfull Region 3 SIR2009 5144 (10.4 mi2)						
	Value	1				
Parameter		Min	Max			
Drainage Area (square miles)	10.4	0.42	329			

	3		Equivalent	90-Percent Pre	diction Interval
Statistic	Flow (ft ³ /s)	Prediction Error (percent)	years of record	Minimum	Maximum
PK1_25	182	25	4.8		
PK1_5	219	26	4.3		
PK2	274	26	4.4		
PK5	442	27	7.3		
PK10	586	28	10		
PK25	801	30	14		
PK50	987	32	16		
PK100	1200	33	18		
PK200	1430	35	19		
PK500	1790	38	20		

Ch-1-1-1-	- (3)	Fabiuration France (a constat)	Equivalent 90-Percent Prediction		
Statistic	How (ft ^o /s)	Estimation Error (percent)	years of record	Minimum	Maximum
BFAREA	129	27		60.1	278
BFDPTH	2.71	21		1.33	5.54
BFFLOW	411	40		99.1	1700
BFWDTH	47.6	23		22.9	98.7

APPENDIX C - Calculations

- Culvert CapacityDetention Volume Estimates

	Roosevelt Road South Crossing
DP-3	Type III 24-hr 100-yr Rainfall=8.00"
Prepared by Morris Associates	Printed 9/28/2014
HydroCAD® 8.50 s/n 004017 © 2007 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	C Page 1

Summary for Pond DP-3: DP-3

Inflow	=	630.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	777.994 af
Outflow	=	630.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	777.994 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	630.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	777.994 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 219.97' @ 5.95 hrs Flood Elev= 220.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	213.17'	15.00' W x 4.67' H x 24.0' long Culvert DP-3 Box, headwall w/3 square edges, Ke= 0.500 Outlet Invert= 213.05' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.030 Stream, clean & straight

Primary OutFlow Max=630.02 cfs @ 6.00 hrs HW=219.97' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert DP-3 (Barrel Controls 630.02 cfs @ 8.99 fps)

	Roosevelt Road North Crossing
DP-4	Type III 24-hr 100-yr Rainfall=8.00"
Prepared by Morris Associates	Printed 9/13/2014
HydroCAD® 8.50 s/n 004017 © 2007 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	Page 1

Summary for Pond DP-4: DP-4

Inflow	=	900.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	1,111.787 af
Outflow	=	900.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	1,111.787 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	900.00 cfs @	6.00 hrs, Volume=	1,111.787 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 220.98' @ 6.00 hrs Flood Elev= 221.00'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	214.00'	18.66' W x 5.00' H x 24.0' long Culvert DP-4 Box, headwall w/3 rounded edges, Ke= 0.200 Outlet Invert= 213.88' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.030 Stream, clean & straight

Primary OutFlow Max=900.02 cfs @ 6.00 hrs HW=220.98' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert DP-4 (Barrel Controls 900.02 cfs @ 9.65 fps)

Project:	214701.29
Project Name: Roosevelt Rd Flood Mitigation	
Location:	T/Hyde Park
County:	Dutchess
State:	NY
State:	9/28/2014

Extreme Flood Protection Volume, (Q_f)

Design Point 4: Northern Crossing

 $Qp_{v100} = post-development total storm runoff volume of a 100-year event$

q _{i100} (cfs), (post- developed)	q _{o100} (cfs), (pre developed)	(q _{o100})/(q _{i100})	CN, (post development)	Vs/Vr, (see figure 8.6)	Qp _{v100} (ft ³)	Vs (acre-feet)	Vs (ft ³)
1200	900	0.750	73	0.535	88905960	1091.935	47564689

Storage Required to Mitigate 100-year event	Q _{p-100} (acre-ft) =	1100.000
	Q_{p-100} (ft ³) =	47916000

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Northern Crossing Watershed

Runoff = 1,201.91 cfs @ 36.28 hrs, Volume= 2,041.424 af, Depth> 3.71"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 5.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-yr Rainfall=8.00"

Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
4,752.	000	70	Woo	ds, Good,	HSG C	
251.	000	98	Pave	ed parking	& roofs	
1,597.	000	79	1 acı	e lots, 209	% imp, HSC	GC
6,600.	000	73	Weig	hted Aver	age	
6,029.	600		Perv	ious Area	•	
570.	400		Impe	ervious Are	a	
Тс	Long	th (Slono	Velocity	Capacity	Description
-	Leng		Slope			Description
(min)	(fee	el)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
1,720.0						Direct Entry,

APPENDIX D – HEC-RAS Output

HEC-RAS Version 4.1.0 Jan 2010 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center 609 Second Street Davis, California

х	х	XXXXXX	XX	XX		XX	XX	X	X	XXXX
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	X		Х
Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
XXXX	XXX	XXXX	Х		XXX	XX	XX	XXX	XXX	XXXX
Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Х	х	х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Х	Х	XXXXXX	XX	XX		Х	Х	Х	х	XXXXX

PROJECT DATA Project Title: Roosevelt Road Flood Mitigation Base Project File : RooseveltRoadFloo.prj Run Date and Time: 5/9/2014 4:30:44 PM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: Plan 01 Plan File : e:\documents\Hyde Park\2014\214701.29 Roosevelt Rd Drainage\Design\RooseveltRoadFloo.p01 Geometry Title: Roosevelt Road Flood Mitigation Base Geometry File : e:\documents\Hyde Park\2014\214701.29 Roosevelt Rd Drainage\Design\RooseveltRoadFloo.g01

Flow Title : Flow 01 Flow File : e:\documents\Hyde Park\2014\214701.29 Roosevelt Rd Drainage\Design\RooseveltRoadFloo.f01

Number of:	/ Information: Cross Sections Culverts Bridges	= 11 = 3 = 0	Multip Inline Latera	le Openings Structures l Structures	=	0 0 0
Water su Critical Maximum Maximum	al Information Irface calculat depth calcula number of iter difference tol lerance factor	tion tol ations	erance = = =	0.01 0.01 20 0.3 0.001		
Frictior	Options depth compute nce Calculation n Slope Method: cional Flow Reg		Average	ssary s in n value Conveyance cal Flow	s onl	У

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: Flow 01
Flow File : e:\documents\Hyde Park\2014\214701.29 Roosevelt Rd
Drainage\Design\RooseveltRoadFloo.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

River	Reach	RS	PF 1
Fallkill	1	15065	1300
Fallkill	1	13373	1440
Fallkill	1	0	1660

Boundary Conditions

River Downstream	Reach	Profile	Upstream
Fallkill Normal S = 0.0005	1	PF 1	Normal 5 = 0.0005

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: Roosevelt Road Flood Mitigation Base Geometry File : e:\documents\Hyde Park\2014\214701.29 Roosevelt Rd Drainage\Design\RooseveltRoadFloo.g01

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1 RS: 15065 INPUT Description: X-Sect. G Station Elevation Data num= 9 Elev Elev Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Sta Sta 100 230 133 159 0 235 218 139 225 220 382 220 415 221 503 225 618 230 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 100 .02 139 .02 0 .02 Right 139 Coeff Contr. Bank Sta: Left Lengths: Left Channel Right Expan. 1949 100 2103 1692 .1 .3 CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	222.68	Element	Left OB	Channel
Right OB Vel Head (ft) 0.020	0.05	Wt. n-Val.		0.020
W.S. Elev (ft) 1949.00	222.64	Reach Len. (ft)	2103.00	1692.00

	Roose	veltRoadFloo.rep		
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)		38.76
701.63 E.G. Slope (ft/ft) 701.63	0.000184	Area (sq ft)		38.76
Q Total (cfs) 1238.57	1300.00	Flow (cfs)		61.43
Top Width (ft) 302,53	319.26	Top Width (ft)		16.72
Vel Total (ft/s) 1.77	1.76	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		1.58
Max Chl Dpth (ft) 2,32	4.64	Hydr. Depth (ft)		2.32
Conv. Total (cfs) 91258.0	95784.3	Conv. (cfs)		4526.4
Length Wtd. (ft) 302.91	1808.17	Wetted Per. (ft)		19.67
Min Ch El (ft) 0.03	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.02
Alpha 0.00	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	618.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft) 30.35	0.64	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	173.28	208.46
C & E Loss (ft) 14.80	0.01	Cum SA (acres)	113.87	100.36

Warning: Divided flow computed for this cross-section. Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill RS: 13373 REACH: 1

INPUT Description: X-sect. F

Station El	-		num=	11					
Station En Sta 0 1099 1706	Elev 230 220 235	Sta 506.5 1218	Elev 231 221	586 586 1247	Elev 230 220	Sta 968 1435	Elev 225 225	Sta 1058 1670	Elev 218 230
Manning's Sta	n Values n Val	Sta	num= n Val	3 Sta	n Val				

0 .02 968 .02 1435 .02

	Right 1435	Lengths: Left Channel 1865 1964	Right 1820.5	Coeff Contr. .1	
--	---------------	------------------------------------	-----------------	--------------------	--

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	222.04	Element	Left OB	Channel
Right OB Vel Head (ft)	0.13	Wt. n-Val.		0.020
W.S. Elev (ft) 3574.50	221.91	Reach Len. (ft)	2204.00	3278.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft) Page 3		493.41

E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000834	Area (sq ft)		493.41
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)		1440.00
Top Width (ft)	310.85	Top Width (ft)		310.85
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.92	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.92
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	3.91	Hydr. Depth (ft)		1.59
Conv. Total (cfs)	49855.2	Conv. (cfs)		49855.2
Length Wtd. (ft)	3246.54	Wetted Per. (ft)		311.10
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.08
Alpha 0.00	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1706.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft) 14.66	0.71	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	173.28	198.12
C & E Loss (ft) 8.03	0.02	Cum SA (acres)	113.87	93.99

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1 RS: 11424 INPUT Description: Upstream X-Section of Northern Crossing Station Elevation Data num= 11 Elev Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Elev Sta Sta Sta 0 232 80 230 136 221 182 230 226 225 224 229 255 220 220 225 221 256 382 408 440 230 Manning's n Values num= 3 n Val n Val n Val Sta Sta Sta 0 .02 80 .02 182 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. **1**82 80 56 30 30 .1 .3 CULVERT . RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1 RS: 11409 INPUT Description: Box culvert on Roosevelt Road Distance from Upstream XS = 20 Deck/Roadway Width 21.3 = Weir Coefficient 2.6 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

0

num=

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data 11 Station Elevation Data num= Elev E]ev Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Sta Sta 232 80 230 182 230 226 225 136 221 0 229 224 255 220 256 221 382 220 408 225 440 230 Manning's n Values 3 num= Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 80 182 O .02 .02 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 182 .1 80 .3 Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates num= 0 Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data Station Elevation Data num= 10 Elev E]ev Elev Elev Elev Sta Sta Sta Sta Sta 229 221 221 0 92 138 230 178 225 184 224 201 220 210 338 220 364 225 395 230 Manning's n Values 3 num= n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta .02 0 138 n .02 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 138 0 .1 .3 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical Upstream Embankment side slope = Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = Elevation at which weir flow begins = .98 Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design = Weir crest shape = Broad Crested Number of Culverts = 1Culvert Name Rise Span Shape Culvert #1 BOX 4.17 18.6 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg. Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef .4 30 10.65 .011 .011 0 .6 Elevation = 221Upstream Centerline Station = 136 Downstream Elevation = 220.9Centerline Station = 92 CROSS SECTION RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1 RS: 11394 Page 5

INPUT Description: Down Stream Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 229 92 201 220 210		f Northern Ci 10 Sta Elev 138 230 338 220	Sta	Elev 225 225	Sta 184 395	Elev 224 230
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 0	num= n Val .02	3 Sta n Val 138 .02				
Bank Sta: Left Right 0 138		eft Channel 731 1284	Right 2062	Coeff C	ontr. .1	Expan. .3
CROSS SECTION						
RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1	RS: 10095					
INPUT Description: X-sect. E Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 230 59 260 216 270	num= 2 Elev 225 218	10 Sta Elev 118 220 341 220		Elev 218 225	Sta 180 408	Elev 216 230
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0.02 169	num= n Val .02	3 Sta n Val 270 .02				
Bank Sta: Left Right 169 270		eft Channel 9.5 1805.5	Right 959	Coeff C	ontr. .1	Expan. .3
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	ofile #PF 1					
E.G. Elev (ft)	221.30	Element		Lef	t OB	Channel
Right OB Vel Head (ft)	0.06	Wt. n-Val.		0.	020	0.020
0.020 W.S. Elev (ft)	221.24	Reach Len.	(ft)	4209	.50	1805.50
959.00 		Flow Area	(sq ft)	123	.51	508.55
163.35 E.G. slope (ft/ft)	0.000099	Area (sq f	t)	123	.51	508.55
163.35 Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)		139	.12	1102.59
198.29 Top width (ft)	244.26	Top Width	(ft)	65	.67	101.00
77.59 Vel Total (ft/s)	1.81	Avg. Vel.	(ft/s)	1	.13	2.17
1.21 Max Chl Dpth (ft)	5.24	Hydr. Dept	h (ft)	1	. 88	5.04
2.11 Conv. Total (cfs)	144601.8	Conv. (cfs)	1396	9.7	110720.2
19911.9 Length Wtd. (ft)	1872.31	Wetted Per	. (ft)	65	.76	101.38
77.73 Min Ch El (ft)	216.00	Shear (1b/	sq ft)	0	.01	0.03
0.01 Alpha	1.20	Stream Powe Page 6	er (lb/ft s	5) 408	.00	0.00

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep	
-----------------------	--

0.00	10030	ever choade 100.1 ep		
Frctn Loss (ft) 7.95	0.38	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	170.15	160.42
7.95 C & E Loss (ft) 4.85	0.00	Cum SA (acres)	112.21	78.50

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1		RS: 8289	. 5					
INPUT Description: X-se Station Elevation Sta Elev 0 230 2600.5 221 2740 219	ect. D n Data 1260 2632.5 3057	num= Elev 229 220 220	14 Sta 1300 2710 3091	Elev 229 219 225	Sta 2074 2720 3141.5	Elev 227.5 218 230	Sta 2372 2730	Elev 225 218
Manning's n Value Sta n Val 0 02	Sta	num= n Val .02	3 Sta 3057	n Val .02				
Bank Sta: Left	Right	Lengths:	Left Ch	annel	Right	Coeff	Contr.	Expan.

2632.5		498	.1	.3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft) Right OB	220.92	Element	Left OB	Channel
Vel Head (ft) 0.020	0.09	Wt. n-Val.	0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft) 1996.00	220.83	Reach Len. (ft)	3160.00	2645.50
Crit W.S. (ft) 2.35		Flow Area (sq ft)	11.04	599.93
E.G. Slope (ft/ft) 2.35	0.000646	Area (sq ft)	11.04	599.93
Q Total (cfs) 2.45	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	11.60	1425.95
Top Width (ft) 5.65	456.74	Top Width (ft)	26.59	424.50
vel Total (ft/s) 1.04	2.35	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	1.05	2.38
Max Chl Dpth (ft) 0.42	2,83	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.42	1.41
Conv. Total (cfs) 96.4	56675.9	Conv. (cfs)	456.7	56122.9
Length Wtd. (ft) 5.71	2775.86	Wetted Per. (ft)	26.60	424.61
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (1b/sq ft)	0.02	0.06
0.02 Alpha	1.02	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	3141.50	0.00
0.00 Frctn Loss (ft)	0.09	Cum Volume (acre-ft) Page 7	163.65	137.45
	Roosevelt	RoadFloo.rep		
--	---	---------------------------------------	-----------------------------	--------------
6.13 C & E Loss (ft) 3.93	0.03 Cum	SA (acres)	107.75	67.61
Warning: The conveyance r is less than 0.7 or great This may indica	er than 1.4.	onveyance divided additional cross		conveyance)
CROSS SECTION				
RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1	RS: 7792			
INPUT Description: Upstream X-S Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 230 1360	num= 9 Elev Sta 226 1586	Elev Sta 225 2146	216 2246	Elev 220
2287 218 2355 Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 1586	218 2415 num= 3 n Val Sta .02 2246	220 2522 n Val .02	225	
Bank Sta: Left Right 1586 2246	Lengths: Left C 30	hannel Right 30 36	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. .3
CULVERT				
RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1	RS: 7777			
INPUT Description: Distance from Upstream XS Deck/Roadway Width Weir Coefficient Upstream Deck/Roadway Co num= 0	= 10 = 2.6			
Upstream Bridge Cross Sec Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 230 1360 2287 218 2355	tion Data num= 9 Elev Sta 226 1586 218 2415	Elev Sta 225 2146 220 2522	Elev Sta 216 2246 225	Elev 220
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 1586	num= 3 n Val Sta .02 2246	n Val .02		
Bank Sta: Left Right 1586 2246	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. .3		
Downstream Deck/Roadway num= 0	Coordinates			
Downstroom Pridao Cross 9	action Data			

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep Station Elevation Data num= 9 Sta Elev Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Elev Sta Sta 2146 230 1385 1578 225 216 2238 0 226 220 2282 218 2361 218 2412 220 2502 225 Manning's n Values 3 num= Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 1578 0 .02 .02 2238 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 1578 2238 .1 .3 Upstream Embankment side slope 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = Downstream Embankment side slope 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98 Elevation at which weir flow begins = Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design = Weir crest shape = Broad Crested Number of Culverts = 1 Culvert Name Shape Rise Span Culvert #1 Box 2.3 16 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg. Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef 30 10.65 0 .011 .011 .4 .6 Upstream Elevation = 216Centerline Station = 2146 Downstream Elevation = 215.9Centerline Station = 2146 CROSS SECTION RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1 RS: 7762 INPUT Description: Down Stream X-Section of Southern Crossing 9 Station Elevation Data num= Elev Elev Sta Sta Sta Elev Elev Sta Elev Sta 230 218 1385 226 1578 225 2146 216 2238 220 0 218 2282 2361 2412 220 2502 225 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta Sta n Val n Val Sta n Val 1578 2238 0 .02 .02 .02 Lengths: Left Channel Coeff Contr. Bank Sta: Left Right Right Expan. 2238 2540 1469 .1 1578 2118 .3 CULVERT RIVER: Fallkill RS: 6500 REACH: 1

INPUT

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep Description: test 20 Distance from Upstream XS = Deck/Roadway Width 22 2.6 Weir Coefficient = Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates 0 num= Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data Station Elevation Data num= 9 Sta Elev Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Sta 2146 230 1578 1385 2238 0 226 225 216 218 2282 2361 218 220 225 2412 2502 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta Sta n Val n Val Sta n Val 0 .02 1578 2238 .02 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 1578 2238 .1 .3 Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates 0 num= Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data Station Elevation Data num= 15Sta Elev Sta Elev Elev Elev Sta Sta Sta 230 55 227.5 226.5 412 220 1650 0 225 216 1736.5 1844 216 1900 218 1956 220 2016 2075 230 2231 2307.5 2161 235 240 2273.5 245 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta Sta n Val n val Sta n Val .02 1650 1900 0 .02 .02 Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 1650 1900 .1 .3 Upstream Embankment side slope 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = Downstream Embankment side slope 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical = Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98 Elevation at which weir flow begins Energy head used in spillway design = Spillway height used in design = weir crest shape = Broad Crested Number of Culverts = 1Culvert Name Shape Rise Span Culvert #1 Box 6 12 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg. Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Exit Loss Coef 1262 20 .011 .011 0 .04 1 Upstream Elevation = 216Centerline Station = 2000 Downstream Elevation = 215Centerline Station = 1800

Elev

Elev

218

225

250

220

Page 10

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill RS: 5644 REACH: 1 INPUT Description: X-sect. C Station Elevation Data num= 15 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev 55 226.5 230 227.5 225 412 220 1650 218 0 1736.5 216 1844 1900 1956 225 216 218 220 2016 2075 230 2161 235 2231 240 2273.5 245 2307.5 250 Manning's n Values num= 3 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val 0 1650 .02 1900 .02 .02 Right 1900 Bank Sta: Left Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan. 1650 2188.5 2743 3053 .1 .3 CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 220.81 Left OB Channe] E.G. Elev (ft) Element Right OB vel Head (ft) Wt. n-Val. 0.020 0.020 0.00 0.020 220.80 Reach Len. (ft) 2188.50 2743.00 W.S. Elev (ft) 3053.00 Crit W.S. (ft) Flow Area (sq ft) 2244.09 1058.25 104.84 0.000010 1058.25 E.G. Slope (ft/ft) Area (sq ft) 2244.09 104.84 Q Total (cfs) 1440.00 Flow (cfs) 763.21 643.52 33.27 Top Width (ft) 1583.43 Top Width (ft) 1267.79 250.00 65.64 Vel Total (ft/s) 0.42 Avg. Vel. (ft/s) 0.34 0.61 0.32 Max Chl Dpth (ft) 4.80 Hydr. Depth (ft) 1.77 4.23 1.60 460310.3 243966.3 205708.5 Conv. Total (cfs) Conv. (cfs) 10635.5 Length Wtd. (ft) 2485.99 Wetted Per. (ft) 1267.80 250.06 65.71 Min Ch El (ft) 216.00 Shear (lb/sq ft) 0.00 0.00 0.00 Alpha 1.28 Stream Power (lb/ft s) 2307.50 0.00 0.00 Cum Volume (acre-ft) Frctn Loss (ft) 0.07 81.86 87.10 3.67 C & E LOSS (ft) 0.00 Cum SA (acres) 60.80 47.13 2.30

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4.

This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep

RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1	RS: 2901			
INPUT Description: X-sect. B Station Elevation Data Sta Elev Sta 0 225 150 356 230 537 871 219 1029 1779.5 220 1790	Elev 225 230 60 220 120	L9 Sta Elev Sta 195 224 240 07.5 226 641 54.5 221 1517 L826 225 1858.5	Elev Sta 224 262 225 728.5 220 1631 230	Elev 225 220 218
Manning's n Values Sta n Val Sta 0 .02 1264.5		3 Sta n Val L790 .02		
Bank Sta: Left Right 1264.5 1790 Ineffective Flow num= Sta L Sta R Elev 0 537 230 1858.5 1858.5 230	= 31 = 2	eft Channel Right L17 2901 2655	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. .3
CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Pro	ofile #PF 1			
E.G. Elev (ft)	220.73	Element	Left OB	Channel
Right OB Vel Head (ft)	0.04	Wt. n-Val.	0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft) 2655.00	220.69	Reach Len. (ft)	3117.00	2901.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	219.85	Flow Area (sq ft)	418.45	506.82
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000427	Area (sq ft)		
		Alea (Sy IC)	418.45	506.82
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	418.45 590.26	506.82 849.74
Q Total (cfs) Top Width (ft)	1440.00 919.72	-		
		Flow (cfs)	590.26	849.74
Top Width (ft)	919.72	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft)	590.26 475.40	849.74 444.32
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s)	919.72 1.56	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	590.26 475.40 1.41	849.74 444.32 1.68
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft)	919.72 1.56 2.69	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft)	590.26 475.40 1.41 0.88	849.74 444.32 1.68 1.14
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs)	919.72 1.56 2.69 69655.7	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs)	590.26 475.40 1.41 0.88 28552.3	849.74 444.32 1.68 1.14 41103.5
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft) Alpha	919.72 1.56 2.69 69655.7 2942.13	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft)	590.26 475.40 1.41 0.88 28552.3 475.43 0.02	849.74 444.32 1.68 1.14 41103.5 444.38
Top Width (ft) Vel Total (ft/s) Max Chl Dpth (ft) Conv. Total (cfs) Length Wtd. (ft) Min Ch El (ft)	919.72 1.56 2.69 69655.7 2942.13 218.00	Flow (cfs) Top Width (ft) Avg. Vel. (ft/s) Hydr. Depth (ft) Conv. (cfs) Wetted Per. (ft) Shear (lb/sq ft)	590.26 475.40 1.41 0.88 28552.3 475.43 0.02	849.74 444.32 1.68 1.14 41103.5 444.38 0.03

Warning: Divided flow computed for this cross-section. Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the Page 12

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep need for additional cross sections. Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, energy was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Fallkill REACH: 1

TNPUT

INPUT									
Descriptio	n: X-see	ct. A							
Station El			num==	16					
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	230	35	225	70.5	220	524	220	555	225
580	230	592	232	620	230	687.5	225	715.5	223
761	220	824.5	217	1070	217	1098.5	220	1124	225
1151	230								

Manning's n V	alues	num=	3	
Sta n'	Val Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.02 761	.02	1098.5	.02

RS: 0

Bank Sta:	Left 761	Right 1098.5	Lengths:	Left 2000	Channel 2000	Right 2000	Coeff Contr. .1	Expan. .3
Ineffectiv	/e Flo	w num≕	2					
Sta L	Sta	R Elev	Permanent					
0	62	0 230	F					
1151	115	1 230	F					

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	219.36	Element	Left OB	Channel
Right OB Vel Head (ft)	0.11	Wt. n-Val.		0.020
W.S. Elev (ft)	219.25	Reach Len. (ft)		
Crit W.S. (ft)	218.10	Flow Area (sq ft)		629.03
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000501	Area (sq ft)		629.03
Q Total (cfs)	1660.00	Flow (cfs)		1660.00
Top Width (ft)	314.41	Top Width (ft)		314.41
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.64	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.64
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	2.25	Hydr. Depth (ft)		2.00
Conv. Total (cfs)	74175.8	Conv. (cfs)		74175.8
Length Wtd. (ft)		Wetted Per. (ft)		314.58
Min Ch El (ft)	217.00	shear (lb/sq ft)		0.06
Alpha 0.00	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1151.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)		
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)		
		Daga 12		

Page 13

RooseveltRoadFloo.rep

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, energy was used.

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

River:Fallkill

Reach	River Sta.	n1	n2	n3
1	15065	.02	.02	.02
1	13373	.02	.02	.02
1.	11424	.02	. 02	.02
1	11409	Culvert		
1	11394	.02	.02	.02
1	10095	.02	.02	.02
1	8289.5	.02	.02	.02
1	7792	.02	.02	.02
1	7777	Culvert		
1	7762	.02	.02	.02
1	6500	Culvert		
1	5644	.02	.02	.02
1	2901	.02	.02	. 02
1	0	. 02	.02	.02

SUMMARY OF REACH LENGTHS

River: Fallkill

Reach	River Sta.	Left	Channel	Right
1	15065	2103	1692	1949
1	13373	1865	1964	1820.5
1	11424	56	30	30
1.	11409	Culvert		
1	11394	731	1284	2062
1	10095	4209.5	1805.5	959
1	8289.5	761	498	607
1	7792	30	30	36
1	7777	Culvert		
1	7762	2540	2118	1469
1	6500	Culvert		
1	5644	2188.5	2743	3053
1	2901	3117	2901	2655
1	$\overline{0}$	2000	2000	2000

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION COEFFICIENTS River: Fallkill

Reach	River Sta.	Contr.	Expan.
1	15065	.1 Page 1	.3 14

	RooseveltRoadF	loo.rep
13373	.1	.3
11424	.1	.3
11409	Culvert	
11394	.1	.3
10095	.1	.3
8289.5	.1	.3
7792	.1	.3
7777	Culvert	
7762	.1	.3
6500	Culvert	
5644	.1	.3
2901	.1	.3
0	.1	.3



HEC-RAS Plan: Plan 01 River: Fallkill Reach: 1 Profile: PF 1

Reach River Sta Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chi
	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq fl)	(ft)	
1 15065 PF 1	1300.00	218.00			222.68	0.000184	1.58	740.39	319.26	0.18
1 13373 PF 1	1440.00	218.00	221.91		222.04	0.000834	2.92	493.41	310.85	0.41
1 10095 PF 1	1440.00	216,00	221.24		221.30	0.000099	2.17	795.42	244.26	0.17
1 6289.5 PF 1	1440.00	218.00	220.83		220.92	0,000646	2.38	613.32	456.74	0.35
1 5644 PE 1	1440.00	216.00	220,80		220.81	0.000010	0.61	3407.18	1583.43	0.05
1 2901 PF 1	1440.00	218,00	220.69	219.85	220.73	0.000427	1.68	925.26	919.72	0.28
1 0 PF 1	1660.00	217.00	219.25	218.10	219.36	0.000501	2.64	629.03	314.41	0.33

•

E.G. Elev (ft)	222.68	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.05	Wt. n-Val.		0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft)	222.64	Reach Len. (ft)	2103.00	1692.00	1949.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)		38.76	701.63
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000184	Area (sq ft)		38.76	701.63
Q Total (cfs)	1300.00	Flow (cfs)		61.43	1238.57
Top Width (ft)	319.26	Top Width (ft)		16.72	302.53
Vel Total (ft/s)	1.76	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		1.58	1.77
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	4.64	Hydr. Depth (ft)		2.32	2.32
Conv. Total (cfs)	95784.3	Conv. (cfs)		4526.4	91258.0
Length Wtd. (ft)	1808.17	Wetted Per. (ft)	1000000 The Add	19.67	302.91
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)	ĺ	0.02	0.03
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	618.00	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.64	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	173.28	208.46	30.35
C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	Cum SA (acres)	113.87	100.36	14.80

Plan: Plan 01 Fallkill 1 RS: 15065 Profile: PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	222.04	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.13	Wt. n-Val.		0.020	
W.S. Elev (ft)	221.91	Reach Len. (ft)	2204.00	3278.00	3574.50
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)		493.41	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000834	Area (sq ft)		493.41	
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)		1440.00	
Top Width (ft)	310.85	Top Width (ft)		310.85	
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.92	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.92	
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	3.91	Hydr. Depth (ft)		1.59	
Conv. Total (cfs)	49855.2	Conv. (cfs)		49855.2	
Length Wtd. (ft)	3246.54	Wetted Per. (ft)		311.10	
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.08	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1706.00	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.71	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	173.28	198.12	14.66
C & E Loss (ft)	0.02	Cum SA (acres)	113.87	93.99	8.03

Plan: Plan 01 Fallkill 1 RS: 10095 Profile: PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	221.30	Element	Left OB	СһаплеІ	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.06	Wt. n-Val.	0.020	0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft)	221.24	Reach Len. (ft)	4209.50	1805.50	959.00
Crit W.S. (ff)		Flow Area (sq ft)	123.51	508.55	163.35
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000099	Area (sq ft)	123.51	508.55	163.35
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	139.12	1102.59	198.29
Top Width (ft)	244.26	Top Width (ft)	65.67	101.00	77.59
Vel Total (ft/s)	1.81	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	1.13	2.17	1.21
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	5.24	Hydr. Depth (ft)	1.88	5.04	2.11
Conv. Total (cfs)	144601.8	Conv. (cfs)	13969.7	110720.2	19911.9
Length Wtd. (ft)	1872.31	Wetted Per. (ft)	65.76	101.38	77.73
Min Ch El (ft)	216.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.01	0.03	0.01
Alpha	1.20	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	408.00	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.38	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	170.15	160.42	7.95
C & E Loss (ft)	0.00	Cum SA (acres)	112.21	78.50	4.85

Plan: Plan 01	Fallkill	1	RS: 8289.5	Profile: PF 1	

E.G. Elev (ft)	220.92	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.09	Wt. n-Val.	0.020	0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft)	220.83	Reach Len. (ft)	3160.00	2645.50	1996.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	11.04	599.93	2.35
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000646	Area (sq ft)	11.04	599.93	2.35
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	11.60	1425.95	2.45
Top Width (ft)	456.74	Top Width (ft)	26.59	424.50	5.65
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.35	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	1.05	2.38	1.04
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	2.83	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.42	1.41	0.42
Conv. Total (cfs)	56675.9	Conv. (cfs)	456.7	56122.9	96.4
Length Wtd. (ft)	2775.86	Wetted Per. (ft)	26.60	424.61	5.71
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.02	0.06	0.02
Alpha	1.02	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	3141.50	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.09	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	163.65	137.45	6.13
C & E Loss (ft)	0.03	Cum SA (acres)	107.75	67.61	3.93

Plan: Plan 01 Fallkill 1 RS: 5644 Profile: PF 1

E.G. Elev (ft)	220.81	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.00	Wt. n-Val,	0.020	0.020	0.020
W.S. Elev (ft)	220.80	Reach Len. (ff)	2188.50	2743.00	3053.00
Crit W.S. (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	2244.09	1058.25	104.84
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000010	Area (sq ft)	2244.09	1058.25	104.84
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	763.21	643.52	33.27
Top Width (ft)	1583.43	Top Width (ft)	1267.79	250.00	65.64
Vel Total (ft/s)	0.42	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	0.34	0.61	0.32
Max Chl Dpth (ft)	4.80	Hydr. Depth (ft)	1.77	4.23	1.60
Conv. Total (cfs)	460310.3	Conv. (cfs)	243966.3	205708.5	10635.5
Length Wtd. (ft)	2485.99	Wetted Per. (ft)	1267.80	250.06	65.71
Min Ch El (ft)	216.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Alpha	1.28	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	2307.50	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	0.07	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	81.86	87.10	3.67
C & E Loss (ft)	0.00	Cum SA (acres)	60.80	47.13	2.30

Plan: Plan 01 Fallkill	1 RS: 2901	Profile: PF 1			
E.G. Elev (ft)	220.73	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.04	Wt. n-Val.	0.020	0.020	
W.S. Elev (ft)	220.69	Reach Len. (ft)	3117.00	2901.00	2655.00
Crit W.S. (ft)	219.85	Flow Area (sq ft)	418.45	506.82	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000427	Area (sq ft)	418.45	506.82	
Q Total (cfs)	1440.00	Flow (cfs)	590.26	849.74	
Top Width (ft)	919.72	Top Width (ft)	475.40	444.32	
Vel Total (ft/s)	1.56	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	1.41	1.68	
Max Chi Dpth (ft)	2.69	Hydr. Depth (ft)	0.88	1.14	
Conv. Total (cfs)	69655.7	Conv. (cfs)	28552.3	41103.5	
Length Wtd. (ft)	2942.13	Wetted Per. (ft)	475.43	444.38	
Min Ch El (ft)	218.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)	0.02	0.03	
Alpha	1.02	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1858.50	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)	1.37	Cum Volume (acre-ft)	14.97	37.82	
C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	Cum SA (acres)	17.01	25.26	

E.G. Elev (ft)	219.36	Element	Left OB	Channel	Right OB
Vel Head (ft)	0.11	Wt. n-Val,		0.020	
W.S. Elev (ft)	219.25	Reach Len. (ft)			
Crit W.S. (ft)	218.10	Flow Area (sq ft)		629.03	
E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	0.000501	Area (sq ft)		629.03	
Q Total (cfs)	1660.00	Flow (cfs)		1660.00	
Top Width (ft)	314.41	Top Width (ft)		314.41	
Vel Total (ft/s)	2.64	Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		2.64	
Max Chi Dpth (ft)	2.25	Hydr. Depth (ft)		2.00	
Conv. Total (cfs)	74175.8	Conv. (cfs)		74175.8	
Length Wtd. (ft)		Wetted Per. (ft)		314.58	
Min Ch El (ft)	217.00	Shear (lb/sq ft)		0.06	
Alpha	1.00	Stream Power (lb/ft s)	1151.00	0.00	0.00
Frctn Loss (ft)		Cum Volume (acre-ft)			
C & E Loss (ft)		Cum SA (acres)			



..













....







